THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 10, NUMBER 45. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. SEPT. 25. 1891. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

JUST OPENED,

AT

DAY'S,

400 Pairs Douglas $3.00 Shoes,

In All styles, for MEN.

200 Pairs Douglas Tap Sole,

Extra width Shoes. This Shoe comes in 7 widths, and is the Most Serviceable Shoe on the market.

400 Pairs Douglas $2.00 Shoes

In Lace and Congress, the Best Shoe for the money in the world.

$1.50!

ASK TO SEE OUR $1.50 SHOE FOR MEN.

It will Surprise You. Good Style, Good Wear, and Good Fitting.

Our Stock of Shoes, at Popular Prices, is very Complete, and New Goods are Arriving Every Day.

GEO. N. DAY,
SLEEPER BLOCK.

J. R. SMITH,

GEN'L AGENT

Real Estate, Loans, Rents & COLLECTIONS.

Agent for the Minnesota Savings Fund & Investment Co., and the National Building Loan & Protective Union. Taxes Paid, Interest collected for non-residents· Correspondence solicited.

Office Room 4, Sleeper Block, Brainerd, Minnesota.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

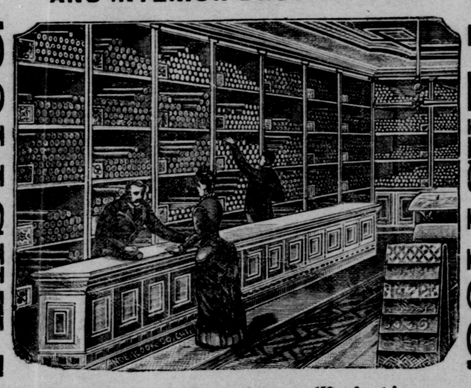
Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

J. C. CONGDON.

WALL PAPER!

AND INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

PLASTICO. PLASTICO.



House and Carriage Painting.

Glass, Wood, and Enamelled Letters. Canvas Signs, Black-Board Slating a Specialty,

One Door East of the Arlington. - Brainerd, Minn.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

A MILLION dollar bank robbery has been reported from England.

THE recent state fair was a success financially, clearing about $8,000 over and above all expenses.

W. L. SCOTT, the several times millionaire congressman of democratic persuasion, from Pennsylvania, died of heart disease on Monday.

THE Scandinavian Mission Christian Church, of Little Falls, has incorporated under the laws of Minnesota, and has filed its articles of incorporation.

A JOINT debate has been arranged between Maj. McKinley and Governor Campbell in Ohio. Campbell will wish he hadn't before the thing is through with.

BLAINE for president, and Knute Nelson for governor, is a ticket that would roll up such a republican majority next fall as Minnesota has not had since the war.

THE Wadena County Pioneer has been sold by Mr. Reynolds to C. C. Eastman, of Anoka, and W. H. Workman has disposed of his Little Falls Herald to Haines, Stone & Pope, of Wabasha.

PRESIDENT BALMACEDA, of Chilli, has committed suicide. He preferred to die in this way rather than by the halter route, which would unboubtedly have been his fate had his enemies captured him.

WE hope the next republican convention in this district will not attempt to straddle the fence on the tariff issue, but will adopt ringing resolutions calling for the protection of American industries.

Sizes Them Up Right.

A very grave charge is brought against Redfield Proctor by a democratic exchange that he writes bad English; but even at that he has a good deal of a "bulge" on the democratic party, a majority of whose members cannot write at all.—Pioneer Press.

The Brake Chain Broke.

Ann Dupuis, administratrix, has sued the Northern Pacific Railway for $25,000 damages for the death of Albert Dupuis. Decedent was a brakeman, and near Gallatin, Mont., was hurled from the top of a freight car and killed, while attempting to set a brake. The brake chain broke under the strain.

Financial Note.

As a result of the McKinley bill:
Balloons are going up.
Elevators are rising.
So is the sun.
Fruit is falling (to the ground.)
Coffee is settling.
Neckties continue to crawl up.
Rain persists in falling.
Opium is as much of a drug as ever.
—Boston Traveler.

The Response of a Great Journalist.

I am a protectionist to the degree that I am. because free trade is an ideal impracticability. We must raise about $1,000,000 a day by duties and should levy them to protect American industries. This means that we shall make foreigners pay for getting into our market.

The McKinley law has been more misrepresented than anything I have known since we fought the slave power for the freedom of the territories.

The policy of the democratic party is colonial. If we pursue it, the Revolutionary war and our achievements of independence were mistakes.

The best expression of democratic doctrine is in the confederate constitution. If it was worth while to conquer the Southern Confederacy, it was so upon the condition that the democratic party should not come into possession of the country.

The McKinley tariff law has three great distinguished merits:

1. The largest free list we have ever known, including free sugar.
2. A square effort to apply duties to protection.
3. The provision for reciprocity.

The corner-stone for the structure, free sugar. The edifice is protection. The crown of it is reciprocity.

The people of Ohio will not work to restore the duties on sugar, to guarantee the tin plate industry to Wales, and to destroy the treaties with Brazil and Spain.

Restore the duties on sugar and the treaties must go. An assault upon the sugar bounties means the same thing.

A vote for the democratic ticket in Ohio this fall will be a vote for hard times—a vote to put the nation on the back track.

MURAT HALSTEAD.

Weather Signals.

It is expected that the new weather signal flags will arrive next week and the service begin. The flags will be displayed from the staff at the hose house. A square white flag means clear or fair weather; the blue flag indicates rain or snow; the white and blue flag (parallel bars of white and blue) indicates that local rains or showers will occur and that the rainfall will not be general; the white flag with black square in center indicates the approach of a sudden and decided fall in the temperature—a cold wave. The black triangular flag always refers to temperature. When displayed above either of the other flags it means warmer weather; when placed below another flag it indicates colder weather; when not displayed at all the indications are that the temperature will remain stationary.

[First publication Aug. 21.]
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Aug. 18th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on October 7, 1891, viz:

THOMAS THOMPSON,

H. E. No. 13971, for the NE¼ NE¼ and Lots 1 and 2, Sec. 20, Twp. 134, R. 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Jens Peterson, Jacob Sorenson, Louis Nelson, of Brainerd, Minn., H. P. Downs, of Gull River, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Sept. 18, 1891.
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 15th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given, that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Oct. 24th, 1891, viz:

SAMUEL G. HARRIS,

H. E. No. 12859, for the SE¼, Sec. 24, T. 43, R. 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Charles P. Ainsworth, Marcellas Hatton, Martin King, of Ft. Ripley, Crow Wing County, Minn., and Morgan F. Driver, of Brainerd, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Aug. 28.)
MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in March, A. D. 1889, in the sum of Two and 50-100 Dollars, ($2.50), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgage pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Name of mortgagors: Mary J. Shontell and Benjamin Shontell, husband and wife.

Name of mortgagee: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the State of Minnesota.

Date of mortgage: August 1st, A. D. 1888.

Date when and where recorded: August 24th, 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book 1 of mortgages, on page 1.

Amount of taxes paid by mortgagee, $89.59.

Amount of insurance paid by mortgagee, $55.30.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Four hundred and seventy-four and 83-100 Dollars. ($474.83).

Description of mortgaged premises:

The east half (½) of the Southwest quarter (¼), of Section Two (2), Township Forty-four (44), Range Thirty-one (31).

Time of sale: October 10th, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated August 24th, A. D. 1891.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY, Successor to National Building Loan and Protective Union, Mortgagee,
GEORGE D. EMERY,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

WM. DRESSKELL,

Watchmaker and

JEWELER,

FRONT STREET, BRAINERD.

Watch Repairing a Specialty.

Professional Cards.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 11, Bank Block,
BRAINERD..... MINN.

W. A. FLEMING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office next door to post-office.
BRAINERD - - - MINN.

Werner Hemstead, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
Cr. Front and 7th Streets, Brainerd.

Council Proceedings.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, and the following aldermen answered roll call: Titze, Towers, McMurtie, Johnson, Ferris, Fogelstrom, and Williamson, Barber, Bain and Lagerquist came in later.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved as read, except that part of the proceedings which alluded to a motion made by Ald. Towers, to not use the old lumber taken from the northeast Brainerd bridge in fixing the Southeast Brainerd bridge on 1st avenue, which was ordered stricken from the records of the council proceedings of Sept. 7th, 1891.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

J. J. Howe & Co.	$318 99
The Brainerd Tribune	11 18
Lusk, Bunn & Hadley	408 13
C. L. Spaulding	67 50
C. Millspaugh	69 56
A. J. Demeules	9 55

The pay roll of the street employes for August was laid over until the next meeting of the council. The note and interest due Oct. 15th, on the East Brainerd hose house, was referred to the finance committee. The police committee recommended that the bill of J. R. McDonough for $50, be not allowed. On motion duly made and carried, the fire committee was instructed to have all the old hose in the city repaired. On motion made it was ordered that all work done on streets, sidewalks, etc., be done under the supervision of the street committee. Motion was made that the report of the commissioners appointed to appraise benefits and damages for a road from Willow street to Seventh street to the fair grounds, was accepted and placed on file, and commissioners ordered to go ahead and appraise damages as instructed in resolution made by the council Aug. 17th, 1891.

The report of the special committee on the official conduct of Chief of Police Barron and City Clerk Murphy were read and accepted. On motion the matter of fixing Sleeper's lots was referred to the street committee, to report at the next meeting. The liquor license bonds of Henry Moberg and Chas. Moberg, Robert Nelson, Nels Peterson and G. W. Stratton were approved and license granted. On motion the resignation of the street commissioner was laid over until he makes his report to the council.

Council adjourned.

A fresh line of Full Cream, Brick, Swiss and Limberger Cheese just opened at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market.

QUEER CUSTOMS OF BRAZIL.

Peculiarities of Funerals and Weddings —The Porterage Business.

There are many curious customs observed by the Brazilians. Funerals are notable in that for a young unmarried lady coffin, the hearse, and livery of the driver must be bright scarlet the four white horses drawing the hearse must be covered with scarlet nets, and scarlet plumes must deck the horses' heads. No women go to the cemeteries. The mother, or thewidow, must not exhibit her grief in public.

For the swell funeral of a young girl the coffin, hearse, livery of the driver and nets and plumes for the horses must be royal purple. For elderly persons black and gold are the adornments of mortuary trappings.

At weddings the bride does not wear orange blossoms, but orange flowers are presented by the groom and his bride to their unmarried acquainances. The custom has a hidden meaning dating back to the twilight of man's history. The flower is an emblem of fecundity and the "passing on" of the gift signifies "Go thou and do likewise."

The calling of porters—the business of porterage—is a regular one, and is divided into clases. There are porters whose speciality is handling pianos—delivering. transferring them. You never see a piano on a truck or in a furniture van. Four men bear upright pianos on their heads, and square and grand pianos are carried in slings suspended from two poles, resting on the shoulders of four men.

Iron safes are transported by porters, delivered from the warehouses, moved from one place to another and put in position—all by sheer strength.

If you buy anything—furniture, a piano, a safe—the purchaser must bargain with the porters for the delivery. And if you do not make your bargain to carry and put in position the porters will leave the articles at your door, unless you agree to pay additional for placing them in your house or rooms.

A Cure for Sea-Sickness.

Many people hold the opinion that sea-sickness as well as dizziness on land is caused by the sight first. This idea has evidently obtained favor in Vienna, where a learned German has invented a pair of glasses which he thinks will obviate these troubles.

According to the description recently given of them in a German paper, they resemble opera glasses in appearance, but are to be made of papier mache or some very light substance, and bound about the head of the victim to nausea or dizziness with an elastic strap.

The under side of these glasses is much longer than the upper, and they are darkened in such a way that no disturbing rays can reach the wearer's vision.

The inventor does not claim for these articles that they are beautiful, and indeed it seems doubtful whether the sight of them worn by a number of fellow-passengers would not have a most depressing effect on such unfortunates as did not possess them.

Definitions.

Pupils who learn "by ear," without thought as to the meaning of things, contrive to afford a good deal of amusement to their teachers. Recently a teacher in an Eastern grammar school asked one of her boys:

"What is the meaning of 'topaz'?"

"A topaz," said the boy, "is where the mules walk when they're drawing a canal-boat."

This was not so bad as another blunder, made not long afterward, in the same school.

"Define 'halo,'" said the teacher, to a girl in the class.

"A halo," answered the pupil, "is a kind of rope that the cowboys use out West to catch cattle with."

Shooting the Rapids.

Arab boys are expert swimmers, and like boys in general, are fond of displaying their skill before strangers, if only they are rewarded by some small coin. Mr. Eden tells how they shoot the rapids of the Nile.

Seating themselves astride a log of wood about six feet long, and buoyant enough to support them waist high out of the water, they ride it with the seat and gestures of a jockey, and with hands and feet keep it straight with the line of the current.

The fall is shot with an ease and grace that does away with the sense of danger one would expect to feel at seeing a man hurried along amid such a boil and turmoil of waters; but once at the bottom they have a hard struggle to induce their horses to turn out of the course.

To do this they avail themselves of the impetus acquired by the log in its shoot, and throwing themselves full length upon it, they seem, with a sudden stroke from the left leg and arm, to drive it and themselves out of the current.

To fall in this would be dangerous even to Arab swimmers. Immediately below lie the ugly rocks, on which the heavy stream breaks with fearful violence.

A Noted Tiger.

A tigress in the Nagpur district has a fondness for the employes of the Bengal-Nagpur railway, frequents a tract of country only about nine square miles in area, and is possessed of extraordinary cunning and sagacity. This year, up to June, she had killed seven people besides wounding others. She lives in a rocky and precipitous spur, in which there is a heavy bamboo and other jungle. Several springs of water rise at the foot of the scarps and there is a cave which shows many signs of being used by her and her family. A big stone just outside of the entrance is scored deep and long by many scratches of their claws. In February last in broad daylight she carried of one off the gang of permanent way men from under the eyes of his companions. She has seen shot many times and her cubs killed but she has got off scratchless. Sometimes the man-eater traverses very long distances.

Clean a Lamp.

To give a brilliant white light, a lamp needs a thorough cleaning every little while. The oil should be poured out of the fount, leaving no dregs on the bottom. The fount should then be washed in strong soapsuds, rinsed in warm water, and dried. It should then be filled with fresh oil. The burner should be boiled in soda and water until the net work that crosses it is freed from dirt and dust. If the wick has become clogged with the sediment, replace it with a new one

IT PAYS

To be cautious in the choice of medicines. Many are injured by trying experiments with compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, the principal recommendation of which would seem to be their "cheapness." Being made up of worthless, though not always harmless, ingredients, they may well be "cheap;" but, in the end, they are dear. The most reliable medicines are costly, and can be retailed at moderate prices, only when the manufacturing chemist handles the raw materials in large quantities. It is economy, therefore,

To Use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the valuable components of which are imported, wholesale, by the J. C. Ayer Co. from the regions where these articles are richest in medicinal properties.

"It is a wonder to me that any other than Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a show in the market. If people consulted their own interest, they would never use any other; for it is not only the best, but, on account of its concentrated strength and purity, it is the most economical."—James F. Duffy, Druggist, Washington st., Providence, R. I.

Dr. A. L. Almond, Druggist, Liberty, Va., writes: "Leading physicians in this city prescribe

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla. I have sold it for eighteen years, and have the highest regard for its healing qualities."

"Although the formula is known to the trade, there can be no successful imitation of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Without having the enormous facilities of the J. C. Ayer Co., it is impossible for other parties to put together such valuable ingredients, at the low cost of Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

It stands at the head of all similar preparations."—Mark A. Jones, 50 years a druggist, 60 Cambridge st., E. Cambridge, Mass.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you

NORTHERN PACIFIC

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Grafton, Grand Forks, Crookston, Fargo, Wahpeton, Fergus Falls, Brainerd,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

The Dining Car Line

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points in the Red River Valley and the Park Region of Minnesota, and

St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Pacific Coast Trains.

Passing through Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, & Washington

Carry Complete Equipment of

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, First and Second-class Coaches, Pullman Tourist and Free Colonist Sleepers,

And Elegant Dining Cars.

THROUGH TICKETS Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to Agent of Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
General Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN

(Sept. 4th, 1891.)
MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Mahan and Mary E. Mahan, his wife, of the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, unto the Minnesota Saving Fund & Investment Company, a corporation, duly organized, and acting under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, which mortgage was dated and delivered on the first day of October, 1889, and was on the 4th day of November, 1889, at 5 o'clock p. m., duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, in said State of Minnesota, and was afterward duly recorded in book K of mortgages, at page 12.

And whereas, there is due and is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, the sum of Six Hundred and Sixty-eight Dollars, ($668.00), no part of which has been paid, and no proceedings have been instituted either at law or in equity to recover the same.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and according to the statute in such case provided, the premises in said mortgage conveyed, and hereafter described, will be sold at auction to the highest bidder, by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, on Saturday, the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the District Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, together with the sum of Fifty (50) Dollars attorney's fees, and the costs and expenses of such sale, as provided in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and allowed by law.

The premises conveyed by said mortgage, and to be sold as aforesaid, are known and described as "Lot Fifteen (15), and the South Eighty (80) feet of Lot Sixteen (16), of Block Fifty-two (52), of the Town (now city) of Brainerd, according to the plat thereof now on file or of record in the office of the said Register of Deeds.

MINNESOTA SAVING FUND & INVESTMENT CO., Mortgagee.

CHAS. W. PURPLE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Dated Minneapolis, Minn., September 4th, 1891.

(First publication Aug. 21.)
SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss.

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

Harry C. Veazie, Plaintiff,

vs.

Magdalena Robinson, formerly Magdalena Schwartz, C. F. Kindred, J. D. Ensign, D. G. Cash, The Central Trust Company of New York, Marietta A. Whiteley, R. K. Whiteley, Samuel Walker, J. N. True, The Lake Superior & Puget Sound Company, H. Spalding, D. E. Sipp, J. J. Howe, S. W. Farnham, The First National Bank of Brainerd, Ambrose Tighe, J. W. Fence, Charles P. Barker, C. McC. Reeve, T. J. Buxton, James M. Richardson, and J. W. Johnson, and The Northern Pacific Railroad Company, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, in the City of Brainerd, in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office in said city, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated August 18th, 1891.

LEON E. LUM,
Plaintiff's Atty,
Brainerd, Minn.

The summons in this action is issued upon a complaint for the foreclosure of a mortgage given by Magdalena Schwartz and husband, to Julia C. Veazie, recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County, on November 28th, 1882, in Book A of Mortgage, on Pages 444 and 445, and a mortgage between the same parties recorded in said Registry of Deeds, in Book B of Mortgages, on Pages 60 and 61, both said mortgages being given to secure the same note, and no personal claim is made against any defendant except Magdalena Robinson, formerly Magdalena Schwartz.

Dated August 18th, 1891.

LEON E. LUM,
Plaintiff's Atty.

[September 18th, 1891.
Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.
Loan No. 219.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in January, A. D. 1891, in the sum of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars, ($12.50), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgage pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Names of mortgagors: Edward Hazen and Maud S. Hazen, husband and wife.

Name of mortgagee: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the State of Minnesota.

Date of Mortgage: November 1st, A. D. 1888.

Date when and where recorded: December 11th, A. D. 1888, at 2 o'clock 35 minutes p. m., in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book 1 of mortgages, on page 12.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Sixteen Hundred Dollars, ($1600.)

Description of mortgaged premises:

The west fifty (50) feet of Lots numbered Nineteen (19) to Twenty-four (24), inclusive, of Block One Hundred and Seventy (170), Town of Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Time of sale: October 30th, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated September 18th, A. D. 1891.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY, Successor to National Building Loan and Protective Union, Mortgagee.
GEORGE D. EMERY AND S. M. DAVIS.
Attorneys for Mortgagee, Minneapolis, Minn.

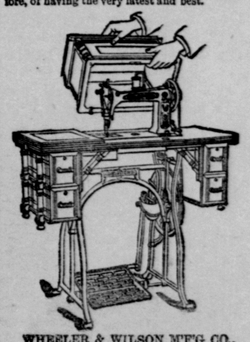
THE FIGURE "9."

The figure 9 in our dates will make a long stay. No man or woman now living will ever date a document without using the figure 9. It stands in the third place in 1891, where it will remain ten years and then move up to second place in 1900, where it will rest for one hundred years.

There is another "9" which has also come to stay. It is unlike the figure 9 in our dates in the respect that it has already moved up to first place, where it will permanently remain. It is called the "No. 9" High Arm Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

The "No. 9" was endorsed for first place by the experts of Europe at the Paris Exposition of 1889, where, after a severe contest with the leading machines of the world, it was awarded the only Grand Prize given to family sewing machines, all others on exhibit having received lower awards of gold medals, etc. The French Government also recognized its superiority by the decoration of Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, President of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

The "No. 9" is not an old machine improved upon, but is an entirely new machine, and the Grand Prize at Paris was awarded it as the grandest advance in sewing machine mechanism of the age. Those who buy it can rest assured, therefore, of having the very latest and best.



WHEELER & WILSON MF'G CO., 185 and 187 Wabash Ave., Chicago

Sold by W. T. CANEFF.

(First publication Aug. 28.)
Notice of Final Proof

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Aug. 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday, October 6th, 1891, viz:

ORRIS CULVER,

H. E. No. 13875 for the Lots 2, 3, 5 and 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 46, R. 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John W. Borden, George H. Robinson, Augustus E. Whiteley, William H. Onstine. P. O. address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

CLOAKS!

We are making a

Special Drive in Cloaks!

this week and invite an inspection.

Our assortment is complete and has just been received. It comprises long and short cloaks, and jackets in the latest styles. We will and can save you money. See our Misses Cloaks from $1.00 up.

Special Sale On Dress Goods.

SCHOOL BOYS' CLOTHING JUST OPENED, and we can please you on style and price. Call and see our stock before buying.

H. ROSENBLATT.

COME AND SEE

What we can do for you

IN TAILORING!

Fall goods just arrived, Largest stock west of Minneapolis to select from,

No selling from samples, Goods all in Stock.

Fine Tailoring a Specialty.

We will maintain our usual

Standard of Excellence

For Workmanship and Trimmings.

Olson & McCallum,

LEADING TAILORS,

Front Street, - Brainerd, Minn.

I. U. WHITE,

Successor to White & White,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

DEALER IN

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Glass, Papers, Nails, and all Kinds of Builder's Hardware.

OIL, LEAD AND MIXED PAINTS. ALSO

Guns, Ammunition and Sporting Goods of all Kinds.

AT THE OLD STAND 2 LAUREL STREET.

BUY **BOSS Watch Cases** WITH Non-pull-out BOWS



CLOCKS

JEWELRY AND

Silverware,

AT

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG'S.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 10. NUMBER 45. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. SEPT. 25. 1891. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

JUST OPENED,

AT

DAY'S,

400 Pairs Douglas $3.00 Shoes,

In All styles, for MEN.

200 Pairs Douglas Tap Sole,

Extra width Shoes. This Shoe comes in 7 widths, and is the Most Serviceable Shoe on the market.

400 Pairs Douglas $2.00 Shoes

In Lace and Congress, the Best Shoe for the money in the world.

$1.50!

ASK TO SEE OUR $1.50 SHOE FOR MEN.

It will Surprise You. Good Style, Good Wear, and Good Fitting.

Our Stock of Shoes, at Popular Prices, is very Complete, and New Goods are Arriving Every Day.

GEO. N. DAY,
SLEEPER BLOCK.

J. R. SMITH,

GEN'L AGENT

Real Estate, Loans, Rents & COLLECTIONS.

Agent for the Minnesota Savings Fund & Investment Co., and the National Building Loan & Protective Union. Taxes Paid, Interest collected for non-residents' Correspondence solicited.

Office Room 4, Sleeper Block, Brainerd, Minnesota.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment : : : of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

J. C. CONGDON.

WALL PAPER!

AND INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

PLASTICO. PLASTICO.



House and Carriage Painting.

Glass, Wood, and Enamelled Letters. Canvas Signs, Black-Board Slating a Specialty,

One Door East of the Arlington. - Brainerd, Minn.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLTE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

A MILLION dollar bank robbery has been reported from England.

THE recent state fair was a success financially, clearing about $8,000 over and above all expenses.

W. L. SCOTT, the several times millionaire congressman of democratic persuasion, from Pennsylvania, died of heart disease on Monday.

THE Scandinavian Mission Christian Church, of Little Falls, has incorporated under the laws of Minnesota, and has filed its articles of incorporation.

A JOINT debate has been arranged between Maj. McKinley and Governor Campbell in Ohio. Campbell will wish he hadn't before the thing is through with.

BLAINE for president, and Knute Nelson for governor, is a ticket that would roll up such a republican majority next fall as Minnesota has not had since the war.

THE Wadena County Pioneer has been sold by Mr. Reynolds to C. C. Eastman, of Anoka, and W. H. Workman has disposed of his Little Falls Herald to Haines, Stone & Pope, of Wabasha.

PRESIDENT BALMACEDA, of Chilli, has committed suicide. He preferred to die in this way rather than by the halter route, which would unboubtedly have been his fate had his enemies captured him.

WE hope the next republican convention in this district will not attempt to straddle the fence on the tariff issue, but will adopt ringing resolutions calling for the protection of American industries.

Sizes Them Up Right.

A very grave charge is brought against Redfield Proctor by a democratic exchange that he writes bad English; but even at that he has a good deal of a "bulge" on the democratic party, a majority of whose members cannot write at all.—Pioneer Press.

The Brake Chain Broke.

Ann Dupuis, administratrix, has sued the Northern Pacific Railway for $25,000 damages for the death of Albert Dupuis. Decedent was a brakeman, and near Gallatin, Mont., was hurled from the top of a freight car and killed, while attempting to set a brake. The brake chain broke under the strain.

Financial Note.

As a result of the McKinley bill:
Balloons are going up.
Elevators are rising.
So is the sun.
Fruit is falling (to the ground.)
Coffee is settling.
Neckties continue to crawl up.
Rain persists in falling.
Opium is as much of a drug as ever.
—Boston Traveler.

The Response of a Great Journalist.

I am a protectionist to the degree that I am. because free trade is an ideal impracticability. We must raise about $1,000,000 a day by duties and should levy them to protect American industries. This means that we shall make foreigners pay for getting into our market.

The McKinley law has been more misrepresented than anything I have known since we fought the slave power for the freedom of the territories.

The policy of the democratic party is colonial. If we pursue it, the Revolutionary war and our achievements of independence were mistakes.

The best expression of democratic doctrine is in the confederate constitution. If it was worth while to conquer the Southern Confederacy, it was so upon the condition that the democratic party should not come into possession of the country.

The McKinley tariff law has three great distinguished merits:

1. The largest free list we have ever known, including free sugar.
2. A square effort to apply duties to protection.
3. The provision for reciprocity.

The corner-stone for the structure, free sugar. The edifice is protection. The crown of it is reciprocity.

The people of Ohio will not work to restore the duties on sugar, to guarantee the tin plate industry to Wales, and to destroy the treaties with Brazil and Spain.

Restore the duties on sugar and the treaties must go. An assault upon the sugar bounties means the same thing.

A vote for the democratic ticket in Ohio this fall will be a vote for hard times—a vote to put the nation on the back track.

MURAT HALSTEAD.

Weather Signals.

It is expected that the new weather signal flags will arrive next week and the service begin. The flags will be displayed from the staff at the hose house. A square white flag means clear or fair weather; the blue flag indicates rain or snow; the white and blue flag (parallel bars of white and blue) indicates that local rains or showers will occur and that the rainfall will not be general; the white flag with black square in center indicates the approach of a sudden and decided fall in the temperature—a cold wave. The black triangular flag always refers to temperature. When displayed above either of the other flags it means warmer weather; when placed below another flag it indicates colder weather; when not displayed at all the indications are that the temperature will remain stationary.

Council Proceedings.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, and the following aldermen answered roll call: Titze, Towers, McMurtie, Johnson, Ferris, Fogelstrom, and Williamson, Barber, Bain and Lagerquist came in later.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved as read, except that part of the proceedings which alluded to a motion made by Ald. Towers, to not use the old lumber taken from the northeast Brainerd bridge in fixing the Southeast Brainerd bridge on 1st avenue, which was ordered stricken from the records of the council proceedings of Sept. 7th, 1891.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

J. J. Howe & Co.	$318 99
The Brainerd Tribune	11 18
Lusk, Bunn & Hadley	408 13
C. L. Spaulding	67 50
C. Millspaugh	69 56
A. J. Demeules	9 55

The pay roll of the street employes for August was laid over until the next meeting of the council. The note and interest due Oct. 15th, on the East Brainerd hose house, was referred to the finance committee. The police committee recommended that the bill of J. B. McDonough for $50, be not allowed. On motion duly made and carried, the fire committee was instructed to have all the old hose in the city repaired. On motion made it was ordered that all work done on streets, sidewalks, etc., be done under the supervision of the street committee. Motion was made that the report of the commissioners appointed to appraise benefits and damages for a road from Willow street to Seventh street to the fair grounds, was accepted and placed on file, and commissioners ordered to go ahead and appraise damages as instructed in resolution made by the council Aug. 17th, 1891.

The report of the special committee on the official conduct of Chief of Police Barron and City Clerk Murphy were read and accepted. On motion the matter of fixing Sleeper's lots was referred to the street committee, to report at the next meeting. The liquor license bonds of Henry Moberg and Chas. Moberg, Robert Nelson, Nels Peterson and G. W. Stratton were approved and license granted. On motion the resignation of the street commissioner was laid over until he makes his report to the council.

Council adjourned.

A fresh line of Full Cream, Brick, Swiss and Limberger Cheese just opened at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market.

QUEER CUSTOMS OF BRAZIL.

Peculiarities of Funerals and Weddings —The Porterage Business.

There are many curious customs observed by the Brazillians. Funerals are notable in that for a young unmarried lady coffin, the hearse, and livery of the driver must be bright scarlet, the four white horses drawing the hearse must be covered with scarlet uets, and scarlet plumes must deck the horses' heads. No women go to the cemeteries. The mother, or thewidow, must not exhibit her grief in public.

For the swell funeral of a young girl the coffin, hearse, livery of the driver and nets and plumes for the horses must be royal purple. For elderly persons black and gold are the adornments of mortuary trappings.

At weddings the bride does not wear orange blossoms, but orange flowers are presented by the groom and his bride to their unmarried acquainances. The custom has a hidden meaning dating back to the twilight of man's history. The flower is an emblem of fecundity and the "passing on" of the gift signifies "Go thou and do likewise."

The calling of porters—the business of porterage—is a regular one, and is divided into clases. There are porters whose speciality is handling pianos—delivering. transferring them. You never see a piano on a truck or in a furniture van. Four men bear upright pianos on their heads, and square and grand pianos are carried in slings suspended from two poles, resting on the shoulders of four men.

Iron safes are transported by porters, delivered from the warehouses, moved from one place to another and put in position—all by sheer strength.

If you buy anything—furniture, a piano, a safe—the purchaser must bargain with the porters for the delivery. And if you do not make your bargain to carry and put in position the porters will leave the articles at your door, unless you agree to pay additional for placing them in your house or rooms.

A Cure for Sea-Sickness.

Many people hold the opinion that sea-sickness as well as dizziness on land is caused by the sight first. This idea has evidently obtained favor in Vienna, where a learned German has invented a pair of glasses which he thinks will obviate these troubles.

According to the description recently given of them in a German paper, they resemble opera glasses in appearance, but are to be made of papier mache or some very light substance, and bound about the head of the victim to nausea or dizziness with an elastic strap.

The under side of these glasses is much longer than the upper, and they are darkened in such a way that no disturbing rays can reach the wearer's vision.

The inventor does not claim for these articles that they are beautiful, and indeed it seems doubtful whether the sight of them worn by a number of fellow-passengers would not have a most depressing effect on such unfortunates as did not possess them.

Definitions.

Pupils who learn "by ear," without thought as to the meaning of things, contrive to afford a good deal of amusement to their teachers. Recently a teacher in an Eastern grammar school asked one of her boys:

"What is the meaning of 'topaz?'"

"A topaz," said the boy, "is where the mules walk when they're drawing a canal-boat."

This was not so bad as another blunder, made not long afterward, in the same school.

"Define 'halo,'" said the teacher, to a girl in the class.

"A halo," answered the pupil, "is a kind of rope that the cowboys use out West to catch cattle with."

Shooting the Rapids.

Arab boys are expert swimmers, and like boys in general, are fond of displaying their skill before strangers, if only they are rewarded by some small coin. Mr. Eden tells how they shoot the rapids of the Nile.

Seating themselves astride a log of wood about six feet long, and buoyant enough to support them waist high out of the water, they ride it with the seat and gestures of a jockey, and with hands and feet keep it straight with the line of the current.

The fall is shot with an ease and grace that does away with the sense of danger one would expect to feel at seeing a man hurried along amid such a boil and turmoil of waters; but once at the bottom they have a hard struggle to induce their horses to turn out of the course.

To do this they avail themselves of the impetus acquired by the log in its shoot, and throwing themselves full length upon it, they seem, with a sudden stroke from the left leg and arm, to drive it and themselves out of the current.

To fall in this would be dangerous even to Arab swimmers. Immediately below lie the ugly rocks, on which the heavy stream breaks with fearful violence.

A Noted Tiger.

A tigress in the Nagpur district has a fondness for the employes of the Bengal-Nagpur railway, frequents a tract of country only about nine square miles in area, and is possessed of extraordinary cunning and sagacity. This year, up to June, she had killed seven people besides wounding others. She lives in a rocky and precipitous spur, in which there is a heavy bamboo and other jungle. Several springs of water rise at the foot of the scarps and there is a cave which shows many signs of being used by her and her family. A big stone just outside of the entrance is scored deep and long by many scratches of their claws. In February last in broad daylight she carried of one off the gang of permanent way men from under the eyes of his companions. She has seen shot many times and her cubs killed but she has got off scratchless. Sometimes the man-eater traverses very long distances.

Clean a Lamp.

To give a brilliant white light, a lamp needs a thorough cleaning every little while. The oil should be poured out of the fount, leaving no dregs on the bottom. The fount should then be washed in strong soapsuds, rinsed in warm water, and dried. It should then be filled with fresh oil. The burner should be boiled in soda and water until the net work that crosses it is freed from dirt and dust. If the wick has become clogged with the sediment, replace it with a new one.

IT PAYS

To be cautious in the choice of medicines. Many are injured by trying experiments with compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, the principal recommendation of which would seem to be their "cheapness." Being made up of worthless, though not always harmless, ingredients, they may well be "cheap" but, in the end, they are dear. The most reliable medicines are costly, and can be retailed at moderate prices, only when the manufacturing chemist handles the raw materials in large quantities. It is economy, therefore,

To Use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the valuable components of which are imported, wholesale, by the J. C. Ayer Co. from the regions where these articles are richest in medicinal properties.

"It is a wonder to me that any other than Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a show in the market. If people consulted their own interest, they would never use any other; for it is not only the best, but, on account of its concentrated strength and purity, it is the most economical."—James F. Duffy, Druggist, Washington st., Providence, R. I.

Dr. A. L. Almond, Druggist, Liberty, Va., writes: "Leading physicians in this city prescribe

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla. I have sold it for eighteen years, and have the highest regard for its healing qualities."

"Although the formula is known to the trade, there can be no successful imitation of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Without having the enormous facilities of the J. C. Ayer Co., it is impossible for other parties to put together such valuable ingredients, at the low cost of Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

It stands at the head of all similar preparations."—Mark A. Jones, 50 years a druggist, 60 Cambridge st., E. Cambridge, Mass.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you

NORTHERN PACIFIC

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Grafton, Grand Forks, Crookston, Fargo, Wahpeton, Fergus Falls, Brainerd,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

The Dining Car Line

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points in the Red River Valley and the Park Region of Minnesota, and

St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Pacific Coast Trains.

Passing through Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, & Washington

Carry Complete Equipment of

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, First and Second-class Coaches, Pullman Tourist and Free Colonist Sleepers,

And Elegant Dining Cars.

THROUGH TICKETS Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to Agent of Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
General Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN

[First publication Aug. 21.]

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Aug. 18th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on October 7, 1891, viz:

THOMAS THOMPSON,

H. E. No. 15071, for the NE¼ NE¼ and Lots 1 and 2, Sec. 20, Twp. 134, R. 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Jens Peterson, Jacob Sorenson, Louis Nelson, of Brainerd, Minn., H. P. Downs, of Gull River, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Sept. 18, 1891.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 15th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given, that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Oct. 24th, 1891, viz:

SAMUEL G. HARRIS,

H. E. No. 12859, for the SE¼, Sec. 34, T. 43, R. 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles P. Ainsworth, Marcellas Hatton, Martin King, of Ft. Ripley, Crow Wing County, Minn., and Morgan F. Driver, of Brainerd, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Aug. 28.)

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in March, A. D. 1889, in the sum of Two and 50-100 Dollars, ($2.50), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Name of mortgagors: Mary J. Shontell and Benjamin Shontell, husband and wife.

Name of mortgagee: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the State of Minnesota.

Date of mortgage: August 1st, A. D. 1888.

Date when and where recorded: August 24th, 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book 1 of mortgages, on page 1.

Amount of taxes paid by mortgagee, $39.59.

Amount of insurance paid by mortgagee, $55.30.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Four hundred and seventy-four and 83-100 Dollars. ($474.83).

Description of mortgaged premises:

The east half (½) of the Southwest quarter (¼), of Section Two (2), Township Forty-four (44), Range Thirty-one (31).

Time of sale: October 10th, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is her by given, That by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated August 24th, A. D. 1891.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY, Successor to National Building Loan and Protective Union, Mortgagee,
GEORGE D. EMERY,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

WM. DRESSKELL,

Watchmaker and

JEWELER,

FRONT STREET, BRAINERD.

Watch Repairing a Specialty.

Professional Cards.

R. K. WHITELEY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

Office, Room 11, Bank Block,

BRAINERD..... MINN.

W. A. FLEMING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office next door to post-office.

BRAINERD - - - MINN.

Werner Hemstead, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

Cr. Front and 7th Streets, Brainerd.

(Sept. 4th, 1891.)

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Mahan and Mary E. Mahan, his wife, of the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, unto the Minnesota Saving Fund & Investment Company, a corporation, duly organized and acting under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, which mortgage was dated and delivered on the first day of October, 1889, and was on the 4th day of November, 1889, at 5 o'clock p. m., duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, in said State of Minnesota, and was afterward duly recorded in book K of mortgages, at page 12.

And whereas, there is due and is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, the sum of Six Hundred and Sixty-eight Dollars, ($668.00), no part of which has been paid, and no proceedings have been instituted either at law or in equity to recover the same.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and according to the statute in such case provided, the premises in said mortgage conveyed, and hereafter described, will be sold at auction to the highest bidder, by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, on Saturday, the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the District Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, together with the sum of Fifty (50) Dollars attorney's fees, and the costs and expenses of such sale, as provided in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and allowed by law.

The premises conveyed by said mortgage, and to be sold as aforesaid, are known and described as "Lot Fifteen (15), and the South Eighty (80) feet of Lot Sixteen (16), of Block Fifty-two (52), of the Town (now city) of Brainerd, according to the plat thereof now on file or of record in the office of the said Register of Deeds.

MINNESOTA SAVING FUND & INVESTMENT CO., Mortgagee.

CHAS. W. PURPLE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Dated Minneapolis, Minn., September 4th, 1891.

(First publication Aug. 21.)

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss.

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

Harry C. Veazie, Plaintiff,

vs.

Magdalena Hobinson, formerly Magdalena Schwartz, C. F. Kindred, J. D. Ensign, D. G. Cash, The Central Trust Company of New York, Martin A. Whiteley, R. K. Whiteley, Samuel Walker, J. N. True, The Lake Superior & Puget Sound Company, H. Spalding, D. E. Sipp, J. J. Howe, S. W. Farnham, The First National Bank of Brainerd, Ambrose Tighe, J. W. Pence, Charles P. Barker, C. McC. Reeve, T. J. Buxton, James B. Richardson, and J. W. Johnson, and The Northern Pacific Railroad Company, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, in the City of Brainerd, in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office in said city, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated August 18th, 1891.

LEON E. LUM,
Plaintiff's Att'y,
Brainerd, Minn.

The summons in this action is issued upon a complaint for the foreclosure of a mortgage given by Magdalena Schwartz and husband, to Julia C. Venzie, recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County, on November 28th, 1881, in Book A of Mortgages, on Pages 444 and 445, and a mortgage between the same parties recorded in said Registry of Deeds, in Book B of Mortgages, on Pages 60 and 61, both said mortgages being given to secure the same note, and no personal claim is made against any defendant except Magdalena Robinson, formerly Magdalena Schwartz.

Dated August 18th, 1891.

LEON E. LUM,
Plaintiff's Att'y.

(September 18th, 1891.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Loan No. 219.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in January, A. D. 1891, in the sum of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars, ($12.50), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part therof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Names of mortgagors: Edward Hazen and Maud S. Hazen, husband and wife.

Name of mortgagee: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the State of Minnesota.

Date of Mortgage: November 1st, A. D. 1888.

Date when and where recorded: December 11th, A. D. 1888, at 2 o'clock 35 minutes p. m. in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book 1 of mortgages, on page 12.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Sixteen Hundred Dollars, ($1600.)

Description of mortgaged premises:

The west fifty (50) feet of Lots numbered Nineteen (19) to Twenty-four (24), inclusive, of Block One Hundred and Seventy (170), Town of Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Time of sale: October 30th, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated September 18th, A. D. 1891.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY, Successor to National Building Loan and Protective Union, Mortgagee.

GEORGE D. EMERY AND S. M. DAVIS.
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Minneapolis, Minn.

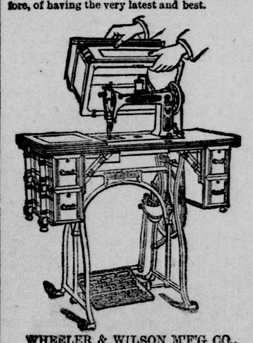
THE FIGURE "9."

The figure 9 in our dates will make a long stay. No man or woman now living will ever date a document without using the figure 9. It stands in the third place in 1890, where it will remain ten years and then move up to second place in 1900, where it will rest for one hundred years.

There is another "9" which has also come to stay. It is unlike the figure 9 in our dates in the respect that it has already moved up to first place, where it will permanently remain. It is called the "No. 9" High Arm Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

The "No. 9" was endorsed for first place by the experts of Europe at the Paris Exposition of 1889, where, after a severe contest with the leading machines of the world, it was awarded the only Grand Prize given to family sewing machines, all others on exhibit having received lower awards of gold medals, etc. The French Government also recognized its superiority by the decoration of Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, President of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

The "No. 9" is not an old machine improved upon, but is an entirely new machine, and the Grand Prize at Paris was awarded it as the grandest advance in sewing machine mechanism of the age. Those who buy it can rest assured, therefore, of having the very latest and best.



WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO., 185 and 187 Wabash Ave., Chicago

Sold by W. T. CANEFF.

(First publication Aug. 28.)

Notice of Final Proof

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Aug. 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday, October 6th, 1891, viz:

ORRIS CULVER,

H. E. No. 13375 for the Lots 2, 3, 5 and 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 46, R. 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John W. Borden, George H. Robinson, Augustus E. Whiteley, William H. Onstine. P. O. address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

CLOAKS!

We are making a

Special Drive in Cloaks!

this week and invite an inspection.

Our assortment is complete and has just been received. It comprises long and short cloaks, and jackets in the latest styles. We will and can save you money. See our Misses Cloaks from $1.00 up.

Special Sale On Dress Goods.

SCHOOL BOYS' CLOTHING JUST OPENED, and we can please you on style and price. Call and see our stock before buying.

H. ROSENBLATT.

COME AND SEE

What we can do for you

IN TAILORING!

Fall goods just arrived, Largest stock west of Minneapolis to select from,

No selling from samples, Goods all in Stock.

Fine Tailoring a Specialty.

We will maintain our usual

Standard of Excellence

For Workmanship and Trimmings.

Olson & McCallum,

LEADING TAILORS,

Front Street, - Brainerd, Minn.

I. U. WHITE,

Successor to White & White,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

DEALER IN

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Glass, Papers, Nails, and all Kinds of Builder's Hardware.

OIL, LEAD AND MIXED PAINTS. ALSO

Guns, Ammunition and Sporting Goods of all Kinds.

AT THE OLD STAND 2 LAUREL STREET.

BUY BOSS Watch Cases WITH Non-pull-out BOWS



CLOCKS

JEWELRY AND

Silverware,

AT

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG'S.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

DIVERS in the clear waters of the tropical seas find that fish of different colors when frightened do not all dart in the same direction, but that each different kind takes shelter in that portion of the submarine growth nearest in color to that of the fish.

OHIO claims to have the largest oil well in this country if not in the world. It is located near North Baltimore, in Hancock County, and if permitted to flow its full capacity would more than fill two of the 35,000-barrel tanks every twenty-four hours.

IT is asserted that one glass of beer taken through a straw will make a man drunk. As most beer guzzlers would take it through a hose or a hydrant if convenient the straw experiment is not likely to become popular.

THE biggest doctor's fee of the age is the 2,000,000 marks paid by Herr von Donner, a Hamburg merchant, for his wife. The money wasn't given to the famous Wiesbaden practioner, however, but, at his wish, to found a hospital in Hamburg.

A HOTEL in Hambrug has been built entirely of compressed wood, which by the pressure to which it is subjected is rendered as hard as iron, as well as absolutely proof against the attacks of fire.

THAT'S a great discovery of Dr. Sliech's, in Berlin, that water can be used as anæsthetic; but for the general purposes of voluntary paralysis beer will hold its own in the German capital and elsewhere.

THE largest grapevine in the world is that growing at Oys, Portugal, which has been bearing since 1802. Its maximum yield was in 1884, in which year it produced a sufficient quantity of grapes to make 165 gallons of wine.

THERE is an immense garden in China that embraces an area of 50,000 square miles. It is all meadow land, and is filled with lakes, ponds, and canals. Altogether it is as large as the states of New York and Pennsylvania combined.

While flats are becoming increasingly popular in France among people of moderate means, poeple in a corresponding position in Germany are as anxious to live in houses of their own, and a company has just been formed in Berlin to enable them to do so.

WILD horses are sociable in character and protect themselves against carnivorous beasts by herding together in large numbers. In face of any danger, such as storms and fires, they unite in still larger bodies, probably from a sentiment akin to the human one at similar crises.

IN big trees the new State of Washington is quite rich. A Seattle paper mentions a fir in Sumas which is 8½ feet in diameter. Near Stanwood there is a cedar 17 feet in diameter 33 feet from the roots, and 12 feet in diameter 112 feet from the roots. Nooksack reports a fir 12 feet in diameter.

IT is estimated that the treasure lying idle in India in the shape of hoards or ornaments amount to £350,000,000. A competent authority calculates that "in Amritsar City alone there are jewels to the value of £2,000,000 sterling."

MRS. LUCIAN MAYBERRY, of Little Rock, Ark., is the mother of ten boys, all born within a married life of thirty-nine months. There are two sets of triplets and two pairs of twins. Mrs. Mayberry is a pretty blonde, plump and hearty, of barely twenty-four years of age.

A CHICAGO paper says that on April 22, 1891, Jay Gould's train ran from Elburon to Geneva, Ill., a distance of eight-and-a half miles, in five minutes, the rate being 102 miles an hour. If this is correct it should go on record, as it is probably the best achievement yet made in the way of rapid traveling.

IMITATION gold is a new compound which was recently discovered and which puzzles the best of jewelers to detect. Its weight is that of gold and acid tests are the same, except that the acid boils a trifle when applied to it, although when it is wiped off no spot is left. It is cheap and easily worked. Its chief factor is aluminium composite, from 5 to 8 per cent.

EDISON has turned his attention to mining, and has on exhibition at Montreal devices which will revolutionize that industry. It will no longer be necessary to dig a million dollar hole to find there is no valuable deposit of ore in a given locality. With an Edison drill a small hole can be made to a great depth and samples of the strata pierced be brought to the surface.

THE Dominion of Canada has a beautiful scandal on hand. A Parliamentary Committee is investigating charges of fraud against several government officials and is finding lots of damaging evidence, but whenever a question is asked which threatens to go to the bottom of the corruption the government majority on the committee votes it down. Apparently the investigators will have to be investigated before the matter is finished.

IT is somewhat strange that so few sea captains are good swimmers. Captain Andrew G. Braes, of the steamship State of California, tells a New York reporter: "I'm a poor swimmer myself. I can float for hours, however, and that is the best safety accomplishment for a mariner. I can put my hands under my head in the water and float for an indefinite period without getting tired. In my long service I have twice been in peril of my life and once escaped by keeping afloat."

DIGEST OF THE NEWS

Interesting Digest of the Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Associated Press.

Washington, Criminal, Foreign, Personal, Casualty, and Other Important News.

ROUND WASHINGTON.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MILLER prepares a brief in the lottery cases.

THE heavy drafts upon the treasury balance since the first of the month in redeeming 4½ per cent bonds has reduced the net balance in the treasury, which on Sept. 1 was $60,000,000, to $48,000,000.

HENRY COLEMAN, colored, a messenger at the door of the attorney-general's office for 26 years, died aged 80 years. Prior to 1860 Coleman purchased his freedom and afterwards that of his wife.

THE 4½ per cent bonds received at the treasury department for continuance at 2 per cent amounted to $92,300, making the total thus far continued $24,654,700. The 4½ per cents received for redemption amounted to $372,300. The redemptions at the New York sub-treasury aggregated $76,100, making the total redemptions to date $12,900,700.

PEOPLE IN PRINT.

EX-CONGRESSMAN HYMEN, of North Carolina, and one of the most influential colored men in congress along in 1875, died at Washington from a stroke of paralysis.

CHARLES A. WOODBURY died at the Salem, Mass., hospital of hydrophobia. He was sixty-two years old and was a California 49er.

SIR JOHN STEELE, R. S. A., sculptor to her majesty for Scotland, is dead. He was born in Aberdeen in 1803. In 1872 Sir John executed in bronze a full size copy of his colossal statue of Sir Walter Scott, for the Central park, New York. He also executed the colossal for the Scotch poet, Robert Burns, which is erected in the same place.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Two negroes were killed by lightning near Victoria, Tex.

AT St. Mary's Ohio, a large oil tank burst and took fire, the city being threatened. The loss in oil is enormous.

OF the twelve workmen buried by the falling in of a railway tunnel, near Messina, Italy, ten were taken out alive and two were found dead.

FIRE in the old Commercial Advertiser building, New York, caused a large loss. Two persons are supposed to have been burned to death.

FOUR laborers were drowned in the Delaware river opposite the League island navy yard, Philadelphia, by the upsetting of a small skiff.

THE mill of Capt. J. C. Simpson, located at Layac Creek, Tex., was burned to the ground, together with several thousand feet of lumber. Total loss about $50,000; no insurance.

THE French steamship Nantes, Capt. Coquet, from Harve for New Orleans, went ashore at Corunna, Spain, and will prove a total loss. No loss of life reported.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire is reported at Holl and Chowitz, a village of Bohemia, and two miles from Prague. The state railway machine shops were burned, and three people were killed. The loss was about 2,500,000 of florins.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire occurred in Camargo Ill. The fire was in the business part of the town and the loss reached $30,000. Among the buildings burned was the dry goods house of W. H. Hall, A. F. Jarman's drug store and five other business houses.

Frederick Kammerer a drunken fellow, shot and killed his wife at their home, No. 119 York street Cleveland. They had quarreled. Kammerer was arrested and admitted that he had killed the woman, but to have had no cause for the crime.

Michael Trienen a night watchman in the joint employe of the Wiggins ferry company and the Missouri Pacific Railroad company, and who is a brother-in-law of Prosecuting Attorney Bernard Dierkes, was assassinated in St. Louis. No cause or clue apparent.

THE mystery surrounding the fate of the schooner Pannonia, long overdue at San Francisco from the Marshall Islands, is at last cleared up. The schooner was wrecked on a reef southwest of the Hawaiian islands and every soul on board was drowned.

THE Colcine Window Glass works at Fostoria, Ohio, the largest in the United States with one exception, have burned. The loss is $25,000 with no insurance. The same works burned about seven months ago. Secretary of the Treasury Foster was the principal owner.

HARRY KENNEDY, a bell boy at the Neil house, Columbus, O., aged fifteen years, was killed on an elevator. While ascending he thrust his head out to look upward. It struck against a door sill and was squeezed between the elevator and the walls, breaking his neck. Death was instantaneous.

THE bridge across the Sangamon river, in Illinois, on the Jacksonville Southeastern road, gave way as a local freight was passing over, precipitating three cars and the caboose into the river. Nicholas Quirk, of Columbus, O., was probably fatally injured. Conductor Rutter and the two brakemen escaped with slight injuries.

The hosiery factory of Killen & Sons, at John and Betts streets, Cincinnati, burned recently. The loss is $50,000, with insurance covering the loss. Chief Hughes, of the fire department, was badly cut by falling glass, and was removed to his home. Mrs. Col. William Sellers, who left her home near by, fearing that her house would burn, died suddenly of heart disease, aggravated by the excitement.

FOREIGN.

The queen of Roumania, who has been critically ill, is now improving.

"LOHENGRIN" is produced in Paris and a semi-riot results.

THE Chilian authorities have purchased the Italian Aquila, which has been tran? formed into a cruiser.

IT is reported that 50 workmen have been killed through the collapse of a tunnel on the line of a new railway near Trieste.

THE Duke of Genoa has been appointed honorary president of the Italian world's fair committee.

THE report that the British had seized the island of Mitylene, on the coast of Asia Minor, was incorrect.

THE Mexican minister of finance has ordered that of all metal or mineral exported from that country two specimens of one-half ounce each must be taken from every bar.

THE dockers of Havre have struck for higher wages. The employers offer slight concessions, which the strikers refuse to accept. The mayor is conducting negotiations for settling the strike.

A DISPATCH from Warsaw to the Political Correspondent confirms the reports of the massing of Russian troops in the western districts in connection with the coming military maneuvers.

THE death rate from cholera among the pilgrims to Mecca has been unprecedented in the annals of Mohammedan pilgrimage. The authorities at that time estimated that 11,000 pilgrims had died during the season.

A SYNDICATE has been formed in Hamburg, Germany, to construct abattoirs in Chicago, in order that Germans may control the imports of American pork into Germany.

THE Mexican government has granted a concession to James M. Powers & Co., of Philadelphia, for the establishment of a line of steamships to ply between Philadelphia and Mexican ports.

SERIOUS floods and storms are reported in various parts of Spain. Railway communication is interrupted at several points. The Amarguillo has overflowed its banks, destroying the town of Consuegra and flooding several villages.

THE foreign ministers at Pekin have urgently protested to the Chinese government against the latest outrages, those at Ichang, on the Yang Tse Kiang, when the British consulate was destroyed, the houses of Europeans were burned, and there is serious talk of a naval demonstration.

THE London committee formed with the purpose of leaving no stone unturned in order to bring about the release of Mrs. Maybrick from prison has retained the services of Sir Charles Russell and Sir Horace Davey in order to test the legality of Mrs. Maybrick's detention in prison.

It is reported that the negotiations of the new French loan have reached a successful conclusion. The loan, it is said, will be issued in October next. The price finally agreed upon is from 78½ to 79½.

OFFICIAL reports on the recent sinking of the steamer Taormina, by the steamship Thessalia, off Cape Colonna, show that only twelve of the sixty-five passengers were saved. An Englishman and a Frenchman, whose families were drowned, have gone mad.

AT the regular half-yearly meeting of the directors of the Bank of England a statement was submitted showing that the net profits for the half year ending Aug. 31 were £763,238, making the amount in rest £3,776,800. A dividend of 5 guineas per cent was declared, leaving in rest £3,012,770.

M. ROUVIER, the French minister of finance, was married to Marguerite Pommereul, the widow of Du Guyel. M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, and M. Fallieres, minister of justice, were best men. Deputy-Mayor Isabey, of the 16th arrondissment of Paris, performed the ceremony.

AN Austrian spy named Krasnicki has been sentenced to be transported to Siberia, and three Russians, who were his accomplices, have each been sentenced to eight years of penal servitude. Krasnicki bribed a man belonging to the staff of the Eleventh army corps of Austria to purloin military documents.

WICKEDNESSES.

THE assistant of a new York church is accused of most heinous crimes.

A SIXTEEN-YEAR-OLD mother murders her new born child near Eau Claire.

EUGENE SHIRE cut the throat of his paramour, Maggie Dolan, at St. Louis, and then cuts his own throat.

A settler named Westerlund, of New Stockholm, Manitoba, chopped the head off his three year old daughter. He was insane.

EX-PRESIDENT F, W. KENNEDY and ex-Cashier H. H. Kenedy, of the looted Spring Garden National bank, Philadelphia are sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

A YOUNG man of Marshalltown, Iowa, kills himself because a girl with whom he was in love refused his attentions owing to his bad habits.

J. SHERWOOD CORNING, of Rochester, N. Y., a wealthy banker, has sued the New York Sun for $15,000 damages. The Sun accused him of assaulting a woman passenger on the Circassia.

IN San Francisco the coroner's jury in the case of Officer Alexander Grant has rendered a verdict finding the deceased came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by Maurice B. Strellinger (M. B. Curtis).

MICHAEL MCARDLE, a young farmer of Mount Pleasant township, near Atchison, Kan., shot and killed Campbell Perry, a young farm hand who had called to collect $50 due him for labor. McArdle was arrested. He pleads self-defense.

AT Liverpool, two boys named Crawford and Shearon, aged 8 years, have been arrested for murdering one of their companions about the same age. The murder was committed in order to steal the dead boy's clothes. They both confessed.

SPORTS.

IN a heavy-weight fight in San Francisco Billy Smith of Australia defeats Tom McCarthy of Boston in eight rounds.

GEORGE HAMMOND, of Middleburg. Vt., owner of the mare Tempest, alias Mollie, has been expelled from the National Association for an alleged crooked entry at Cleveland.

THE directors of the Granite Association of Hoboken held a meeting at which Jere Dunn and Dick Roche, the leading spirits of the association, withdrew. This means practically the disbandment of the organization. Dissatisfaction among the directors over the recent fight held at the association's rooms between McAuliffe and Gibbons led to this result.

RAILROADS.

The Western Traffic association absorbs nearly all the functions of the Western Freight association, and the latter cuts far less of a figure than formerly.

THE proposition to establish a new lake and rail line via the Soo road and a new line of steamers between Gladstone, Mich., and Buffalo, seems to be assuming shape.

ALDACE F. WALKER, chairman of the Western Traffic association, is much annoyed by the efforts of some of his friends to secure his appointment on the interstate commerce commission. He declares that he is not a candidate.

A CHICAGO paper states that the Southwestern Railway and Steamship association has withdrawn from the Western Traffic association. As a matter of fact that association was never, as a body, a member of the Western Traffic association.

AT a meeting of the directors of the Rock Island recently a quarterly dividend of one half of 1 per cent was declared, payable Nov. 2. Another meeting will be held. It is expected that the quarterly dividends will be increased to 1 per cent at the beginning of 1892.

CHAIRMAN FINLEY, of the Western Passenger association, handed down a decision recently, holding that the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern violated its agreement in the sale of tickets at one-third the regular fare to a party of Dunkards returning to Abilene, Kan. The company is required to pay over to the association such amount as should have been charged at full tariff rates for the tickets.

AMONG THE TOILERS.

THE second annual meeting of the National Association of Railroad Clerks has convened in St. Louis.

THE long talked of amalgamation between the Brotherhood of Telegraphers and the Order of Railway Telegraphers was accomplished at the session of the grand lodge of the former organization in St. Louis.

GENERAL.

THE Bank of Lyons, Kan., supposed to be one of the strongest financial institutions in the state, has made an assignment.

Two judgments aggregating $24,820 were entered in New York city against the Saxony Woolen Mills, manufacturers of blankets at Newburg, New York.

PRESIDENT GREENHUT of the whisky trust, says whisky interests will not be seriously affected by any instructions to farmers to hold their corn and wheat.

The Atlanta Steamship company has been formed at Bremen and New York. Paul Wedeking; of Berlin, has been appoined chariman.

Ex-Senator Tabor has won his suit for the Santa Edmige gold mine in New Mexico. The mine has produced already $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 of gold. The ore assays $200 to the ton and is still good for millions.

Suit will soon be begun by Mrs. Jefferson Davis against Robert Belford, the Belford Publishing Company, and Edward Lange, for alleged violation of the contract with Mrs. Davis to publish her memoirs of Jefferson Davis.

THE Attorney general of Pennsylvania. declined to permit the use of the name of the commonwealth in a proceeding to compel the East Harrisburg passenger railway of Philadelphia to show cause why its charter should not be forfeited for running cars on Sunday.

WHAT is perhaps the largest single lumber contract ever let in the world was closed recently with the Reliance Lumber company, of Beaumont, Tex. It is with the company who is building the railroad from Omaha to Galveston. The total amount of the contract is $8,000,000.

WAR has broken out again among the big watchmakers. The Elgin and Waltham companies issued a circular to the jobbers announcing a reduction of 20 per cent on all 18-size movements. The Elgin company will lose $100,000 in rebates to jobbers who now hold in stock the goods on which the reduction is made, and $300,000 on the movements now held by the company. The Waltham Company will lose something over a million. The reduction is made in an effort to wipe out the existence of the Duebar Watch Case Company.

WINGED MONSTERS.

A Remarkable Bird Seen Recently in California.

At the last meeting of the Amalgamated Association of Fish Liars the member from the north side who goes out twice a year with rod and gun but never unpacks the former, asked and received permission to read the following from San Francisco: "A well-authenticated story comes from Selma, Fresno County, of the appearance at that place of two huge-winged monsters that resemble the fabled dragon. They live on ducks and chickens and have been seen by a score of persons. One party watched for them on several nights and at last got a close view. The birds are said to have wings fully twelve feet long. Their bodies are six feet high when they walk about. They are not covered with feathers, and instead of a bill they have a hogs snout, with sharp teeth. Watchers saw two birds descend to a pond and chase mud hens in among the grass, crunching and devouring those they caught. Their eyes are very prominent. As soon as the men could get a shot they fired. One bird was wounded, but escaped by running through the marshes. The track which it left was like an alligator's, with five toes and strong claws on each foot. The track is eleven inches wide and nineteen long. It is thought the birds might be survivors of extinct species like the pterodactyl which lived on the shores of Tulare Lake, which has never been thoroughly explored."

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, North and South Dakota News in a Nutshell,

MINNESOTA

The Monticello factory recently burned, will be rebuilt.

Austin is having a new flax mill 204 feet in length.

Charles A. Ludwig, a saloonkeeper at Stillwater, assigned.

W. Kœnig's elevator at Plainview was burned. Loss $10,000.

Dr. J. D. Wheelock, a physician of Clearwater died, aged 70.

Thomas J. Clement, son of T. B. Clement died at Faribault.

Peter Derwin, of St. Paul died, aged 82. He went to St. Paul in 1858.

Lyman Alexander's residence near Faribault, burned with its contents.

Chris. Anderson's jewelry store at Moorhead was robbed of $150 worth of solid silver.

Bishop Whipple has received $50,000 for an endowment for Seabury Divinity School at Faribault.

Twenty-four stacks of wheat and a separator were burned on Frank daly's farm near Fulda.

Rev. P. K. Mellauy, pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran church at Stillwater died at Hudson, Wis.

The new Norwegian Lutheran College will be located at Madison, the county seat of Lac Qui Parle County.

A spark from a threshing engine set fire to Cleveland Bros.' thresher at Plainview. It was destroyed.

In a quarrel between Tom Allerton and John Anonsmith at Pipestone, the former was dangerously hurt.

The suit of J. Merkle against C. R. Henton for $10,000 for alienation of his wife's affections, is on trial at Luverne.

Holden Nelson committed suicide by hanging at Mabel. Long suffering from disease is supposed to be the cause.

A temporary injunction is asked at Pine City against the Brennan Lumber Company to restrain them from dumping refuse in the Grindstone river.

Thomas Glowp has laid claim to a large part of the city of Mankato, including the stone quarries and the ground upon which the Tourtolette Hospital stands.

Considerable apprehension is felt at Fergus Falls lest Goheen, the murderer, commits suicide before the time set for his execution. He is being carefully watched.

Preston Asborn and Hattie Baker, a St. Cloud couple, cannot marry because the law says the bride must be over 14 years of age.

Charles Lumley, a wine merchant of Minneapolis, died by his own hand, aged 60. His act anticipated death from cancer of the bowels.

Word has been received at Sauk Rapids that Callahan the convict who escaped from the reformatory has been captured at Foley.

The Minnesota Cereal Company at Faribault has made $10,000 worth of improvements on the old Straight River mill, and will employ fifty hands.

Adjutant Edward Thomas, of the Salvation Army, was drowned while fishing in Gilbert's Lake. He was stationed at Minneapolis.

Andrew Spangberg, the man whose incarceration in a dirty room at Duluth caused a sensation, died at the insane asylum at St. Peter.

James S. Everts, a brakeman on the Great Northern road, was crushed to death by the wheels at St. Paul. He was 32 years old and a married man.

An insurance company has offered to erect a $20,000 opera house for Marshall citizens, provided the latter guarantee a certain amount of insurance business.

Peter Gore, one of the earliest settlers in the vicinity of Winona, died suddenly at his home. The deceased was born in Norton county, Pennsylvania, in 1814, and has resided in this city since 1851.

A 6-year-old daughter of Jesse Harmer, a farmer living near Faribault, was so badly burned while playing near an old building that was being burned that her recovery is despaired of.

While Meritt D. Hoff, freight agent of the Great Northern Railroad at Minneapolis, was passing Hale, Thomas & Co.'s store, he was struck by a falling sign and hurt internally. He will recover.

John, a twenty-year-old son of James Welch, of Washington lake near Henderson, was accidentally shot and killed while hunting. He tried to pull the gun through a fence, when it went off, the charge entering his side and killing him almost instantly.

Gustav von Snyder, the normal school student who mysteriously disappeared recently from his home at Minneiska, was discovered and brought to Winona. He was brought before the probate judge and adjudged insane. He was been taken to the Rochester asylum.

E. J. Breed, general manager of the Marion Flint Glass Works, of Marion, Ind., is to establish a plant at Duluth for the manufacture of glass. He looks with favor on Duluth, and will probably erect a plant here, which will employ 200 men.

While George Durlin's threshing machine was in George Carver's yard, at Prairieville, preparing to thresh, fire escaped from the engine and caught in one of the stacks. Despite all efforts four stacks of oats and the separator were consumed. Mr. Carver's loss is estimated at 1,200 bushels of oats; no insurance.

The case of Mrs. Maggie Bentz, charged with threatening to kill Mrs. Annie Rieger, was tried before Justice Horner Potter of Vermillion, on a change of venue from Justice Alex Jeremy of Niningar. The defendant was discharged and the costs taxed up to the complainant.

Two stock trains collided on the Northern Pacific near Big Lake station. Two cars were completely smashed, and one engine was badly damaged. A number of cattle were killed and injured and several car loads turned loose on the prairie. A stock man was seriously injured in the accident.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bad prairie fires destroy hundreds of dollars worth of property.

Juuge Templeton rendered a decision in favor of Nelson county in the Nelson county bond case, saying the county $9,500.

Judge Templeton has issued a mandamus requiring the elevator companies in the storage business to store wheat at statutory rates—two cents a bushel.

John Birkholz has sold the Smith farm of 600 acres south of Grand Forks to Noah Goine for $17,750. Birkholz purchased it about six months ago for $10,000. The increase is due to the splendid crop raised.

At the request of a portion of the East Grand Forks saloonkeepers that gambling places be suppressed, Mayor Rowen announces his intention to enforce all laws, and began by closing the saloons at 11 o'clock.

Michael Gleason entered the office of Doheny & Lyon's mill at Grand Forks, in the bookkeepers absence, forced the cash drawer and decamped with the contents. He was captured in East Grand Forks, tried before Justice Cutts and sentenced to 30 days.

Trouble is brewing at Grand Forks regarding the Great Northern right of way. S. W. McLaughlin claims three feet claimed by the railroad and refuses to vacate. Notice to quit was served on him, a petition being circulated requesting the same. McLaughlin will probably fight.

The State Congregational Association met at Jamestown recently. About 50 delegates were in attendance and the program, to occupy two days, was prepared. The work of the church in the state for the last year was reviewed and much interest manifested. Leading ministers of the denomination were present.

A woman who arrived at Bismarck from Williamspoint, sixty miles south, in Emmons county, gives a meager account of a terrible prairie fire which has burned over that section. The damage cannot be estimated at present, but will be very heavy. Many farmers have lost all their buildings, grain and hay.

Fires in Stutsman and Eddy counties have done some damage. In the latter county a farmer named Egleberg lost four horses by fire while plowing brakes, also 150 acres of wheat. Other losses of seventy and sixty acres are reported in the same locality. In Stutsman county Farmer Lawrence lost thirty-five acres of grain, and only the great efforts of a threshing crew prevented greater loss of stock and buildings. Grass was burned off for several miles north in spite of all efforts to extinguish the fire, which was only stopped at Spirit Wood lake.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

A house, barn, 90 sheep and about 40 tons of hay, belonging to Mrs. Levi Greely of Gary, were burned. No insurance. Fire was started by children playing with matches.

The University of South Dakota opened the other morning. Hon. A. Sheridan Jones of the board will act as president until one can be secured. Not all of the faculty are present.

Hon. D. W. Lawler of St. Paul has accepted the invitation of the state Democratic central committee to deliver a political address on the evening the Democratic state convention meets in Mitchell.

Richard Scholz and Charles Algrin, of Smithwick, Fall River county, quarreled over some stock. A fight ensued and Scholz was kicked in the bowels and died from inflammation of the bowels and peritonitis. Algrin was arrested.

Farmer Slocum of Leola lost a separator and 400 bushels of wheat by fire while threshing. Slocum and his firemen were badly burned while trying to save the machine, and the latter, who inhaled the flames, now lies in a serious condition.

News was received at Deadwood of the death at Horsehead, a little settlement in Fall River county, of Richard Scholtz, a blacksmith, from injuries inflicted by a club in the hands of Charles Ahlgrim. The latter has been arrested for murder. The men quarreled over a small bill and a fight followed.

The body of James M. Pratt of Annandale, was found in the woods about two hundred yards from his house. The village council, upon an investigation of the matter and an examination of the surroundings together with the position of the body and his gun, came to the conclusion that it was a case of accidental shooting and ordered the body removed to his late residence.

The disappearance of prisoners from the penitentary at Sioux Falls is in order lately. Myron Bemis, a "trusty" walked off and passed out of the state near Yankton. Three other prisoners took occasion to walk away from the kitchen door without leave. The trio are known as Langdon, safe blower, Kingsbury county, John Flaherty, murder, Huron; James Cambell, burglary, Deadwood.

WISCONSIN.

Merrill has a number of chicken thieves.

Ripon College has 118 scholars this year.

Racine police are busy watching a gang of youthful theives.

Dairy commissioner Harkness is after the Waukesha milkmen.

Independence has organized a Board of Trade with $5,000 capital.

The Saukville cheese factory paid its patrons $3,300 during June and July.

Robert Wood, a pioneer of Shebogan County, died recently at Fort Dodge, Ia.

A Racine officer stopped three little girls in short dresses from smoking cigarettes on the street.

Col. R. S. Gardner was at Merrill looking over the city's advantages as a site for the new Indian Industrial School.

R. R. Shaw, a switchman in the East St. Paul yards whose home is at Black Rock, Wis., had both his legs cut off by the cars.

An aged man named Keller was killed by a North-Western train near Verona, Dane County.

The Ashland pulp-mill is to be rebuilt. About $100,000 is to be invested in the new industry.

The Ripon Fruit Growers' Association this season handled 4,000 less cases than last year.

Officer Lawrence Quinn, of Prairie du Chien, was struck with a pair of brass knuckles by a man who is known, and who will be arrested. Quinn was seriously hurt.

An attempt was made to assault Miss Lottie Baker, a young dressmaker at Appleton. The girl's cries scared her attempted assailant and he took to his heels.

The state veterinarian pronounced the cattle disease near Arcadia to be anthrax, a sort of murrain, a malady not so dangerous as was at first supposed.

George Wells, a Mondovi man, 71 years old, in one day recently pitched upon the wagon twenty-two large loads of oats, and sighed because there was no more to pitch.

The Rev. Father A. P. Rogers, of Florence, narrowly escaped drowning while fording the Brule River. He was swept down the stream several rods, and, luckily, landed in a bit of shallow water.

Low license ($200) was carried in Madison by 458 plurality. The other grades voted for were $350. The high license people were exceptionally lethargic. The vote was very light.

Lieut. Andrus inspected the Appleton national guard, and the newspapers of that city say just what they do in every other town—that the boys showed up better than any company Lieut. Andrus has inspected.

Martha Krueger a domestic in Scott's hotel, Waupaca died under suspicious circumstances. An autopsy was held and a cornoner's jury decided that she came to her death by ether administered by herself or by some one else. It is supposed that the drug was taken to procure abortion. The girl was a German and had been in this country but a year.

IOWA.

Seth Benedict committed suicide at Marshalltown because he was jilted.

Henry Limbeck of Clinton, resisted arrest and was struck by Officer Peter Franzen. Limbeck is not expected to live.

The teamster Henry Limbech, who was clubbed by Officer Franzen, while resisting arrest at Clinton, died. His skull was fractured. Whether Franzen will be held to answer yet remains to be seen.

G. H. Perry, an old and respected citizen of Sibley, dropped dead near his residence recently. He was about sixty-five years old, and leaves a wife and five sons and daughters to mourn his death.

While the agent of the Kansas City road at New Hampton, stepped out of the depot for a few minutes the other afternoon some one broke in the money drawer and departed with over $100. No clue has yet been found.

Two thousand head of cattle were stampeded on one of the principal streets at Emmetsburg while they were passing through the city. After a few hours yelling and punching they were started on their way.

A train on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Road struck a wagon containing John Burbaker and Robert Aylwood, two farm hands, at a crossing near Vinton. Burbaker was killed almost instantly, while Aylwood lived a few hours.

At Clinton, Chris Sears, an old man of that place, was run down and killed by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul switch engine. The engineer saw Sears and supposed he would get off the track, but he is said to have been slightly deaf and did not hear the engine.

An incorporated company has been formed at Dubuque to crush and concentrate the dry bone and black jack taken from the surrounding mines. The shipments of this ore averages 300 tons daily, of which over one-third is refuse. This ore is the basis of zinc. The saving in freight will be very considerable.

In the case of the state vs. John Belgrum, city marshal of Creston, appealed from superior court, the jury disagreed. The case was brought against Belgrum for wilful neglect of duty as a peace officer in not enforcing the prohibition law. There are a number of civil damage suits being prosecuted against liquor sellers and a number of injunction suits are pending.

Several wolves have recently made their home on a little island near the ice harbor near Dubuque. Their depredations on the poultry houses near by became so frequent that a party went out the other morning on a grand wolf hunt. They succeeded in killing only one of the varmints. It is believed there are more of them on the island.

A little child of Ed Steuder, of Cresca, while playing at the barn with matches, set it on fire. The barn, grain, harness, flax and 50 tons of hay were consumed. It was with great difficulty that Mrs. Steuder got the horses out of the barn, and while doing so her clothing caught fire, but as assistance was near she was only slightly burned.

IN THEIR OWN TRAP.

S. V. White & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Forced to Make an Assignment.

An Attempt to Run a Corner in Corn the Cause of the Crash.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The announcement of the assignment and suspension of S. V. White & Co., of New York and Chicago, was made on the stock exchange today. Mr. White says the failure is due to long speculation in corn, and not in stocks. The liabilities of the firm are very large, but only a few hundred shares of stock are outstanding on contract.

The climax of to-day's catastrophe has been approaching culmination for the last two weeks. The news, which has been carefully guarded, leaked out soon after the closing of the stock exchange. An assignment of the assets of the embarrassed firm was then said to have been made, but not recorded.

There were no contracts outstanding on the floor of the stock exchange and no excitement was caused there by the announcement. All the members of the firm were at the office, and when the announcement of the suspension was made E. C. Stedman, as a friend, was authorized to make the following statement:

The cause of the trouble is due wholly to the decline in corn. The house has been heavily long of September and October corn and the immense receipts were too much for it to stand.

The private fortune of S. V. White, so long noted for the success and boldness of his speculative deals, is estimated at $2,000,000.

The failure caused but little excitement at the produce exchange, for the reason that but few of the members were interested in the deal. It is stated that the failure will affect Chicago principally. Price of corn on the produce exchange fell 1½ cents at the news of the failure.

THE LIABILITIES WILL BE VERY LARGE,

but Mr. Stedman says he can give no estimate of the amount as yet. The office of the firm after the announcement of the suspension was crowded with bankers, brokers and reporters, all trying to get some information in regard to the failure. The firm, however, had no formal statement to make to any of them. It was noted that for some days it had been preparing to meet the disaster which was seen to be inevitable when the deliveries of old corn began to pour in, and for some days the firm had declined to take any large deposits. Fears were expressed on many sides that other houses would be involved, but the members of the suspended firm say that no other firm is involved with them.

The members of the New York house are S. V. White and Franklin W. Hopkins. The following illustrates the personal feeling in regard to the failure. It is an expression by one of the firm's friends:

Any one who knows S. V. White knows that he will resume. You can't down him. There is no one in Wall street who does not sympathize with Mr. White. He has helped more men than anybody else on the street. If everybody on the street whom he has helped should give him $500, he would be again a rich man. He has acted in absolute honor, and, I have do doubt, will be all right in the end.

Charles W. Gould is the assignee, and there are no preferences. The assignee was seen in his office this afternoon. When questioned about the affair he said:

All I know is that I was engaged all day in going through the formal acts necessary for me to take charge of the assets of the firm. What these are or what the liabilities are, I have not the faintest idea. I have a force at work already making up the schedules. There is no inclination on my part to conceal the least thing from the public.

This is the third time in his business career in Wall street that Mr. White has been compelled to suspend payments. On the two previous occasions he got on his feet and paid his creditors in full. The grit, the vigor, the fighting qualities of Mr. White, his many friends say, will also bring him out of the present disaster. The failure will not involve any New York or Chicago houses, the concerns which have been executing his orders asserting that they were protected by ample margins against losses.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The simultaneous announcement on the New York stock exchange and the Chicago board of trade of the failure of the long-established, well known and wealthy New York commission firm of S. V. White & Co., with its branch house in Chicago, at the opening of business this morning, overshadowed all other items of news and caused instant demoralization in all of the trading pits, including grains and hog products.

The panic was short-lived, however, and, after a partial recovery, the markets became comparatively steady, though generally at a lower range than that of yesterday, and the pits assumed their normal appearance. Nevertheless the feeling was nervous and the tone weak and traders were a-tiptoe, ready to run at the first sign of danger. Rumor was more or less free with the names of one or two prominent local houses who were known to have executed large commissions for the broken firm; but they proved groundless, for when the clearing house sheet came out at noon it showed no one in default except White & Co.

Corn was the most affected, as it was in an attempt to corner the September and October futures of that cereal that the broken firm was forced to the wall. December what started with sales at a figure between 98⅞c and 99½c, against $1.00⅞ at the close yesterday, but, as sales for account of the broken firm were not heavy, the market rallied gradually to 99⅞c, but the feeling was nervous, and, on receipt of a cable saying that the Berlin market was demoralized and 4c lower, broke to 99c; rallied to 99⅞c, broke again to 99c and closed easy at that price.

CORN OPENED TUMULTUOUSLY EXCITED,

with sales all the way from 47½c to 49½c, against 51⅞c at the close yesterday, brokers who had deals with White & Co. making haste to close them out. The offerings were immense, being absorbed chiefly by receivers and shippers; but the market stood well at the reduction under the immense load of offerings, and after a time advanced to 49⅞c. The market fluctuated for some time between 49c and 49½c, then advanced to 49⅞c and closed at 49⅞c. September, in which the main deal was, closed yesterday at 52⅞c. It opened to-day at 48⅞c to 50c, and touched 48⅞c, but closed at 49⅞c.

Physicians and Surgeons.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The second triennial meeting of American physicians and surgeons began here to-day and will continue until Friday evening. The congress is composed of members of the following national medical societies:

American Ophthalmological society, American Otological society, American Neurological association, American Gynecological society, American Dermatological association, American Laryngological association, American Surgical association, American Clymatological society, Association of American Physicians, American Association of Andrology and Syphilology, American Orthopedic association, American Physicological society, Association of American Anatomists, American Pediatric society.

A Jail Breaker's Confession.

CINCINNATI, Special—Prisoner Anderson, who has been confined at the jail on a charge of burglary, to-day made a confession in the presence of the sheriff and prosecutor, implicating all who were concerned in his escape from jail one Sunday morning some weeks ago. The statement says that at the instance of Mrs. Anderson, Hadden, who had been employed as his attorney, planned to liberate Anderson, and was paid $20 to get keys. These failed, and then Watchman Tucker was paid $200 to let Anderson out. The above mentioned are the only persons involved.

Fire Among Printers.

CHICAGO, Special 1:45 a. m.—At about 1:20 this morning an alarm of fire was turned in for a blaze in the rear of the building at 174 Monroe street, occupied by Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, the W. J. Jefferson Printing company and other firms. At 1:30 a 4-11 alarm was sounded and the fire had spread from the basement to the roof. Jameson & Moore, printers; Bloomgren Bros. & Co., electrotype founders, were the other occupants of the building. At 2:05 a. m., the fire is under control, but it is impossible to give an accurate estimate of the loss to-night. They will probably be over $50,000.

Went to Death Together.

WOODLAND, Cal., Special—The lifeless bodies of Miss May Adams and J. W. Montgomery were discovered this morning lying in the rear yard of a small unoccupied residence. A vial labeled "poison" and a revolver were found beside them. Investigation showed that Montgomery shot Miss Adams in the left temple, and then fired a shot through his own brain. The supposition is that the murder and suicide is the result of a refusal on the part of the lady's parents to permit their marriage.

Col. King Must Pay the Penalty.

MEMPHIS, Special—Judge Dubois, in the criminal court, this morning overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Col. H. Clay King for the murder of David H. Pasten in this city on March 10, 1891, and sentenced him to be hanged Nov. 6.

RATHER COSTLY.

The Government Will Refund Several Millions of Excess Duties.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The conference between treasury officials and the attorneys representing importers of embroideries used as hat trimmings was concluded today.

It is understood that the government will refund the excess of duty, amounting to about $8,000,000, collected on importations of the character referred to, coming within the purview of the decision of the United States supreme court and which had reference to ribbon chiefly or exclusively used as hat trimmings. The articles embraced in the suit at Philadelphia, in which the government secured a verdict favorable to it, are excluded from this arrangement, as not being hat trimmings within the meaning of the supreme court decision in the cases above mentioned.

Secretary Foster to-day sent a letter to the collector of customs at New York revoking the instructions of Dec. 29, 1890, suspending the reliquidation of protested articles claimed to be hat trimmings.

BECAUSE JILTED.

A Cast-Off Lover Kills the Girl and Then Takes His Own Life.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 23.—Michael Karofa, a Hungarian machinist from Girard, Pa., aged twenty-three years, to-night murdered Katie Robaly, aged twenty, and then committed suicide. The tragedy occurred at 28 Hill street, this city, where the girl lived with her aunt. The couple had been lovers in Hungary, and had been engaged to be married.

Recently the girl gave her heart to another man and was to have been married next Monday. Karofa came to Cleveland Sunday. For two days he tried to induce the girl to marry him. She refused all his overtures, and becoming desperate he procured a bull dog revolver and went to the house. The girl was shot at once, dying instantly. Karofa fired three bullets into his body and lived half an hour.

WORKED A CLEVER GAME.

How a Couple Got Money Out of a Brooklyn Man.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Aug. 27 Samuel W. Thornton, a Brooklyn baker, and Miss Eva Jewell, his sister-in-law, went bathing at Coney Island, and were never seen after entering the surf. Their clothing was found and it was supposed they were washed out to sea and drowned.

Yesterday a couple appeared at Jacksonville, Fla., who claimed to be the missing people, saying that they had been carried out to sea on a log, had been picked up by a Spanish vessel, transferred to another vessel and landed near that place. They telegraphed to Thornton's brother for money, which was sent them. To-day a special from Jacksonville says the couple are frauds and that they came to Jacksonville by train Sunday night. They got the money sent by Thornton's family and have left. Officers are in pursuit.

JEALOUSY AND DRINK.

These Lead a Chicago Man to Commit Murder and Suicide.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Crazed with jealousy and drink Oscar Gundeman, a laborer, today at his home on the North side blew out his wife's brains with a revolver and then ended his own life in the same manner.

The couple had been living together unhappily for some time. Because of the husband's cruelty, Mrs. Gundeman had had him arrested and held in bonds to keep the peace. This, it is thought, was the cause of the tragedy.

BLAINE WILL DECLINE.

Once More This Statement Is Made "On the Best of Authority."

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The Mail and Express prints this special from Washington:

James G. Blaine will soon after the first of the new year notify his friends who are now urging his nomination for the presidency that under no circumstances could he accept such an honor and that he is for the renomination and election of Benjamin Harrison. This information is given the Mail and Express on the authority of a man whose name is national and whose position as a friend of Mr. Harrison and of Mr. Blaine is unquestioned. He is the man who has charge of the Northwest for the president and who has the fullest confidence of both the interested parties.

The situation as here given has been known to the president for some time, and Mr. Blaine postpones his notification for good and sufficient reasons best known to himself. He expects to return to Washington in October, and his health has so much improved that he will get to work at once, as there are a number of important matters which require his personal attention.

There have been rumors galore as to what Mr. Blaine intends to do in response to the clamor for his accepting a nomination, but this is the first positive statement that in January he will announce in no uncertain terms that he can't be a candidate.

Opposition to Star.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Republican convention of Lawrence county assembled here to-day, nominated W. H. Harland for county commissioner and recommended the nomination of Sol Star as the Republican nominee of the state convention for congress. Many of the precincts refused to elect delegates, understanding that the convention was fixed for Star. Mr. Star is the old machine candidate, and his defeat, if nominated, is freely predicted. The Independents, in convention here to-day, nominated Dan Tonney, a Democrat, for county commissioner, and chose delegates to the state convention.

An Explanation in Order.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 23.—A sensation was caused here to-day by H. W. Huntington & Co., bankers, taking cognovit judgment for $4,000 against Gov. Campbell. The governor hustled around and settled the matter, and soon afterward telephoned Judge Pugh not to give it to newspapers. But he was too late. In this connection it was developed that the indebtedness was in the form of a note and Warden Dyer was the surety. This securing a business favor from one to whom the governor gave an official political position is a sensational matter.

Found Floating in the River.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—A party of lumbermen to-day found the dead body of a Swede mechanic named Peter Beckman in Dead river. Beckman disappeared from this city three days ago and a large reward was offered for information of his whereabouts. It is believed to be a case of suicide.

Appointment Rumors.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—These are days of appointment rumors, but it is now apparently settled that John M. Butler of Indianapolis will succeed Cooley, and Representative Clements of Georgia will succeed the late Commissioner Bragg on the interstate commerce commission. The same authority places Attorney General Miller on the circuit bench in his district.

Houston County's Fair Opened.

CALEDONIA, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Houston county fair opened to-day, with beautiful weather and a large attendance.

Albertson in Custody.

MARSFIELD, Or., Specia.—Edward Albertson, the defaulting secretary of the Fidelity Trust company of Tacoma and Fred Chandler, his accomplice, were arrested last night four miles below Gardiner, Or. The men were surprised by officers and ordered to throw up their hands. Chandler slowly complied. Albertson reached for his revolver, but one of the officers shot him before he could draw it. The shot took effect in Albertson's arm, inflicting a flesh wound. The two men then surrendered and were taken to Gardiner. Chandler talks freely, and exonerates all others except himself and Albertson from complicity in the robbery, but will not give the details leading up to the robbery of the bank.

What the Alliance Wants.

WASHINGTON, Special—At the Farmers' Alliance headquarters in this city it is stated that the Alliance will have fifty-five men in the next house who will vote with it on all measures that it may see fit to bring forward. In the senate the party claims four senators—Peffer, Kyle, Irby and Vance. At the next session a subtreasury bill and a land loan bill embodying the same principle as those before the last congress will be introduced into both houses and pushed to a vote. The Alliance will also demand a free coinage bill.

Montana's Population.

WASHINGTON, Special—Hon. Robert B. Porter, superintendent of census, has written a letter to the secretary of the interior officially informing him that the census office to-day completed the adjustment of the population for Montana by minor civil divisions. This completes the census of the United States by minor civil divisions. Most of the state bulletins have already been printed.

Over Two Thousand Lives Lost.

MADRID, Specal—The number of people who perished in the floods in the province of Toledo is now placed at 2,300, and the number of lives lost in other localities at 500. In addition, many were injured. It is estimated that the total loss from the floods, including the destruction of crops, damage to property, the railways' loss of traffic, etc., will amount to little short of £1,000,000.

AND SOME GOT LEFT

Thousands of Boomers and Sooners Flock Into the New Addition to Oklahoma.

Too Many People and Not Enough Land Makes It Rough on Some.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Sept. 23.—The settlement of the newly ceded portion of Oklahoma was made to-day in a more peaceful manner than any one anticipated.

Some shooting is reported and two negroes are said to have been killed by cowboys, but no such fighting occurred as was thought, and naturally, that there would be.

Simultaneous with the arrival of noon, the home seekers gathered on the border made a headlong rush over the line into the coveted country and on to the quarter sections upon which their eyes had been feasting, some for days and others for weeks and months.

The rush was a mad one, and was made so by the fact that the number of home seekers greatly exceeded the number of quarter sections available for settlement. "First there, first served," was the motto of every racer. There was room in the lands for about 5,000 settlers, allowing 160 acres for each. There were on the border waiting to claim the available land fully 15,000 people, so that there were three persons for each section.

The craze to become the owner of a part of the new lands caused a strange commingling of various elements of society. There was the cowboy and the more effeminate counter clerk, the gambler and the preacher, the bona fide settler and the speculator, the bootlegger and the frontier missionaries, the business man and the tramp, the man who had left his country for his country's good and the man who was an honor to his locality, the man in his carriage and the man in his prairie schooner, the equestrian and the pedestrian on the border before the hour of noon—and all intent on one object—the securing of a piece of land. To-morrow the various elements will arrange themselves in their classes again. To-day they were all of one class—land seekers.

A half-hour's diligent work would have sufficed to prepore the most elaborately equipped boomer for the race into the new country, but preparations were begun long before the hour of noon. Horses were hitched, wheels were greased, saddlegirths cinched, and everything made snug as early as 10 o'clock, so anxious was every one to be in readiness to move at the time appointed.

NOW THEY'RE OFF.

When the noon hour arrived all the pent up excitement found vent in the firing of revolvers and rifles, shouting and singing and cracking of whips and furious driving and running. The horsemen, of course, had the advantage over every other man in the race and most of the racers were horsemen. The man who had proceeded to the border in a prairie schooner with his family, left his schooner, family, and one horse on the border and became a horseman. After filin his claim he will return and direct his possessions to his new home. Men who came here with nothing but money purchased saddle horses, ponies, mules, or any kind of an animal that would carry a man, while others rented them.

Some of the more desperate cowboys mounted steers, and the latter joining in the stampede carried their riders to the interior, while others were unceremoniously unhorsed, or unsteered, not far from the border. The boomers had gathered for the race mostly at Tohee, on the Iowa border directly east of Guthrie, Langston, at the middle of the northern Iowa border, the inside boundary of the Kickapoo reservation (which was not included in the opened lands), and at a point on the Pottawatomie border, directly east of Purcell. The most desirable of the lands is situated in the Iowa and Sac and Fox reservations and the greater number of boomers naturally congregated around them. The boomers were distributed among the various starting points about as follows: At Tohee, 3,000; Langston, 1,500 negroes and 500 whites; on the Kickapoo border 8,000 and on the Pottawatomie border 2,000. The allotments to the Pottawatomie Indians nearly exhausted the lands in their reservation, so that the homeseekers had little chance of locating a claim there.

NEGROES AND COWBOYS.

At Langston negroes had been gathered by the Negro Colonization society to the number of 1,500, and they were to move en masse into the Cimarron valley, a most fertile region, and locate in a bunch. Five hundred cowboys also had their eyes on that section, and each party had made all sorts of threats of taking the land by force. A force of deputy marshals and deputy sheriffs under the sheriff of this county had been dispatched there to preserve order, and it is believed that they will be able to maintain peace.

The government supervision of the opening of the lands seems to have been sadly deficient. The entire government force was composed of two companies of United States troops, or 200 men, under Captains Hayes and Styles, and the forces of three United States marshals numbering about 250 men. In some places there were ten and fifteen men to a mile, while at others there were stretches of five and ten miles entirely unguarded. Under these conditions it might have been expected that numbers of boomers would enter before the appointed time, and they did.

"SOONERS" PLAY A TRICK.

Two miles north of Tohee about 200 boomers had gathered in a secluded spot, knowing that the government's force would be massed at the border town. They had all set their watches three hours ahead last night so that their testimony would agree as to the time, if ever their claims were contested on the ground of their being "sooners." At 9 o'clock, therefore, their watches all indicated the noon hour, and they rushed over the border and began the race for choice sections of land. The "sooners" at other unguarded portions of the border were also very numerous, and it is estimated from all reports that the number of settlers who entered the land before the legal time was fully 3,000.

THE SCENE AT THE LAND OFFICE

was a lively one. About 250 old soldiers armed with declaratory statements have been in line before the office door for four days past. Some have slept in chairs, some on the ground, and some hardly at all. Their meals were brought to them by their wives, children or friends.

The first man in the line was John Diamond. When noon arrived he handed his papers to Receiver Barber to make the necessary examination of them. The papers were then passed up to Mr. Wallace, chief of the land office. Mr. Diamond passed to the next window and handed in his $14 and was handed a receipt for the same. On passing out of the land office he was met by his family and congratulated.

Got Tired of Staying in Jail.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Sept. 23.—Two prisoners. William Johnson of Groton, bound over for assault, and Samuel Smith of Waliworth county, serving a term for rape on a fourteen-year-old girl, broke from the jail last night and are now at large, with the sheriff in hot pursuit. They cut a hole in the jail floor.

Held on the Charge of Murder.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 23.—William A. Higgins was held in the criminal court to-day on the charge of murder, for causing the death of "Aunt Tillie" Hunter, an aged negress, by setting her clothes on fire with a lighted match in a saloon on Saturday night, Sept. 12.

A SHORT SESSION.

The Fergus Falls United States Court Fall Term Lasts Half a Day.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The fall term of the United States circuit and district court in this city opened this morning, Judge Alfred D. Thomas of North Dakota presiding. Judge Thomas has been appointed to hold the remaining terms of the United States courts in Minnesota outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis during the remainder of 1891. The following officials were present:

United States District Attorney Eugene Hay; United States Marshal J. C. Donahower; William A. Spencer, clerk of the United States district court, and Oscar B. Hillis, clerk of the United States circuit court.

The following petit jury was paneled:

A. D. Palmer of Lakefield, T. F. Leonard of Austin, E. H. Pickett of Albert Lea, Charles Locke of St. James, William Bandler of Austin, G. G. Miller of Mantorville, A. Coleman of Dodge Center, Daniel Anderson of Cambridge, George L. Rathburn of Burns, W. D. Seeley of Windom, Henry Koehnlein of Parker's Prairie, E. Z. Rasey of St. James, H. Thompson of Grove City, J. J. Ide of Crookston and Joseph Yates of New York Mills.

No grand jury was summoned at this term. The only criminal case brought up was that of Joseph E. Lindberg of Rose Lake, Kittson county, charged with cutting spruce trees owned by the United States. He pleaded guilty and was fined $30, which he paid.

A telegram from A. S. Crossfield announced that the case of Hubbell vs. Becker & Chadbourne of Brown's Valley had been referred by stipulation. There being no further business court adjourned at noon.

Granted Patents.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—Patents granted to Northwestern inventors:

Minnesota—P. F. Baker, Minneapolis, verticle boiler; William N. Bauman, Minneapolis, curling iron heater; Frank M. Farwell, Minneapolis, electric coupling; Henry M. Ermoer, Minneapolis, assignor to Eureka Car Coupler company, Waterloo, Iowa, car coupling; John King, Minneapolis, combined curb and gutter; Rudolph C. Kerueschke, Duluth, electric show case alarm.

South Dakota—Edwin J. Tracey, Sioux Falls, folding rack.

Wisconsin—Andreus Borch, Prairie du Chien, and Frederick Bosch, Merrill, pruning implement; Joseph Fichtner, assignor of one-half to L. R. Lorenz, Milwaukee, game apparatus; William Kootz, assignor to Gem Hammock Fly Net company, horse fly net; John Mager, Milwaukee, device for sulphuring casks; Hannah M. Pierce, Manitowoc, stand for fire irons; John Bratsch, assignor of one-half to F. S. Ideson, Oshkosh, dust collector.

Paid Nature's Reckoning.

MANDAN N. D. Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—To-day John Scott Mann, a cousin of President Harrison's father-in-law, died. Mann was an old settler here and eighty years old. He took up a claim years ago where most of the city of Minneapolis now stands, and the land he once owned is now worth millions. He moved to Fargo and owned land there, but left it before the boom. He died on his farm two miles south of Mandan.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Special. Sept. 22.—John F. Grimm, one of the leading citizens of Rochester, died at his home in this city this morning. For some time he has been suffering from cancer of the stomach and underwent two operations for its removal, but without avail. The funeral will occur to-morrow.

HASTINGS, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—Mrs. David Downing, an early resident of Denmark, died last night after a protracted illness. She leaves a husband. Her age was sixty-four.

Natural Gas at New Ulm.

NEW ULM, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—It is thought that a strong vein of natural gas has been struck on the farm of Joseph Weige, just on the edge of town. Richartz & Faas were engaged in sinking a deep well there yesterday, and at a depth of 170 feet a strong odor escaped from the pipe, and when a light was brought over the top of the pipe the flame blazed up for six or seven feet, and continued burning until smothered. A cap was then placed on the pipe, and an investigation will be made. Twenty feet of water stood in the pipe at the time, but the gas bubbled up through this and exerted a pressure of from twenty-five to thirty pounds to the square inch on the cap. A rivet placed in the cap was thrown thirty feet in the air.

Endorsed by Iowa Methodist.

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The busiest session in the history of the Methodist Episcopal Northwest annual conference closed here to-day, Cherokee was selected as the place of meeting for next year. Resolutions were passed commending the efforts to close the Columbian exposition on Sunday, endorsing the movement looking toward no Sunday work for railway men, endorsing the prohibitory policy of the state, deprecating the use of tobacco and favoring the disciplining of members of the conference who used it, and commending the organization of the Mutual Insurance company among the members of the conference. The conference was extended to the University of the Northwest at Sioux City and Wilmot Whitfield elected chancellor.

Pensions Granted.

Minnesota—Original: Harlow McIntire, Frank Shaw, G. H. Dillaber, Dwight R. Houlton, Robert Ray. Increase: Riley H. Martin, Lansing Woodworth, Cyrus Lovett, Henry Bruer, Ole Paulson, Charles F. Stark, Abram Plumer, Harrison Lamson. Original widows, etc.: Permelia Harvey (mother), Mary Hockenbrey, Agatha Zimmerman, Adaline Hendrikson, Maria A. Postell, Annie Hand, Christian Singia.

North Dakota—Original: Emmons J. Heath, Levi J. Albred, William Dewalt. Increase: Jerome C. Thompson, Edgar Tibbitts, Peter Peterson.

South Dakota—Original: Harvey E. Landers, Franklin J. Burnett, Patrick Casey, Dudley L. Chase. Original widows: Augusta Pleshotka, Mary A. Woodward.

Three More Trains.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Minneapolis & St. Louis will make an important addition to its train service through Northfield and Southern Minnesota by putting on three more trains per day. One will be a passenger to run south in the forenoon, and the other two will be freights. This will give the road four trains per day, as only one is running at present. The company has long been importuned to add more trains, but up to the present time has ignored the requests, and in consequence nearly all business has gone over to the Milwaukee.

Bound by Matrimony's Chains.

HASTINGS, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—One of the notable events of the week was the marriage this evening of David L. Thompson of this city and Miss Jennie Kingston of Marshan at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Paul Kingston, at 6 o'clock. Rev. Edward Moyses officiated. The pair left on the 8:45 train upon a wedding trip to Chicago.

Pearl Seekers Dredging Lake Pepin.

RED WING, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—Divers are at work near the shores of Lake Pepin, bringing up clams for pearl seekers, who have become imbued with the idea that pearls are hidden there the same as in other lakes. Large quantities of clams have been brought up and opened, but so far the pearl finds have not been extensive.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A cable from San Salvador says the reports about the assassination of President Bogran of Honduras are utterly false.

The pope is organizing an international congress to be held at Fribourg in 1892, to arrange an European Catholic democratic union.

The national convention of the cigarmakers' union opened in Indianapolis yesterday. The president reviewed the progress of the union during the past two years.

It is stated that the king of Roumania, upset by the queen's illness and court intrigues, has imparted to the Roumanian premier and others his desire to abdicate the throne.

Dr. Francis A. Schlitz, a wealthy practitioner in Brooklyn, is missing. He is believed to have eloped with a twenty-three-year-old girl servant in his family, who has also disappeared.

In the Canadian house of commons to-day a motion will be made to impeach Postmaster General Haggart in connection with acts in the construction of the Canadian Pacific railway.

F. W. Dunlap, a deputy delinquent mercantile tax appraiser of Philadelphia, pleaded guilty to conspiracy to defraud the city yesterday and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Delicious.

BISCUIT. DUMPLINGS,
MUFFINS, POT PIES.
WAFFLES. PUDDINGS,
CORN BREAD. CAKES.
GRIDDLE CAKES. DOUGHNUTS.

Can always be made with Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. And while cakes and biscuit will retain their moisture, they will be found flaky and extremely light and fine grained, not coarse and full of holes as are the biscuit made from ammonia baking powder. Price's Cream Baking Powder produces work that is beyond comparison and yet costs no more than the adulterated ammonia or alum powders. Dr. Price's stands for pure food and good health.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

DIVERS in the clear waters of the tropical seas find that fish of diffierent colors when frightened do not all dart in the same direction, but that each diffierent kind takes shelter in that portion of the submarine growth nearest in color to that of the fish.

OHIO claims to have the largest oil well in this country if not in the world. It is located near North Baltimore, in Hancock County, and if permitted to flow its full capacity would more than fill two of the 35,000-barrel tanks every twenty-four hours.

IT is asserted that one glass of beer taken through a straw will make a man drunk. As most beer guzzlers would take it through a hose or a hydrant if convenient the straw experiment is not likely to become popular.

THE biggest doctor's fee of the age is the 2,000,000 marks paid by Herr von Donner, a Hamburg merchant, for his wife. The money wasn't given to the famous Wiesbaden practioner, however, but, at his wish, to found a hospital in Hamburg.

A HOTEL in Hambrug has been built entirely of compressed wood, which by the pressure to which it is subjected is rendered as hard as iron, as well as absolutely proof against the attacks of fire.

THAT's a great discovery of Dr. Sliech's, in Berlin, that water can be used as anæsthetic; but for the general purposes of voluntary paralysis beer will hold its own in the German capital and elsewhere.

THE largest grapevine in the world is that growing at Oys, Portugal, which has been bearing since 1802. Its maximum yield was in 1884, in which year it produced a sufficient quantity of grapes to make 165 gallons of wine.

THERE is an immense garden in China that embraces an area of 50,000 square miles. It is all meadow land, and is filled with lakes, ponds, and canals. Altogether it is as large as the states of New York and Pennsylvania combined.

While flats are becoming increasingly popular in France among people of moderate means, poeple in a corresponding position in Germany are as anxious to live in houses of their own, and a company has just been formed in Berlin to enable them to do so.

WILD horses are sociable in character and protect themselves against carnivorous beasts by herding together in large numbers. In face of any danger, such as storms and fires, they unite in still larger bodies, probably from a sentiment akin to the human one at similar crises.

IN big trees the new State of Washington is quite rich. A Seattle paper mentions a fir in Sumas which is 8½ feet in diameter. Near Stanwood there is a cedar 17 feet in diameter 33 feet from the roots, and 12 feet in diameter 112 feet from the roots. Nooksack reports a fir 12 feet in diameter.

IT is estimated that the treasure lying idle in India in the shape of hoards or ornaments amount to £350,000,000. A competent authority calculates that "in Amritsar City alone there are jewels to the value of £2,000,000 sterling."

MRS. LUCIAN MAYBERRY, of Little Rock, Ark., is the mother of ten boys, all born within a married life of thirty-nine months. There are two sets of triplets and two pairs of twins. Mrs. Mayberry is a pretty blonde, plump and hearty, of barely twenty-four years of age.

A CHICAGO paper says that on April 22, 1891, Jay Gould's train ran from Elburon to Geneva, Ill., a distance of eight-and-a half miles, in five minutes, the rate being 102 miles an hour. If this is correct it should go on record, as it is probably the best achievement yet made in the way of rapid traveling.

IMITATION gold is a new compound which was recently discovered and which puzzles the best of jewelers to detect. Its weight is that of gold and acid tests are the same, except that the acid boils a trifle when applied to it, although when it is wiped off no spot is left. It is cheap and easily worked. Its chief factor is aluminium composite, from 5 to 8 per cent.

EDISON has turned his attention to mining, and has on exhibition at Montreal devices which will revolutionize that industry. It will no longer be necessary to dig a million dollar hole to find there is no valuable deposit of ore in a given locality. With an Edison drill a small hole can be made to a great depth and samples of the strata pierced be brought to the surface.

THE Dominion of Canada has a beautiful scandal on hand. A Parliamentary Committee is investigating charges of fraud against several government officials and is finding lots of damaging evidence, but whenever a question is asked which threatens to go to the bottom of the corruption the government majority on the committee votes it down. Apparently the investigators will have to be investigated before the matter is finished.

IT is somewhat strange that so few sea captains are good swimmers. Captain Andrew G. Braes, of the steamship State of California, tells a New York reporter: "I'm a poor swimmer myself. I can float for hours, however, and that is the best safety accomplishment for a mariner. I can put my hands under my head in the water and float for an indefinite period without getting tired. In my long service I have twice been in peril of my life and once escaped by keeping afloat."

DIGEST OF THE NEWS

Interesting Digest of the Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Associated Press.

Washington, Criminal, Foreign, Personal, Casualty, and Other Important News.

ROUND WASHINGTON.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MILLER prepares a brief in the lottery cases.

THE heavy drafts upon the treasury balance since the first of the month in redeeming 4½ per cent bonds has reduced the net balance in the treasury, which on Sept. 1 was $60,000,000, to $48,000,000.

HENRY COLEMAN, colored, a messenger at the door of the attorney-general's office for 26 years, died aged 80 years. Prior to 1860 Coleman purchased his freedom and afterwards that of his wife.

THE 4½ per cent bonds received at the treasury department for continuance at 2 per cent amounted to $92,300, making the total thus far continued $24,654,700. The 4½ per cents received for redemption amounted to $372,300. The redemptions at the New York sub-treasury aggregated $76,100, making the total redemptions to date $12,900,700.

PEOPLE IN PRINT.

EX-CONGRESSMAN HYMEN, of North Carolina, and one of the most influential colored men in congress along in 1875, died at Washington from a stroke of paralysis.

CHARLES A. WOODBURY died at the Salem, Mass., hospital of hydrophobia. He was sixty-two years old and was a California 49er.

SIR JOHN STEELE, R. S. A., sculptor to her majesty for Scotland, is dead. He was born in Aberdeen in 1833. In 1872 Sir John executed in bronze a full size copy of his colossal statue of Sir Walter Scott, for the Central park, New York. He also executed the colossal for the Scotch poet, Robert Burns, which is erected in the same place.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Two negroes were killed by lightning near Victoria, Tex.

AT St. Mary's Ohio, a large oil tank burst and took fire, the city being threatened. The loss in oil is enormous.

OF the twelve workmen buried by the falling in of a railway tunnel, near Messina, Italy, ten were taken out alive and two were found dead.

FIRE in the old Commercial Advertiser building, New York, caused a large loss. Two persons are supposed to have been burned to death.

FOUR laborers were drowned in the Delaware river opposite the League island navy yard, Philadelphia, by the upsetting of a small skiff.

THE mill of Capt. J. C. Simpson, located at Layac Creek, Tex., was burned to the ground, together with several thousand feet of lumber. Total loss about $50,000; no insurance.

THE French steamship Nantes, Capt. Coquet, from Harve for New Orleans, went ashore at Corunna, Spain, and will prove a total loss. No loss of life reported.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire is reported at Holl and Chowitz, a village of Bohemia, and two miles from Prague. The state railway machine shops were burned, and three people were killed. The loss was about 2,500,000 of florins.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire occurred in Camargo Ill. The fire was in the business part of the town and the loss reached $30,000. Among the buildings burned was the dry goods house of W. H. Hall, A. F. Jarman's drug store and five other business houses.

Frederick Kammerer a drunken fellow, shot and killed his wife at their home, No. 119 York street Cleveland. They had quarreled. Kammerer was arrested and admitted that he had killed the woman, but to have had no cause for the crime.

Michael Trienen a night watchman in the joint employe of the Wiggins ferry company and the Missouri Pacific Railroad company, and who is a brother-in-law of Prosecuting Attorney Bernard Dierkes, was assassinated in St. Louis. No cause or clue apparent.

THE mystery surrounding the fate of the schooner Pannonia, long overdue at San Francisco from the Marshall Islands, is at last cleared up. The schooner was wrecked on a reef southwest of the Hawaiian islands and every soul on board was drowned.

THE Colcine Window Glass works at Fostoria, Ohio, the largest in the United States with one exception, have burned. The loss is $25,000 with no insurance. The same works burned about seven months ago. Secretary of the Treasury Foster was the principal owner.

HARRY KENNEDY, a bell boy at the Neil house, Columbus, O., aged fifteen years, was killed on an elevator. While ascending he thrust his head out to look upward. It struck against a door sill and was squeezed between the elevator and the walls, breaking his neck. Death was instantaneous.

THE bridge across the Sangamon river, in Illinois, on the Jacksonville Southeastern road, gave way as a local freight was passing over, precipitating three cars and the caboose into the river. Nicholas Quirk, of Columbus, O., was probably fatally injured. Conductor Rutter and the two brakemen escaped with slight injuries.

The hosiery factory of Killen & Sons, at John and Betts streets, Cincinnati, burned recently. The loss is $50,000, with insurance covering the loss. Chief Hughes, of the fire department, was badly cut by falling glass, and was removed to his home. Mrs. Col. William Sellers, who left her home near by, fearing that her house would burn, died suddenly of heart disease, aggravated by the excitement.

FOREIGN.

The queen of Roumania, who has been critically ill, is now improving.

"LOHENGRIN" is produced in Paris and a semi-riot results.

THE Chilian authorities have purchased the Italian Aquila, which has been transformed into a cruiser.

IT is reported that 50 workmen have been killed through the collapse of a tunnel on the line of a new railway near Trieste.

THE Duke of Genoa has been appointed honorary president of the Italian world's fair committee.

THE report that the British had seized the island of Mitylene, on the coast of Asia Minor, was incorrect.

THE Mexican minister of finance has ordered that of all metal or mineral exported from that country two specimens of one-half ounce each must be taken from every bar.

THE dockers of Havre have struck for higher wages. The employers offer slight concessions, which the strikers refuse to accept. The mayor is conducting negotiations for settling the strike.

A DISPATCH from Warsaw to the Political Correspondent confirms the reports of the massing of Russian troops in the western districts in connection with the coming military maneuvers.

THE death rate from cholera among the pilgrims to Mecca has been unprecedented in the annals of Mohammedan pilgrimage. The authorities at that time estimated that 11,000 pilgrims had died during the season.

A SYNDICATE has been formed in Hamburg, Germany, to construct abattoirs in Chicago, in order that Germans may control the imports of American pork into Germany.

THE Mexican government has granted a concession to James M. Powers & Co., of Philadelphia, for the establishment of a line of steamships to ply between Philadelphia and Mexican ports.

SERIOUS floods and storms are reported in various parts of Spain. Railway communication is interrupted at several points. The Amarguillo has overflowed its banks, destroying the town of Consuegra and flooding several villages.

THE foreign ministers at Pekin have urgently protested to the Chinese government against the latest outrages, those at Ichang, on the Yang Tse Kiang, when the British consulate was destroyed, the houses of Europeans were burned, and there is serious talk of a naval demonstration.

THE London committee formed with the purpose of leaving no stone unturned in order to bring about the release of Mrs. Maybrick from prison has retained the services of Sir Charles Russell and Sir Horace Davey in order to test the legality of Mrs. Maybrick's detention in prison.

It is reported that the negotiations of the new French loan have reached a successful conclusion. The loan, it is said, will be issued in October next. The price finally agreed upon is from 78½ to 79½.

OFFICIAL reports on the recent sinking of the steamer Taormina, by the steamship Thessalia, off Cape Colonna, show that only twelve of the sixty-five passengers were saved. An Englishman and a Frenchman, whose families were drowned, have gone mad.

AT the regular half-yearly meeting of the directors of the Bank of England a statement was submitted showing that the net profits for the half year ending Aug. 31 were £763,238, making the amount in rest £3,776,800. A dividend of 5 guineas per cent was declared, leaving in rest £3,012,770.

M. ROUVIER, the French minister of finance, was married to Marguerite Pommereul, the widow of Du Guyel. M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, and M. Fallieres, minister of justice, were best men. Deputy-Mayor Isabey, of the 16th arrondissment of Paris, performed the ceremony.

AN Austrian spy named Krasnicki has been sentenced to be transported to Siberia, and three Russians, who were his accomplices, have each been sentenced to eight years of penal servitude. Krasnicki bribed a man belonging to the staff of the Eleventh army corps of Austria to purloin military documents.

WICKEDNESSES.

THE assistant of a new York church is accused of most heinous crimes.

A SIXTEEN-YEAR-OLD mother murders her new born child near Eau Claire.

EUGENE SHIRE cut the throat of his paramour, Maggie Dolan, at St. Louis, and then cuts his own throat.

A settler named Westerlund, of New Stockholm, Manitoba, chopped the head off his three year old daughter. He was insane.

EX-PRESIDENT F. W. KENNEDY and ex-Cashier H. H. Kenedy, of the looted Spring Garden National bank, Philadelphia are sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

A YOUNG man of Marshalltown, Iowa, kills himself because a girl with whom he was in love refused his attentions owing to his bad habits.

J. SHERWOOD CORNING, of Rochester, N. Y., a wealthy banker, has sued the New York Sun for $15,000 damages. The Sun accused him of assaulting a woman passenger on the Circassia.

IN San Francisco the coroner's jury in the case of Officer Alexander Grant has rendered a verdict finding the deceased came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by Maurice B. Strellinger (M. B. Curtis).

MICHAEL MCARDLE, a young farmer of Mount Pleasant township, near Atchison, Kan., shot and killed Campbell Perry, a young farm hand who had called to collect $50 due him for labor. McArdle was arrested. He pleads self-defense.

AT Liverpool, two boys named Crawford and Shearon, aged 8 years, have been arrested for murdering one of their companions about the same age. The murder was committed in order to steal the dead boy's clothes. They both confessed.

SPORTS.

IN a heavy-weight fight in San Francisco Billy Smith of Australia defeats Tom McCarthy of Boston in eight rounds.

GEORGE HAMMOND, of Middleburg. Vt., owner of the mare Tempest, alias Mollie, has been expelled from the National Association for an alleged crooked entry at Cleveland.

THE directors of the Granite Association of Hoboken held a meeting at which Jere Dunn and Dick Roche, the leading spirits of the association, withdrew. This means practically the disbandment of the organization. Dissatisfaction among the directors over the recent fight held at the association's rooms between McAuliffe and Gibbons led to this result.

RAILROADS.

The Western Traffic association absorbs nearly all the functions of the Western Freight association, and the latter cuts far less of a figure than formerly.

THE proposition to establish a new lake and rail line via the Soo road and a new line of steamers between Gladstone, Mich., and Buffalo, seems to be assuming shape.

ALDACE F. WALKER, chairman of the Western Traffic association, is much annoyed by the efforts of some of his friends to secure his appointment on the interstate commerce commission. He declares that he is not a candidate.

A CHICAGO paper states that the Southwestern Railway and Steamship association has withdrawn from the Western Traffic association. As a matter of fact that association was never, as a body, a member of the Western Traffic association.

AT a meeting of the directors of the Rock Island recently a quarterly dividend of one half of 1 per cent was declared, payable Nov. 2. Another meeting will be held. It is expected that the quarterly dividends will be increased to 1 per cent at the beginning of 1892.

CHAIRMAN FINLEY, of the Western Passenger association, handed down a decision recently, holding that the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern violated its agreement in the sale of tickets at one-third the regular fare to a party of Dunkards returning to Abilene, Kan. The company is required to pay over to the association such amount as should have been charged at full tariff rates for the tickets.

AMONG THE TOILERS.

THE second annual meeting of the National Association of Railroad Clerks has convened in St. Louis.

THE long talked of amalgamation between the Brotherhood of Telegraphers and the Order of Railway Telegraphers was accomplished at the session of the grand lodge of the former organization in St. Louis.

GENERAL.

THE Bank of Lyons, Kan., supposed to be one of the strongest financial institutions in the state, has made an assignment.

Two judgments aggregating $24,820 were entered in New York city against the Saxony Woolen Mills, manufacturers of blankets at Newburg, New York.

PRESIDENT GREENHUT of the whisky trust, says whisky interests will not be seriously affected by any instructions to farmers to hold their corn and wheat.

The Atlanta Steamship company has been formed at Bremen and New York. Paul Wedeking; of Berlin, has been appoined chariman.

Ex-Senator Tabor has won his suit for the Santa Edmige gold mine in New Mexico. The mine has produced already $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 of gold. The ore assays $200 to the ton and is still good for millions.

Suit will soon be begun by Mrs. Jefferson Davis against Robert Belford, the Belford Publishing Company, and Edward Lange, for alleged violation of the contract with Mrs. Davis to publish her memoirs of Jefferson Davis.

THE Attorney general of Pennsylvania. declined to permit the use of the name of the commonwealth in a proceeding to compel the East Harrisburg passenger railway of Philadelphia to show cause why its charter should not be forfeited for running cars on Sunday.

WHAT is perhaps the largest single lumber contract ever let in the world was closed recently with the Reliance Lumber company, of Beaumont, Tex. It is with the company who is building the railroad from Omaha to Galveston. The total amount of the contract is $8,000,000.

WAR has broken out again among the big watchmakers. The Elgin and Waltham companies issued a circular to the jobbers announcing a reduction of 20 per cent on all 18-size movements. The Elgin company will lose $100,000 in rebates to jobbers who now hold in stock the goods on which the reduction is made, and $300,000 on the movements now held by the company. The Waltham Company will lose something over a million. The reduction is made in an effort to wipe out the existence of the Dueber Watch Case Company.

WINGED MONSTERS.

A Remarkable Bird Seen Recently in California.

At the last meeting of the Amalgamated Association of Fish Liars the member from the north side who goes out twice a year with rod and gun but never unpacks the former, asked and received permission to read the following from San Francisco: "A well-authenticated story comes from Selma, Fresno County, of the appearance at that place of two huge-winged monsters that resemble the fabled dragon. They live on ducks and chickens and have been seen by a score of persons. One party watched for them on several nights and at last got a close view. The birds are said to have wings fully twelve feet long. Their bodies are six feet high when they walk about. They are not covered with feathers, and instead of a bill they have a hogs snout, with sharp teeth. Watchers saw two birds descend to a pond and chase mud hens in among the grass, crunching and devouring those they caught. Their eyes are very prominent. As soon as the men could get a shot they fired. One bird was wounded, but escaped by running through the marshes. The track which it left was like an alligator's, with five toes and strong claws on each foot. The track is eleven inches wide and nineteen long. It is thought the birds might be survivors of extinct species like the pterodactyl which lived on the shores of Tulare Lake, which has never been thoroughly explored."

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, North and South Dakota News in a Nutshell,

MINNESOTA

The Monticello factory recently burned, will be rebuilt.

Austin is having a new flax mill 204 feet in length.

Charles A. Ludwig, a saloonkeeper at Stillwater, assigned.

W. Kœnig's elevator at Plainview was burned. Loss $10,000.

Dr. J. D. Wheelock, a physician of Clearwater died, aged 70.

Thomas J. Clement, son of T. B. Clement died at Faribault.

Peter Derwin, of St. Paul died, aged 82. He went to St. Paul in 1858.

Lyman Alexander's residence near Faribault, burned with its contents.

Chris. Anderson's jewelry store at Moorhead was robbed of $150 worth of solid silver.

Bishop Whipple has received $50,000 for an endowment for Seabury Divinity School at Faribault.

Twenty-four stacks of wheat and a separator were burned on Frank daly's farm near Fulda.

Rev. P. K. Mellauy, pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran church at Stillwater died at Hudson, Wis.

The new Norwegian Lutheran College will be located at Madison, the county seat of Lac Qui Parle County.

A spark from a threshing engine set fire to Cleveland Bros.' thresher at Plainview. It was destroyed.

In a quarrel between Tom Allerton and John Anonsmith at Pipestone, the former was dangerously hurt.

The suit of J. Merkle against C. R. Henton for $10,000 for alienation of his wife's affections, is on trial at Luverne.

Holden Nelson committed suicide by hanging at Mabel. Long suffering from disease is supposed to be the cause.

A temporary injunction is asked at Pine City against the Brennan Lumber Company to restrain them from dumping refuse in the Grindstone river.

Thomas Glowp has laid claim to a large part of the city of Mankato, including the stone quarries and the ground upon which the Tourtolette Hospital stands.

Considerable apprehension is felt at Fergus Falls lest Goheen, the murderer, commits suicide before the time set for his execution. He is being carefully watched.

Preston Asborn and Hattie Baker, a St. Cloud couple, cannot marry because the law says the bride must be over 14 years of age.

Charles Lumley, a wine merchant of Minneapolis, died by his own hand, aged 60. His act anticipated death from cancer of the bowels.

Word has been received at Sauk Rapids that Callahan the convict who escaped from the reformatory has been captured at Foley.

The Minnesota Cereal Company at Faribault has made $10,000 worth of improvements on the old Straight River mill, and will employ fifty hands.

Adjutant Edward Thomas, of the Salvation Army, was drowned while fishing in Gilbert's Lake. He was stationed at Minneapolis.

Andrew Spangberg, the man whose incarceration in a dirty room at Duluth caused a sensation, died at the insane asylum at St. Peter.

James S. Everts, a brakeman on the Great Northern road, was crushed to death by the wheels at St. Paul. He was 32 years old and a married man.

An insurance company has offered to erect a $20,000 opera house for Marshall citizens, provided the latter guarantee a certain amount of insurance business.

Peter Gore, one of the earliest settlers in the vicinity of Winona, died suddenly at his home. The deceased was born in Norton county, Pennsylvania, in 1814, and has resided in this city since 1851.

A 6-year-old daughter of Jesse Harmer, a farmer living near Faribault, was so badly burned while playing near an old building that was being burned that her recovery is despaired of.

While Meritt D. Hoff, freight agent of the Great Northern Railroad at Minneapolis, was passing Hale, Thomas & Co.'s store, he was struck by a falling sign and hurt internally. He will recover.

John, a twenty-year-old son of James Welch, of Washington lake near Henderson, was accidentally shot and killed while hunting. He tried to pull the gun through a fence, when it went off, the charge entering his side and killing him almost instantly.

Gustav von Snyder, the normal school student who mysteriously disappeared recently from his home at Minneiska, was discovered and brought to Winona. He was brought before the probate judge and adjudged insane. He was been taken to the Rochester asylum.

E. J. Breed, general manager of the Marion Flint Glass Works, of Marion, Ind., is to establish a plant at Duluth for the manufacture of glass. He looks with favor on Duluth, and will probably erect a plant here, which will employ 200 men.

While George Durlin's threshing machine was in George Carver's yard, at Prairieville, preparing to thresh, fire escaped from the engine and caught in one of the stacks. Despite all efforts four stacks of oats and the separator were consumed. Mr. Carver's loss is estimated at 1,200 bushels of oats; no insurance.

The case of Mrs. Maggie Bentz, charged with threatening to kill Mrs. Annie Rieger, was tried before Justice Horner Potter of Vermillion, on a change of venue from Justice Alex Jeremy of Nininger. The defendant was discharged and the costs taxed up to the complainant.

Two stock trains collided on the Northern Pacific near Big Lake station. Two cars were completely smashed, and one engine was badly damaged. A number of cattle were killed and injured and several car loads turned loose on the prairie. A stock man was seriously injured in the accident.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bad prairie fires destroy hundreds of dollars worth of property.

Judge Templeton rendered a decision in favor of Nelson county in the Nelson county bond case, saving the county $9,500.

Judge Templeton has issued a mandamus requiring the elevator companies in the storage business to store wheat at statutory rates—two cents a bushel.

John Birkholz has sold the Smith farm of 600 acres south of Grand Forks to Noah Goine for $17,750. Birkholz purchased it about six months ago for $10,000. The increase is due to the splendid crop raised.

At the request of a portion of the East Grand Forks saloonkeepers that gambling places be suppressed, Mayor Rowen announces his intention to enforce all laws, and began by closing the saloons at 11 o'clock.

Michael Gleason entered the office of Doheny & Lyon's mill at Grand Forks, in the bookkeepers absence, forced the cash drawer and decamped with the contents. He was captured in East Grand Forks, tried before Justice Cutts and sentenced to 30 days.

Trouble is brewing at Grand Forks regarding the Great Northern right of way. S. W. McLaughlin claims three feet claimed by the railroad and refuses to vacate. Notice to quit was served on him, a petition being circulated requesting the same. McLaughlin will probably fight.

The State Congregational Association met at Jamestown recently. About 50 delegates were in attendance and the program, to occupy two days, was prepared. The work of the church in the state for the last year was reviewed and much interest manifested. Leading ministers of the denomination were present.

A woman who arrived at Bismarck from Williamspoint, sixty miles south, in Emmons county, gives a meager account of a terrible prairie fire which has burned over that section. The damage cannot be estimated at present, but will be very heavy. Many farmers have lost all their buildings, grain and hay.

Fires in Stutsman and Eddy counties have done some damage. In the latter county a farmer named Egleberg lost four horses by fire while plowing brakes, also 150 acres of wheat. Other losses of seventy and sixty acres are reported in the same locality. In Stutsman county Farmer Lawrence lost thirty-five acres of grain, and only the great efforts of a threshing crew prevented greater loss of stock and buildings. Grass was burned off for several miles north in spite of all efforts to extinguish the fire, which was only stopped at Spirit Wood lake.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

A house, barn, 90 sheep and about 40 tons of hay, belonging to Mrs. Levi Greely of Gary, were burned. No insurance. Fire was started by children playing with matches.

The University of South Dakota opened the other morning. Hon. A. Sheridan Jones of the board will act as president until one can be secured. Not all of the faculty are present.

Hon. D. W. Lawler of St. Paul has accepted the invitation of the state Democratic central committee to deliver a political address on the evening the Democratic state convention meets in Mitchell.

Richard Scholz and Charles Algrin, of Smithwick, Fall River county, quarreled over some stock. A fight ensued and Scholz was kicked in the bowels and died from inflammation of the bowels and peritonitis. Algrin was arrested.

Farmer Slocum of Leola lost a separator and 400 bushels of wheat by fire while threshing. Slocum and his firemen were badly burned while trying to save the machine, and the latter, who inhaled the flames, now lies in a serious condition.

News was received at Deadwood of the death at Horsehead, a little settlement in Fall River county, of Richard Scholtz, a blacksmith, from injuries inflicted by a club in the hands of Charles Ahlgrim. The latter has been arrested for murder. The men quarreled over a small bill and a fight followed.

The body of James M. Pratt of Annandale, was found in the woods about two hundred yards from his house. The village council, upon an investigation of the matter and an examination of the surroundings together with the position of the body and his gun, came to the conclusion that it was a case of accidental shooting and ordered the body removed to his late residence.

The disappearance of prisoners from the penitentiary at Sioux Falls is in order lately. Myron Bemis, a "trusty" walked off and passed out of the state near Yankton. Three other prisoners took occasion to walk away from the kitchen door without leave. The trio are known as Langdon, safe blower, Kingsbury county, John Flaherty, murder, Huron; James Cambell, burglary, Deadwood.

WISCONSIN.

Merrill has a number of chicken thieves.

Ripon College has 118 scholars this year.

Racine police are busy watching a gang of youthful theives.

Dairy commissioner Harkness is after the Waukesha milkmen.

Independence has organized a Board of Trade with $5,000 capital.

The Saukville cheese factory paid its patrons $3,300 during June and July.

Robert Wood, a pioneer of Shebogan County, died recently at Fort Dodge, Ia.

A Racine officer stopped three little girls in short dresses from smoking cigarettes on the street.

Col. R. S. Gardner was at Merrill looking over the city's advantages as a site for the new Indian Industrial School.

R. R. Shaw, a switchman in the East St. Paul yards whose home is at Black Rock, Wis., had both his legs cut off by the cars.

An aged man named Keller was killed by a North-Western train near Verona, Dane County.

The Ashland pulp-mill is to be rebuilt. About $100,000 is to be invested in the new industry.

The Ripon Fruit Growers' Association this season handled 4,000 less cases than last year.

Officer Lawrence Quinn, of Prairie du Chien, was struck with a pair of brass knuckles by a man who is known, and who will be arrested. Quinn was seriously hurt.

An attempt was made to assault Miss Lottie Baker, a young dressmaker at Appleton. The girl's cries scared her attempted assailant and he took to his heels.

The state veterinarian pronounced the cattle disease near Arcadia to be anthrax, a sort of murrain, a malady not so dangerous as was at first supposed.

George Wells, a Mondovi man, 71 years old, in one day recently pitched upon the wagon twenty-two large loads of oats, and sighed because there was no more to pitch.

The Rev. Father A. P. Rogers, of Florence, narrowly escaped drowning while fording the Brule River. He was swept down the stream several rods, and, luckily, landed in a bit of shallow water.

Low license ($200) was carried in Madison by 458 plurality. The other grades voted for were $350. The high license people were exceptionally lethargic. The vote was very light.

Lieut. Andrus inspected the Appleton national guard, and the newspapers of that city say just what they do in every other town—that the boys showed up better than any company Lieut. Andrus has inspected.

Martha Krueger a domestic in Scott's hotel, Waupaca died under suspicious circumstances. An autopsy was held and a cornoner's jury decided that she came to her death by ether administered by herself or by some one else. It is supposed that the drug was taken to procure abortion. The girl was a German and had been in this country but a year.

IOWA.

Seth Benedict committed suicide at Marshalltown because he was jilted.

Henry Limbeck of Clinton, resisted arrest and was struck by Officer Peter Franzen. Limbeck is not expected to live.

The teamster Henry Limbech, who was clubbed by Officer Franzen, while resisting arrest at Clinton, died. His skull was fractured. Whether Franzen will be held to answer yet remains to be seen.

G. H. Perry, an old and respected citizen of Sibley, dropped dead near his residence recently. He was about sixty-five years old, and leaves a wife and five sons and daughters to mourn his death.

While the agent of the Kansas City road at New Hampton, stepped out of the depot for a few minutes the other afternoon some one broke in the money drawer and departed with over $100. No clue has yet been found.

Two thousand head of cattle were stampeded on one of the principal streets at Emmetsburg while they were passing through the city. After a few hours yelling and punching they were started on their way.

A train on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Road struck a wagon containing John Burbaker and Robert Aylwood, two farm hands, at a crossing near Vinton. Burbaker was killed almost instantly, while Aylwood lived a few hours.

At Clinton, Chris Sears, an old man of that place, was run down and killed by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul switch engine. The engineer saw Sears and supposed he would get off the track, but he is said to have been slightly deaf and did not hear the engine.

An incorporated company has been formed at Dubuque to crush and concentrate the dry bone and black jack taken from the surrounding mines. The shipments of this ore averages 300 tons daily, of which over one-third is refuse. This ore is the basis of zinc. The saving in freight will be very considerable.

In the case of the state vs. John Belgrum, city marshal of Creston, appealed from superior court, the jury disagreed. The case was brought against Belgrum for wilful neglect of duty as a peace officer in not enforcing the prohibition law. There are a number of civil damage suits being prosecuted against liquor sellers and a number of injunction suits are pending.

Several wolves have recently made their home on a little island near the ice harbor near Dubuque. Their depredations on the poultry houses near by became so frequent that a party went out the other morning on a grand wolf hunt. They succeeded in killing only one of the varmints. It is believed there are more of them on the island.

A little child of Ed Steuder, of Cresca, while playing at the barn with matches, set it on fire. The barn, grain, harness, flax and 50 tons of hay were consumed. It was with great difficulty that Mrs. Steuder got the horses out of the barn, and while doing so her clothing caught fire, but as assistance was near she was only slightly burned.

IN THEIR OWN TRAP.

S. V. White & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Forced to Make an Assignment.

An Attempt to Run a Corner in Corn the Cause of the Crash.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The announcement of the assignment and suspension of S. V. White & Co., of New York and Chicago, was made on the stock exchange today. Mr. White says the failure is due to long speculation in corn, and not in stocks. The liabilities of the firm are very large, but only a few hundred shares of stock are outstanding on contract.

The climax of to-day's catastrophe has been approaching culmination for the last two weeks. The news, which has been carefully guarded, leaked out soon after the closing of the stock exchange. An assignment of the assets of the embarrassed firm was then said to have been made, but not recorded.

There were no contracts outstanding on the floor of the stock exchange and no excitement was caused there by the announcement. All the members of the firm were at the office, and when the announcement of the suspension was made E. C. Stedman, as a friend, was authorized to make the following statement:

The cause of the trouble is due wholly to the decline in corn. The house has been heavily long of September and October corn and the immense receipts were too much for it to stand.

The private fortune of S. V. White, so long noted for the success and boldness of his speculative deals, is estimated at $2,000,000.

The failure caused but little excitement at the produce exchange, for the reason that but few of the members were interested in the deal. It is stated that the failure will affect Chicago principally. Price of corn on the produce exchange fell 1½ cents at the news of the failure.

THE LIABILITIES WILL BE VERY LARGE,

but Mr. Stedman says he can give no estimate of the amount as yet. The office of the firm after the announcement of the suspension was crowded with bankers, brokers and reporters, all trying to get some information in regard to the failure. The firm, however, had no formal statement to make to any of them. It was noted that for some days it had been preparing to meet the disaster which was seen to be inevitable when the deliveries of old corn began to pour in, and for some days the firm had declined to take any large deposits. Fears were expressed on many sides that other houses would be involved, but the members of the suspended firm say that no other firm is involved with them.

The members of the New York house are S. V. White and Franklin W. Hopkins. The following illustrates the personal feeling in regard to the failure. It is an expression by one of the firm's friends:

Any one who knows S. V. White knows that he will resume. You can't down him. There is no one in Wall street who does not sympathize with Mr. White. He has helped more men than anybody else on the street. If everybody on the street whom he has helped should give him $500, he would be again a rich man. He has acted in absolute honor, and, I have do doubt, will be all right in the end.

Charles W. Gould is the assignee, and there are no preferences. The assignee was seen in his office this afternoon. When questioned about the affair he said:

All I know is that I was engaged all day in going through the formal acts necessary for me to take charge of the assets of the firm. What these are or what the liabilities are, I have not the faintest idea. I have a force at work already making up the schedules. There is no inclination on my part to conceal the least thing from the public.

This is the third time in his business career in Wall street that Mr. White has been compelled to suspend payments. On the two previous occasions he got on his feet and paid his creditors in full. The grit, the vigor, the fighting qualities of Mr. White, his many friends say, will also bring him out of the present disaster. The failure will not involve any New York or Chicago houses, the concerns which have been executing his orders asserting that they were protected by ample margins against losses.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The simultaneous announcement on the New York stock exchange and the Chicago board of trade of the failure of the long-established, well known and wealthy New York commission firm of S. V. White & Co., with its branch house in Chicago, at the opening of business this morning, overshadowed all other items of news and caused instant demoralization in all of the trading pits, including grains and hog products.

The panic was short-lived, however, and, after a partial recovery, the markets became comparatively steady, though generally at a lower range than that of yesterday, and the pits assumed their normal appearance. Nevertheless the feeling was nervous and the tone weak and traders were a-tiptoe, ready to run at the first sign of danger. Rumor was more or less free with the names of one or two prominent local houses who were known to have executed large commissions for the broken firm; but they proved groundless, for when the clearing house sheet came out at noon it showed no one in default except White & Co.

Corn was the most affected, as it was in an attempt to corner the September and October futures of that cereal that the broken firm was forced to the wall. December what started with sales at a figure between 98¾c and 99¼c, against $1.00⅞ at the close yesterday, but, as sales for account of the broken firm were not heavy, the market rallied gradually to 99⅞c, but the feeling was nervous, and, on receipt of a cable saying that the Berlin market was demoralized and 4c lower, broke to 99c; rallied to 99⅞c, broke again to 99c and closed easy at that price.

CORN OPENED TUMULTUOUSLY EXCITED,

with sales all the way from 47½c to 49½c, against 51¼c at the close yesterday, brokers who had deals with White & Co. making haste to close them out. The offerings were immense, being absorbed chiefly by receivers and shippers; but the market stood well at the reduction under the immense load of offerings, and after a time advanced to 49⅞c. The market fluctuated for some time between 49c and 49½c, then advanced to 49⅞c and closed at 49½c. September, in which the main deal was, closed yesterday at 52½c. It opened to-day at 48½c to 50c, and touched 48½c, but closed at 49½c.

Physicians and surgeons.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The second triennial meeting of American physicians and surgeons began here to-day and will continue until Friday evening. The congress is composed of members of the following national medical societies:

American Ophthalmological society, American Otological society, American Neurological association, American Gynecological society, American Dermatological association, American Laryngological association, American Surgical association, American Clymatological society, Association of American Physicians, American Association of Andrology and Syphilology, American Orthopedic association, American Physicological society, Association of American Anatomists, American Pediatric society.

A Jail Breaker's Confession.

CINCINNATI, Special—Prisoner Anderson, who has been confined at the jail on a charge of burglary, to-day made a confession in the presence of the sheriff and prosecutor, implicating all who were concerned in his escape from jail one Sunday morning some weeks ago. The statement says that at the instance of Mrs. Anderson, Hadden, who had been employed as his attorney, planned to liberate Anderson, and was paid $20 to get keys. These failed, and then Watchman Tucker was paid $200 to let Anderson out. The above mentioned are the only persons involved.

Fire Among Printers.

CHICAGO, Special 1:45 a. m.—At about 1:20 this morning an alarm of fire was turned in for a blaze in the rear of the building at 174 Monroe street, occupied by Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, the W. J. Jefferson Printing company and other firms. At 1:30 a 4-11 alarm was sounded and the fire had spread from the basement to the roof. Jameson & Moore, printers; Bloomgren Bros. & Co., electrotype founders, were the other occupants of the building. At 2:05 a. m., the fire is under control, but it is impossible to give an accurate estimate of the loss to-night. They will probably be over $50,000.

Went to Death Together.

WOODLAND, Cal., Special—The lifeless bodies of Miss May Adams and J. W. Montgomery were discovered this morning lying in the rear yard of a small unoccupied residence. A vial labeled "poison" and a revolver were found beside them. Investigation showed that Montgomery shot Miss Adams in the left temple, and then fired a shot through his own brain. The supposition is that the murder and suicide is the result o' a re usal on the part of the lady's parents to permit their marriage.

Col. King Must Pay the Penalty.

MEMPHIS, Special—Judge Dubois, in the criminal court, this morning overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Col. H. Clay King for the murder of David H. Pasten in this city on March 10, 1891, and sentenced him to be hanged Nov. 6.

RATHER COSTLY.

The Government Will Refund Several Millions of Excess Duties.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The conference between treasury officials and the attorneys representing importers of embroideries used as hat trimmings was concluded today.

It is understood that the government will refund the excess of duty, amounting to about $8,000,000, collected on importations of the character referred to, coming within the purview of the decision of the United States supreme court and which had reference to ribbon chiefly or exclusively used as hat trimmings. The articles embraced in the suit at Philadelphia, in which the government secured a verdict favorable to it, are excluded from this arrangement, as not being hat trimmings within the meaning of the supreme court decision in the cases above mentioned.

Secretary Foster to-day sent a letter to the collector of customs at New York revoking the instructions of Dec. 29, 1890, suspending the reliquidation of protested articles claimed to be hat trimmings.

BECAUSE JILTED.

A Cast-Off Lover Kills the Girl and Then Takes His Own Life.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 23. — Michael Karofa, a Hungarian machinist from Girard, Pa., aged twenty-three years, to-night murdered Katie Robaly, aged twenty, and then committed suicide. The tragedy occurred at 28 Hill street, this city, where the girl lived with her aunt. The couple had been lovers in Hungary, and had been engaged to be married.

Recently the girl gave her heart to another man and was to have been married next Monday. Karofa came to Cleveland Sunday. For two days he tried to induce the girl to marry him. She refused all his overtures, and becoming desperate he procured a bull dog revolver and went to the house. The girl was shot at once, dying instantly. Karofa fired three bullets into his body and lived half an hour.

WORKED A CLEVER GAME.

How a Couple Got Money Out of a Brooklyn Man.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Aug. 27 Samuel W. Thornton, a Brooklyn baker, and Miss Eva Jewell, his sister-in-law, went bathing at Coney Island, and were never seen after entering the surf. Their clothing was found and it was supposed they were washed out to sea and drowned.

Yesterday a couple appeared at Jacksonville, Fla., who claimed to be the missing people, saying that they had been carried out to sea on a log, had been picked up by a Spanish vessel, transferred to another vessel and landed near that place. They telegraphed to Thornton's brother for money, which was sent them. To-day a special from Jacksonville says the couple are frauds and that they came to Jacksonville by train Sunday night. They got the money sent by Thornton's family and have left. Officers are in pursuit.

JEALOUSY AND DRINK.

These Lead a Chicago Man to Commit Murder and Suicide.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Crazed with jealousy and drink Oscar Gundeman, a laborer, today at his home on the North side blew out his wife's brains with a revolver and then ended his own life in the same manner.

The couple had been living together unhappily for some time. Because of the husband's cruelty, Mrs. Gundeman had had him arrested and held in bonds to keep the peace. This, it is thought, was the cause of the tragedy.

BLAINE WILL DECLINE.

Once More This Statement Is Made "On the Best of Authority."

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The Mail and Express prints this special from Washington:

James G. Blaine will soon after the first of the new year notify his friends who are now urging his nomination for the presidency that under no circumstances could he accept such an honor and that he is for the renomination and election of Benjamin Harrison. This information is given the Mail and Express on the authority of a man whose name is national and whose position as a friend of Mr. Harrison and of Mr. Blaine is unquestioned. He is the man who has charge of the Northwest for the president and who has the fullest confidence of both the interested parties.

The situation as here given has been known to the president for some time, and Mr. Blaine postpones his notification for good and sufficient reasons best known to himself. He expects to return to Washington in October, and his health has so much improved that he will get to work at once, as there are a number of important matters which require his personal attention.

There have been rumors galore as to what Mr. Blaine intends to do in response to the clamor for his accepting a nomination, but this is the first positive statement that in January he will announce in no uncertain terms that he can't be a candidate.

Opposition to Star.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Republican convention of Lawrence county assembled here to day, nominated W. H. Harland for county commissioner and recommended the nomination of Sol Star as the Republican nominee of the state convention for congress. Many of the precincts refused to elect delegates, understanding that the convention was fixed for Star. Mr. Star is the old machine candidate, and his defeat, if nominated, is freely predicted. The Independents, in convention here to-day, nominated Dan Tonney, a Democrat, for county commissioner, and chose delegates to the state convention.

An Explanation in Order.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 23.—A sensation was caused here to-day by H. W. Huntington & Co., bankers, taking cognovit judgment for $4,000 against Gov. Campbell. The governor hustled around and settled the matter, and soon afterward telephoned Judge Pugh not to give it to newspapers. But he was too late. In this connection it was developed that the indebtedness was in the form of a note and Warden Dyer was the surety. This securing a business favor from one to whom the governor gave an official political position is a sensational matter.

Found Floating in the River.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—A party of lumbermen to-day found the dead body of a Swede mechanic named Peter Beckman in Dead river. Beckman disappeared from this city three days ago and a large reward was offered for information of his whereabouts. It is believed to be a case of suicide.

Appointment Rumors.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—These are days of appointment rumors, but it is now apparently settled that John M. Butler of Indianapolis will succeed Cooley, and Representative Clements of Georgia will succeed the late Commissioner Bragg on the interstate commerce commission. The same authority places Attorney General Miller on the circuit bench in his district.

Houston County's Fair Opened.

CALEDONIA, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Houston county fair opened to-day, with beautiful weather and a large attendance.

Albertson in Custody.

MARSFIELD, Or., Specia.— Edward Albertson, the defaulting secretary of the Fidelity Trust company of Tacoma and Fred Chandler, his accomplice, were arrested last night four miles below Gardiner, Or. The men were surprised by officers and ordered to throw up their hands. Chandler slowly complied. Albertson reached for his revolver, but one of the officers shot him before he could draw it. The shot took effect in Albertson's arm, inflicting a flesh wound. The two men then surrendered and were taken to Gardiner. Chandler talks freely, and exonerates all others except himself and Albertson from complicity in the robbery, but will not give the details leading up to the robbery of the bank.

What the Alliance Wants.

WASHINGTON, Special— At the Farmers' Alliance headquarters in this city it is stated that the Alliance will have fifty-five men in the next house who will vote with it on all measures that it may see fit to bring forward. In the senate the party claims four senators—Peffer, Kyle, Irby and Vance. At the next session a subtreasury bill and a land loan bill embodying the same principle as those before the last congress will be introduced into both houses and pushed to a vote. The Alliance will also demand a free coinage bill.

Montana's Population.

WASHINGTON, Special—Hon. Robert B. Porter, superintendent of census, has written a letter to the secretary of the interior officially informing him that the census office to-day completed the adjustment of the population for Montana by minor civil divisions. This completes the census of the United States by minor civil divisions. Most of the state bulletins have already been printed.

Over Two Thousand Lives Lost.

MADRID, Specal—The number of people who perished in the floods in the province of Toledo is now placed at 2,300, and the number of lives lost in other localities at 500. In addition, many were injured. It is estimated that the total loss from the floods, including the destruction of crops, damage to property, the railways' loss of traffic, etc., will amount to little short of £1,000,000.

AND SOME GOT LEFT

Thousands of Boomers and Sooners Flock Into the New Addition to Oklahoma.

Too Many People and Not Enough Land Makes It Rough on Some.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Sept. 23.—The settlement of the newly ceded portion of Oklahoma was made to-day in a more peaceful manner than any one anticipated.

Some shooting is reported and two negroes are said to have been killed by cowboys, but no such fighting occurred as was thought, and naturally, that there would be.

Simultaneous with the arrival of noon, the home seekers gathered on the border made a headlong rush over the line into the coveted country and on to the quarter sections upon which their eyes had been feasting, some for days and others for weeks and months.

The rush was a mad one, and was made so by the fact that the number of home seekers greatly exceeded the number of quarter sections available for settlement. "First there, first served," was the motto of every racer. There was room in the lands for about 5,000 settlers, allowing 160 acres for each. There were on the border waiting to claim the available land fully 15,000 people, so that there were three persons for each section.

The craze to become the owner of a part of the new lands caused a strange commingling of various elements of society. There was the cowboy and the more effeminate counter clerk, the gambler and the preacher, the bona fide settler and the speculator, the bootlegger and the frontier missionaries, the business man and the tramp, the man who had left his country for his country's good and the man who was an honor to his locality, the man in his carriage and the man in his prairie schooner, the equestrian and the pedestrian on the border before the hour of noon—and all intent on one object—the securing of a piece of land. To-morrow the various elements will arrange themselves in their classes again. To-day they were all of one class—land seekers.

A half-hour's diligent work would have sufficed to prepore the most elaborately equipped boomer for the race into the new country, but preparations were begun long before the hour of noon. Horses were hitched, wheels were greased, saddlegirths cinched, and everything made snug as early as 10 o'clock, so anxious was every one to be in readiness to move at the time appointed.

NOW THEY'RE OFF.

When the noon hour arrived all the pent up excitement found vent in the firing of revolvers and rifles, shouting and singing and cracking of whips and furious driving and running. The horsemen, of course, had the advantage over every other man in the race and most of the racers were horsemen. The man who had proceeded to the border in a prairie schooner with his family, left his schooner, family, and one horse on the border and became a horseman. After filin his claim he will return and direct his possessions to his new home. Men who came here with nothing but money purchased saddle horses, ponies, mules, or any kind of an animal that would carry a man, while others rented them.

Some of the more desperate cowboys mounted steers, and the latter joining in the stampede carried their riders to the interior, while others were unceremoniously unhorsed, or unsteered, not far from the border. The boomers had gathered for the race mostly at Tohee, on the Iowa border directly east of Guthrie, Langston, at the middle of the northern Iowa border, the inside boundary of the Kickapoo reservation (which was not included in the opened lands), and at a point on the Pottawatomie border, directly east of Purcell. The most desirable of the lands is situated in the Iowa and Sac and Fox reservations and the greater number of boomers naturally congregated around them. The boomers were distributed among the various starting points about as follows: At Tohee, 3,000; Langston, 1,500 negroes and 500 whites; on the Kickapoo border 8,000 and on the Pottawatomie border 2,000. The allotments to the Pottawatomie Indians nearly exhausted the lands in their reservation, so that the homeseekers had little chance of locating a claim there.

NEGROES AND COWBOYS.

At Langston negroes had been gathered by the Negro Colonization society to the number of 1,500, and they were to move en masse into the Cimarron valley, a most fertile region, and locate in a bunch. Five hundred cowboys also had their eyes on that section, and each party had made all sorts of threats of taking the land by force. A force of deputy marshals and deputy sheriffs under the sheriff of this county had been dispatched there to preserve order, and it is believed that they will be able to maintain peace.

The government supervision of the opening of the lands seems to have been sadly deficient. The entire government force was composed of two companies of United States troops, or 200 men, under Captains Hayes and Styles, and the forces of three United States marshals numbering about 250 men. In some places there were ten and fifteen men to a mile, while at others there were stretches of five and ten miles entirely unguarded. Under these conditions it might have been expected that numbers of boomers would enter before the appointed time, and they did.

"SOONERS" PLAY A TRICK.

Two miles north of Tohee about 200 boomers had gathered in a secluded spot, knowing that the government's force would be massed at the border town. They had all set their watches three hours ahead last night so that their testimony would agree as to the time, if ever their claims were contested on the ground of their being "sooners." At 9 o'clock, therefore, their watches all indicated the noon hour, and they rushed over the border and began the race for choice sections of land. The "sooners" at other unguarded portions of the border were also very numerous, and it is estimated from all reports that the number of settlers who entered the land before the legal time was fully 3,000.

THE SCENE AT THE LAND OFFICE

was a lively one. About 250 old soldiers armed with declaratory statements have been in line before the office door for four days past. Some have slept in chairs, some on the ground, and some hardly at all. Their meals were brought to them by their wives, children or friends.

The first man in the line was John Diamond. When noon arrived he handed his papers to Receiver Barber to make the necessary examination of them. The papers were then passed up to Mr. Wallace, chief of the land office. Mr. Diamond passed to the next window and handed in his $14 and was handed a receipt for the same. On passing out of the land office he was met by his family and congratulated.

Got Tired of Staying in Jail.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Sept. 23.—Two prisoners, William Johnson of Groton, bound over for assault, and Samuel Smith of Walworth county, serving a term for rape on a fourteen-year-old girl, broke from the jail last night and are now at large, with the sheriff in hot pursuit. They cut a hole in the jail floor.

Held on the Charge of Murder.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 23.—William A. Higgins was held in the criminal court to-day on the charge of murder, for causing the death of "Aunt Tillie" Hunter, an aged negress, by setting her clothes on fire with a lighted match in a saloon on Saturday night, Sept. 12.

A SHORT SESSION.

The Fergus Falls United States Court Fall Term Lasts Half a Day.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The fall term of the United States circuit and district court in this city opened this morning, Judge Alfred D. Thomas of North Dakota presiding. Judge Thomas has been appointed to hold the remaining terms of the United States courts in Minnesota outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis during the remainder of 1891. The following officials were present:

United States District Attorney Eugene Hay; United States Marshal J. C. Donahower; William A. Spencer, clerk of the United States district court, and Oscar B. Hillis, clerk of the United States circuit court.

The following petit jury was paneled:

A. D. Palmer of Lakefield, T. F. Leonard of Austin, E. H. Packett of Albert Lea, Charles Locke of St. James, William Bandler of Austin, S. G. Miller of Mantorville, A. Coleman of Dodge Center, Daniel Anderson of Cambridge, George L. Rathburn of Burns, W. D. Seeley of Windom, Henry Koehnlein of Parker's Prairie, E. Z. Rasey of St. James, H. Thompson of Grove City, J. J. Ide of Crookston and Joseph Yates of New York Mills.

No grand jury was summoned at this term. The only criminal case brought up was that of Joseph E. Lindberg of Rose Lake, Kittson county, charged with cutting spruce trees owned by the United States. He pleaded guilty and was fined $20, which he paid.

A telegram from A. S. Crossfield announced that the case of Hubbell vs. Becker & Chadbourne of Brown's Valley had been referred by stipulation. There being no further business court adjourned at noon.

Granted Patents.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—Patents granted to Northwestern inventors:

Minnesota—P. F. Baker, Minneapolis, verticle boiler; William N. Bauman, Minneapolis, curling iron heater; Frank M. Farwell, Minneapolis, electric coupling; Henry M. Ernoer, Minneapolis, assignor to Eureka Car Coupler company, Waterloo, Iowa, car coupling; John King, Minneapolis, combined curb and gutter; Rudolph C. Kerueschke, Duluth, electric show case alarm.

South Dakota—Edwin J. Tracey, Sioux Falls, folding rack.

Wisconsin—Andreas Borch, Prairie du Chien, and Frederick Bosch, Merrill, pruning implement; Joseph Fichtner, assignor of one-half to L. R. Lorenz, Milwaukee, game apparatus; William Kootz, assignor to Gem Hammock Fly Net company, horse fly net; John Mager, Milwaukee, device for sulphuring casks; Hannah M. Pierce, Manitowoc, stand for fire irons; John Bratsch, assignor of onehalf to F. S. Ideson, Oshkosh, dust collector.

Paid Nature's Reckoning.

MANDAN N. D., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—To-day John Scott Mann, a cousin of President Harrison's father-in-law, died. Mann was an old settler here and eighty years old. He took up a claim years ago where most of the city of Minneapolis now stands, and the land he once owned is now worth millions. He moved to Fargo and owned land there, but left it before the boom. He died on his farm two miles south of Mandan.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Special, Sept. 22.—John F. Grimm, one of the leading citizens of Rochester, died at his home in this city this morning. For some time he has been suffering from cancer of the stomach and underwent two operations for its removal, but without avail. The funeral will occur to-morrow.

HASTINGS, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—Mrs. David Downing, an early resident of Denmark, died last night after a protracted illness. She leaves a husband. Her age was sixty-four.

Natural Gas at New Ulm.

NEW ULM, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—It is thought that a strong vein of natural gas has been struck on the farm of Joseph Weige, just on the edge of town. Richartz & Faas were engaged in sinking a deep well there yesterday, and at a depth of 170 feet a strong odor escaped from the pipe, and when a light was brought over the top of the pipe the flame blazed up for six or seven feet, and continued burning until smothered. A cap was then placed on the pipe, and an investigation will be made. Twenty feet of water stood in the pipe at the time, but the gas bubbled up through this and exerted a pressure of from twenty-five to thirty pounds to the square inch on the cap. A rivet placed in the cap was thrown thirty feet in the air.

Endorsed by Iowa Methodist.

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The busiest session in the history of the Methodist Episcopal Northwest annual conference closed here to-day. Cherokee was selected as the place of meeting for next year. Resolutions were passed commending the efforts to close the Columbian exposition on Sunday, endorsing the movement looking toward no Sunday work for railway men, endorsing the prohibitory policy of the state, deprecating the use of tobacco and avoring the disciplining of members of the conference who used it, and commending the organization of the Mutual Insurance company among the members of the conference. The conference was extended to the University of the Northwest at Sioux City and Wilmot Whitfield elected chancellor.

Pensions Granted.

Minnesota—Original: Harlow McIntire, Frank Shaw, G. H. Dillaber, Dwight R. Houlton, Robert Ray. Increase: Riley H. Martin, Lansing Woodworth, Cyrus Lovett, Henry Bruer, Ole Paulson, Charles F. Stark, Abram Plumer, Harrison Lamson. Original widows, etc.: Permelia Harvey (mother), Mary Hockenbrey, Agatha Zimmerman, Adaline Hendrikson, Maria A. Postell, Annie Hand, Christian Singa.

North Dakota—Original: Emmons J. Heath, Levi J. Albred, William Dewalt. Increase: Jerome C. Thompson, Edgar Tibbitts, Peter Peterson.

South Dakota—Original: Harvey E. Landers, Franklin J. Burnett, Patrick Casey, Dudley L. Chase. Original widows: Augusta Pleshotka, Mary A. Woodward.

Three More Trains.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Minneapolis & St. Louis will make an important addition to its train service through Northfield and Southern Minnesota by putting on three more trains per day. One will be a passenger to run south in the forenoon, and the other two will be freights. This will give the road four trains per day, as only one is running at present. The company has long been importuned to add more trains, but up to the present time has ignored the requests, and in consequence nearly all business has gone over to the Milwaukee.

Bound by Matrimony's Chains.

HASTINGS, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—One of the notable events of the week was the marriage this evening of David L. Thompson of this city and Miss Jennie Kingston of Marshan at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Paul Kingston, at 6 o'clock. Rev. Edward Moyses officiated. The pair left on the 8:45 train upon a wedding trip to Chicago.

Pearl Seekers Dredging Lake Pepin.

RED WING, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—Divers are at work near the shores of Lake Pepin, bringing up clams for pearl seekers, who have become imbued with the idea that pearls are hidden there the same as in other lakes. Large quantities of clams have been brought up and opened, but so far the pearl finds have not been extensive.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A cable from San Salvador says the reports about the assassination of President Bogran of Honduras are utterly false.

The pope is organizing an international congress to be held at Fribourg in 1892, to arrange an European Catholic democratic union.

The national convention of the cigarmakers' union opened in Indianapolis yesterday. The president reviewed the progress of the union during the past two years.

It is stated that the king of Roumania, upset by the queen's illness and court intrigues, has imparted to the Roumanian premier and others his desire to abdicate the throne.

Dr. Francis A. Schlitz, a wealthy practitioner in Brooklyn, is missing. He is believed to have eloped with a twenty-three-year-old girl servant in his family, who has also disappeared.

In the Canadian house of commons to-day a motion will be made to impeach Postmaster General Haggart in connection with acts in the construction of the Canadian Pacific railway.

F. W. Dunlap, a deputy delinquent mercantile tax appraiser of Philadelphia, pleaded guilty to conspiracy to defraud the city yesterday and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Delicious.

BISCUIT. DUMPLINGS,
MUFFINS, POT PIES.
WAFFLES. PUDDINGS,
CORN BREAD. CAKES.
GRIDDLE CAKES. DOUGHNUTS.

Can always be made with Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. And while cakes and biscuit will retain their moisture, they will be found flaky and extremely light and fine grained, not coarse and full of holes as are the biscuit made from ammonia baking powder. Price's Cream Baking Powder produces work that is beyond comparison and yet costs no more than the adulterated ammonia or alum powders. Dr. Price's stands for pure food and good health.

NIAGARA STOPPED FLOWING.

The Water Froze and the Falls Were Dry for a Short Time.

It seems almost incredible, says the Toronto Globe, that at one time in its history the greatest and most wonderful waterfall in the world actually ran dry. Nevertheless, it is an established fact that occurred on March 29, 1848, and for a few hours scarcely any water passed over Niagara Falls. The winter of that year had been an exceptionally severe one, and ice of unusual thickness had formed on Lake Erie. The warm spring rains loosened this congealed mass, and on the day in question a brisk east wind drove the ice far into the lake. About sunset the wind suddenly veered round, and blew a heavy gale from the west. This naturally turned the ice in its course, and, bringing it down to the mouth of the Niagara River, piled it up in a solid, impenetrable wall.

So closely was it packed and so great was it in force that in a short time the outlet to the lake was completely choked up, and little or no water could possible escape. In a short space of time the water below this frozen barrier passed over the falls, and the next morning the people living in the neighborhood were treated to a most extraordinary spectacle. The roaring tumbling rapids above the falls were almost obliterated, and nothing but the cold, black rocks were visible in all directions. The news quickly spread and crowds of spectators flocked to view the scene, the banks on each side of the river being lined with people during the whole day. At last there was a break in the ice it was released from its restraint, the pent-up wall of water rushed downward, and Niagara was itself again.

The man born in a cabin may some day name a cabinet.

The key to the political situation in many States—whis-key.



Two doctors of an Eastern town,
To learning much inclined,
Were called to see a gentleman,
Whose health was undermined.
The first one used his stethoscope
Upon his patient meek.
"I find," quoth he, "one lung is gone,
You cannot live a week."
To this the other wise M. D.
Vehemently objected.
"I see," quoth he, "as all may see,
Your kidneys are affected."
These wise men argued loud and long,
Yet the patient owes recovery
(Not to those doctors, but to—
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery).

There are some patent medicines that are more marvelous than a dozen doctors' prescriptions, but they're not those that profess to cure *everything*.

Everybody, now and then, feels "run-down," "played out." They've the will, but no power to generate vitality. They're not sick enough to call a doctor, but just too sick to be well. That's where the right kind of a patent medicine comes in, and does for a dollar what the doctor wouldn't do for less than five or ten.

We put in our claim for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

We claim it to be an unequaled remedy to purify the blood and invigorate the whole system.

It's the *cheapest* blood-purifier, sold through druggists, no matter how many doses are offered for a dollar.

Why? Because it's sold on a *peculiar plan*, and you only pay for *the good* you get.

Can you ask more?

EVERY MOTHER

Should Have It in The House.

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love to take JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cramps and Pains. Relieves all Summer Complaints, Cuts and Bruises like magic. Sold everywhere. Price 35c. by mail; 6 bottles Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

"German Syrup"

Croup. We have selected two or three lines from letters freshly received from parents who have given German Syrup to their children in the emergencies of Croup. You will credit these, because they come from good, substantial people, happy in finding what so many families lack—a medicine containing no evil drug, which mother can administer with confidence to the little ones in their most critical hours, safe and sure that it will carry them through.

ED. L. WILLITS, of Alma, Neb. I give it to my children when troubled with Croup and never saw any preparation act like it. It is simply miraculous.

MRS. JAS. W. KIRK, Daughters' College, Harrodsburg, Ky. I have depended upon it in attacks of Croup with my little daughter, and find it an invaluable remedy.

Fully one-half of our customers are mothers who use Boschee's German Syrup among their children. A medicine to be successful with the little folks must be a treatment for the sudden and terrible foes of childhood, whooping cough, croup, diphtheria and the dangerous inflammations of delicate throats and lungs. ®

"A Land That Flows With Milk and Honey."

PORTLAND, OREGON,

The Great Western Railway Terminus!

The Great Pacific Seaport City!

Real Estate is the Basis of all Wealth.

AN INVESTMENT THAT WILL NET

20% to 30%

99 per cent. of those investing in Real Estate make money, 87 per cent. of those investing in Business lose money.

A commercial center is the safest place to invest in real estate, especially when such place is a great railway center; has good river transportation and large foreign and domestic shipping. Portland is that place.

Portland, Oregon, is now pre-eminently the commercial center of the Pacific Northwest. No other city in the United States is so well situated in respect to natural resources as is Portland, and it leads all other cities west of the Mississippi River in its phenomenal growth in population. Located at the confluence of two great rivers, and being the terminus of more transcontinental railways than any other city in the United States. In fact, every advantage which insures the solid growth and prosperity of a city is abundantly enjoyed by Portland.

These Advantages Guarantee Constantly increasing Values in Real Estate.

THE TAWOOD REAL ESTATE COMPANY
PORTLAND, OREGON,

Has the best plan for investors yet devised. You never read anything more explicit and simple. It is absolutely safe, and cannot fail to be profitable to all who invest.

CAPITAL $300,000. 6,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

SHARES FOR SALE AT PAR VALUE, $50.00 PER SHARE, FULL PAID NON-ASSESSABLE.

We will not sell a share of stock at less than par value ($50 per share), as the Company's capital stock is not inflated or watered, but every dollar of its capital is backed by Solid Real Estate investment.

A FAIR OFFER.

If you own stock, and at any time wish to surrender it, this company will take its own stock at $1.40 on the dollar and pay you in Real Estate at the price at which the company is selling lots to other parties.

Write for Prospectus giving full explanation of the company's plan and all information regarding how stock is paid for, &c.

REFERENCES.

Wm. McFall, Secretary Sellwood Real Estate Co.; Joseph L. Meirath, Secretary Portland Real Estate Association; E. T. Hows, Capitalist; H. W. Scott, Editor "Oregonian;" H. L. Pittock, Manager and Treasurer "Oregonian;" S. J. Barber, President West Portland Park Association.

Address, THE TAWOOD REAL ESTATE CO., Portland, Oregon.

RAG WEAVERS SHOULD SEND AT ONCE FOR OUR LARGE CATALOGUE of FLYING-SHUTTLE **CARPET** Looms. We have 200 testimonial and 25 sworn affidavits that EXCEED FIFTY YARDS PER DAY. Address C. N. NEWCOMB, Davenport, Iowa. **LOOM.**

A SUDDEN SHOWER.

Barefooted boys scud up the street,
Or scurry under sheltering sheds;
And schoolgirl faces pale and sweet,
Gleam from shawls about their beads.
Doors bang; and mother voices call
From alien homes; and rusty gates
Are slammed, and high above it all
The thunder grim reverberates.
And then abrupt, the rain, the rain!
The earth lies gasping; and the eyes
Behind the streaming window panes
Smile at the trouble of the skies.
The highway smokes; sharp echoes ring;
The cattle bawls and cowbells clank;
And into town comes galloping
The farmer's horse with steaming flank.
The swallow dips beneath the eaves,
And flirts his plumes and folds his wings;
And under the cataba leaves
The caterpillar curls and clings.
The bumblebee is pelted down
The wet stem of the hollyhock;
And sullenly in spattered brown
The cricket leaps the garden walk.
Within the baby claps his hands
And crows with rapture strange and vague;
Without, beneath the rosebush stands
A dripping rooster on one leg.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

CHASED BY A LION.

HERBERT Russell, in the last number of Cassell's Family Magazine, tells the Champion lion story. A lion had escaped from a menagerie and was lurking near Aldershot camp. Two officers were out riding when they came upon the lion:

The camp was about two miles away. There was a sort of foreign wildness in the aspect of the little pass into which we were entering. The soil was of fine yellow sand; not smooth or level, but broken up into a succession of billowy ridges, with here and there an abrupt hillock rising tall enough to impede the view. We were riding with our horses neck to neck. I had just lighted a cigar and was following with some interest an account which Captain Angus was giving me of an exploit in the hunting field, which the reader perhaps would scarcely thank me to recount. Suddenly he stopped dead, and at the same moment reined his horse in with such vehemence that the creature reared right up on his hind legs with a loud and long-drawn neigh. Wondering at the reason of this abrupt arrest, I checked my own mare and came to a standstill beside my companion.

"What is the matter, Angus?" I inquired.

For answer he did not speak a word, but slowly raising his arm and extending it from his shoulder, the forefinger pointing nearly straight ahead of us, he brought his eyes to my face, and remained in that posture watching my countenance as I perceived the object he was indicating. And what was it that I saw? Following the direction of his raised arm I discovered upon the summit of one of the little hillocks about 200 yards away, standing motionless as a statue, its form blending with the yellow color of the sand, the figure of a great shaggy lion! The creature stood stock-still, its tail alone whisking slowly from side to side, intently surveying us. For our part we sat equally motionless in our saddles. Angus with his arm extended and his eyes fixed upon my face, as though he had become transfixed in that posture, and I in the posture of astonished regard into which I had fallen on first perceiving the lion.

Suddenly my horse grew restive; it fretted and neighed, and commenced to curvet and paw the ground as though alarmed. My friend's horse likewise evinced the same signs of apprehension. I kept my eyes as steadily upon the lion as Angus did his upon me. The creature, with stealthy catlike bounds, commenced advancing very slowly towards us, pausing at about every three steps it made to rear its head and stand staring at us, then continuing its sneaking advance along the ridge of the hillock upon which we had first discovered it.

I withdrew my fixed stare to turn in my saddle and look around me. My movement seemed to break the kind of spell under which Angus sat; his arm sank slowly to his side, and his eyes rolled from my face to the figure of the lion. To right and left the sides of the valley shut in the view. In front stood the lion; behind the defile in which we were broadened out until it became little more than a mere undulation in the broad wild plain through which it ran. As I slowly swept the sandy track in our rear, I suddenly observed a man on horseback emerge into the open, moving leisurely along at about the distance of a mile or so away, and gazing intently made him out to be a cavalry soldier; probably a mounted orderly sent for the camp on dispatch business.

"We must bolt," said Captain Angus at my elbow; "that lion means mischief by the manner in which it is advancing toward us; and mark you how restive the horses are. Their instinct is keener than ours; they can scent danger in the air. The instant we move to fly, depend upon it the lion will start in chase, and our only chance will lie in out-running him, for unarmed as we are, what could we do to defend ourselves against such a brute?"

"Look you, Angus; yonder is a mounted orderly riding across the country. You have good eyes; see what you make of him."

Captain Angus shaded his sight with his hand and stared toward the retreating figure.

"It is a Lancer trooper," he said presently. "I can see the plumes in his head-dress and I can also see the pennon fluttering from his lance."

"He is armed, then?"

"He is carrying his lance," replied the Captain.

"Good!" I cried. "Now, if we can reach that soldier before the lion catches us, we shall be all right. It will not take him long to touch the heart of the brute with the keen steel head of his spear. Fortunately we have not been working our horses hard, but they must go now if ever they did for their very lives. Are you ready?"

"Yes," said he, drawing his hat on firmly and planting himself square upon the saddle. "Come now!"

We turned our horses about, and with shouts and slaps gave them rein. The intelligent creatures, as though conscious of their danger, started off like frightened deer along the sandy valley. I let the newly lighted cigar drop from my mouth, and setting my knees firm against the sleek sides of the mare, grasped the reins with a grip of steel. A low sullen roar reached my ears, and turning for an instant to glance over my shoulder I caught a glimpse of the lion flying after us in pursuit, its lithe form bounding like a flash of light from ridge to ridge, and its whole shape a meer fleeting vision of flowing mane, flashing eyes and distended jaws.

"Hey-on! Hey-up!" It was like a dead heat with the order of the hunt reversed. The horses' hoofs thundered over the sand, raising a smoke-like column of dust as they swept with the velocity of the wind toward the figure of the soldier, every instant growing more defined. My cap flew off; I tried to catch it, but it whirled away astern like a bit of chaff. Our speed was prodigious. I felt my horse tremble beneath me, and the steam rose from its reeking hide in a warm mist. I lay forward to whisper in her ear, although, breathless as I was, I rather hissed than spoke the syllables of encouragement which came from my lips. My companion and I kept our stations abreast of each other with wonderful precision. We occasionally exchanged a few hurried words, but it was no time for talking; the whirl and tumult, and above all the sense of danger, were too great for coherence and almost for articulation.

Five minutes passed, although so much of sensation was packed into them that the time might well have been an hour. Once I turned again to see whether we still maintained our station ahead of the lion, and perceived that the creature was slowly but visibly gaining on us. Yet the speed of our horses was prodigious. I could feel the heart of my mare beating with a violence that sent a thrill through her whole frame to each throb of it, but she kept bravely on with no sign of flagging. Whether the soldier had perceived us or not as yet it was impossible to say; but even if he had done so, there could be nothing in the sight of two officers galloping through Long Valley to excite his curiosity. Such a spectacle would be as common to him as the sight of his own blue tunic. I could now clearly make him out, even to the glitter of his accoutrements. He was heading traversely away from us, his horse going at a moderate trot. Several times we united our voices in a shout, but he was apparently still too distant for our confused hallos to reach him, for he kept steadily on.

Presently, however, I saw him turn his head in our direction. I raised my arm and flourished it wildly, hoarsely calling to Angus to do the same. He snatched off his hat, which still adhered to his head, and waved it violently. The soldier continued looking our way, growing plainer to the view even as he did so; then apparently noticing our gestures and interpreting them into signals, he drew rein and brought his horse to a standstill. Now that he had stopped we swept down upon him like a whirlwind. As we approached we alternately shouted and pointed behind us, but he apparently made nothing of these signs—as indeed, what suspicion should he have of the real motive of our headlong flight toward him? Suddenly, however, he rose in his saddle, and I saw him hastily release his lance from the sling which confined it to his arm, and lower the long, glittering weapon down to the trail. I then knew that he had caught sight of the lion, and remember amid all the hurry and tumult of my thoughts at that moment admiring the prompt presence of mind of the fellow, staggered as he must have been by the unexpected apparition of our wild and fierce pursuer.

Then what followed took place, as it seemed to me, all in a breath. Ourselves panting like a hare in its final spurt, and our horses reeking and spent, we darted past the figure of the soldier, crouching with his spear pointed low, and came to a standstill, wheeling round to see what would now happen. The trooper's horse reared up on its hind legs till it seemed as though the man must slide from off the saddle. In a flash the lion was upon the creature, leaping upward at its throat at the very moment that the soldier, like St. George slaying the dragon, plunged his lance with all his might into the quivering yellow body of the beast. The creature gave a loud deep roar, and a moment after the trio of man, horse and lion rolled over into the dust with a dull, dead thud. Captain Angus vaulted clean out of his saddle, and in an instant gained the side of the struggling group. The lion was doubtlessly badly wounded, but it was tearing the shoulders of the horse cruelly with its claws, and the soldier, who lay pinned to the ground by the weight of the animal's carcass, was in danger of being mutilated by the ferocious brute. The pole of the lance stuck out from its side, buried high as its pennon in the flesh. With the rapidity of thought my companion seized this, and withdrew it, the lion giving a prodigious howl of pain as he did so. Then stepping back a few paces and gripping the spear with both hands, the captain poised it for an instant, and rushed full tilt at the prostrate creature, plunging the gore-stained head of the lance into the body with such force that I looked to see the barbed point appear on the other side. The lion sprang into the air, doubling itself nearly up in the rigor that ran through its frame, then fell with a flop upon the sand, tumbling over on its side with the lance sticking straight up into the air, as though it pinned it to the earth. A few silent struggles convulsed its form, and then it stiffened out, with its jaws distended, its eyes lolling out, its tail rigid as a spike—dead as a nail!

I dismounted and hastened to assist Angus in raising the fallen soldier. Badly lacerated as the horse was by the terrible claws of the lion, it yet made shift to stagger to its feet when we laid hold of its bridle and encouraged it to rise. The man was confused and stunned by his fall, and made no effort to move when we accosted him. However, after a few moments he sat up, supporting himself on his elbows, and looking with a bewildered air at the dead lion. Then when, by our aid, he got upon his feet, he found that he could stand, though his knees trembled like those of a man in a fit. His helmet had been crushed and his tunic split, while his nose seemed to be bleeding a little, but beyond the confusion of his fall he had sustained no other apparent injury.

"How do you feel?" asked my companion. "Any bones broken?"

The man in a dazed manner said he did not know.

"Here sit down for a while on this mound. You will feel better directly. It is your horse which has suffered most."

The soldier seated himself upon a little sand-bank, while Angus and I proceeded to view the dead lion. He was a huge, massive creature, and scarcely measured less than eight feet from the tip of its snout to the beginning of its tail. Its distended jaws disclosed a double row of great gleaming grinders, while its claws, thrust out between its velvety feet, were as keen and nearly as long as the blade of a dagger.

"A formidable beast," said I, meditatively, walking slowly around it.

"Ay," replied my friend; "we have need to feel grateful to the Lancer. But for him we should have been run to earth by the brute. Yet it must have been very badly put to it to chase a couple of men on horseback. I should never have believed it."

In a little while the soldier rose to his feet again, and then told us that he felt sufficiently recovered to return to camp, which by a short cut across the valley, was about a mile and a half away. His horse, however, was in no fit condition to carry him, but seeing that he now stood tolerably firm on his feet, we made no doubt that he was capable of walking the distance. We withdrew his lance from the body of the lion, and fitting it into the heel-socket upon his boot, slipped the sling of it over his arm; then taking the bridle of the horse in his hand, in this manner he and the animal moved slowly off.

We lingered awhile watching him, till perfectly satisfied that he would do very well, then again mounted our horses and set forward at a brisk trot. The drums and fifes were just shrilling and rattling out the "retreat" tattoo as we entered the camp, so that by the time we had gained our quarters and shifted our attire the mess bugle was ringing its sonorous tones upon the quiet air. And when Captain Angus and I took our seats at table that night we had such a yarn to tell as robbed every other topic of its interest and made our narrow escape the one absorbing subject of conversation.

The lion was stuffed and is still among the most conspicuous objects of furniture in the mess-room of the —— Regiment. A week later the divisional orders contained the announcement that Lance Corporal Watson of the —— Lancers would be promoted to the rank of Corporal "for gallantry in assisting two officers who were pursued by a lion."

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

USEFUL AND INSTRUCTIVE READING FOR THE FARMER.

Wheat Experiments—Cheese and Butter Auctions—Ammonia in Manure—How to Cure and Store Onions.

Wheat Experiments.

Experiments in various methods of feeding wheat have been conducted for a series of years at the Ohio experiment station, with the following results:

In the average of four years' experiment, wheat covered one inch or less has produced at the rate of 34 bushels per acre; that covered two inches has produced 35 bushels, and that covered three inches 34 bushels. Judging from a smaller number of experiments it does not seem advisable to sow deeper than three inches.

In the average of six years, wheat sown with the roller-press drill has yielded about eight per cent more than that sown with the ordinary drill. More or less increase has followed the roller-press in almost every season, but a single trial has given results unfavorable to the use of the common roller after seeding.

Broadcast wheat has this year yielded about the same as that drilled; but in the average of five years the product from broadcast seed is considerably smaller than from the same quantity of seed drilled.

The results of seven years' experiments point clearly to the latter part of September or first of October as the most favorable season for sowing wheat on this farm.

A single experiment, made this year, fails to show any advantage in favor of cross drilling over sewing the same quantity of seed in the ordinary manner.

No larger crop has been produced this year from mixed seed of two varieties sown separately.

The land upon which these experiments were made lies in the valley of the Olentangy, one of the largest branches of the Scioto. The soil is a yellow loam, part first and part second bottom. It is either naturally underdrained with gravel or artificially drained with tiles, and its average yield of wheat for thirteen years has been over twentysix bushels per acre, or an annual acreage of about thirty acres.

Cheese and Butter Auctions.

The latest suggestion for helping dairy farmers to dispose of their produce on good terms and to bring it into prominent competition with foreign goods is to establish auction marts in London and all the great manufacturing towns, for the purpose of holding weekly or daily sales of consignments of cheese and butter from our dairy districts. It is contended that in this way one of the advantages which foreign dairy produce possesses over our town, viz., that retailers always know where to go for a supply in any quantity, will to some extent be removed, and that if farmers only support these places properly, and are willing to make a little sacrifice at the onset in the shape of insufficient returns until the mart gets thoroughly established, and retailers begin regularly to resort to it, an opening would be made for their goods which would be of the greatest service to them. Perhaps the advantage of such auctions to butter makers would be greater than in the case of cheese, for the sale of which there are means already available. At the same time, if the thing answered for the sale of butter, it could not fail to be of some service to the cheesemaker also, who might try it with small lots first, as the same buyers who went there for butter would also, from the nature of their business, be buyers of cheese.—Chester Courant, England.

Ammonia in Manure, a Mistaken Prevalent Opinion.

The prevalent idea that manure contains much ammonia is, according to Bell's Messenger, England, without any foundation. Manure contains the elements of which ammonia is formed during decomposition, viz., nitrogen and hydrogen; but as decomposition is a very slow process, the ammonia is only very slowly evolved. As it is produced, it is in the form of gas, which is dissolved in the water existing in the manure or it combines with the abundant carbonic acid evolved during the decomposition and forms carbonate of ammonia. It is very rare that ammonia can be detected escaping from a manure heap. The fetid odor of a manure pile is not caused by ammonia, but by compounds of sulphur and carbon, the same as those devolved by decaying eggs and rotting cabbages. The ammonia of manure is very slowly disengaged, requiring a year or more before it is all produced and evolved, and as the soil absorbs it freely, there is scarcely any danger of any loss of this valuable part of the manure as it is commonly used. The pungent odor of a horse stable is caused by the escaping ammonia, and farmers loose more of this element of manure in this way in one warm night from an unclean horse stable, than from their manure heaps in a year. A pound of ammonia in manure is worth in England 17 cents, and a tun of manure produces only 12 lbs of it.

How to Cure and Store Onions.

"Joseph," in Farm and Fireside, has the following to say in regard to curing onions and storing them for the winter: Pull the onions just as soon as the majority of the tops have fallen over and begin to waste away. Leave on the ground in windrows until the tops have all dried down, or if rain should threaten, take to an airy loft or barn floor and spread thinly, until fully cured. Then sort, removing all remnants of tops, etc., and try to sell them at an early opportunity, which is much better than to attempt keeping them over winter and running the risk of losing part of the crop by sprouting, rotting, or freezing. But if you are bound to try wintering, you should have a storage room that can be kept at a temperature near the freezing point—say from 35 degrees to 45 degrees Fahrenheit. Put the bulbs in rather open crates, and keep well aired and dry. Onions can also be stored in pits, like potatoes, only guard against heating. It is better to have them freezing than to get too warm. The question of "best" commercial fertilizer for onions can only be answered in a relative manner. When ground is very rich and abundantly supplied with minerals (potash and phosphorus,) nitrate of soda alone may be the best and cheapest fertilizer. In other cases ashes and nitrate of soda may be the best; and a good, high-grade, complete manure, such as our leading fertilizer manufacturers offer under the name of special potato or special onion, or general vegetable manure, is usually safe to apply even in pretty large doses—say a ton or more per acre.

Make Dairying Pay.

If every dairy farmer, whether producing milk for cheese factory, creamery, or city market, would weigh the milk from each cow at every milking, he would learn how few cows he had in his herd that produced a sufficient quantity of milk to pay for the food they consume. And it would enable him to stop one of the greatest losses on his farm. Scarcely a day passes but what we hear it said that the milk producers are losing money, and believe that statements in many cases are true from the fact that where a farmer has a herd of say twenty cows in milk, five of them are producing a quantity of milk which even at a low price would yield the owner a profit, while the other fifteen produce so little milk and of such poor quality that the loss sustained by them more than absorbs the profit of five. This is the same old story which has been told you over and over again; we suggest that you test your cows, find out where the shrinkage is; thus instead of producing milk at a loss, you will soon place yourself in a position where you will be producing milk as a profit, then you will be able to tell your neighbors that dairying pays.—American Dairyman.

A Change for the Better.

Scrub farmer, feeding nothing but hay and straw in a cold barn, what have you to say to the facts given by Mr. J. D. Smith, of Delaware, county, N. Y., who, by changing his system of farming, made the same farm produce 8,304 pounds of butter, when 2,250 pounds was the extent when he lived—as many are living yet—in the "dark ages." As a rule, too, the men who have cows that produce for them 250 pounds of farm butter per annum, don't get more than a "York shilling" per pound for it; when by the time he learns how to make a cow yield 250 or 300 pounds per annum, has also learned to get two "York shillings" per pound for it—largely because he makes the most of it, when butter is scarce and high. The butter income of the same farm on the first basis is $281.25 on the latter basis, $2,076.00. Borrowing money—even of the government, at 2 per cent—to conduct the first kind of farming, would bring a man to bankruptcy at the last.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Milk in a Paper Bag.

A merry-hearted lad, who is often sent on errands of household needs and necessities, discovers a new method of "bringing home groceries and sich." "Here are two pounds of chops, good scant weight," said the grocer to the young man of the family who had brought in an order from his wife; "now for your milk—where's your can?" The young man of the family protested that he hadn't read the order, and had not been equipped with a can. "Never mind," said the grocer; "here, hold on to it," and he dexterously slipped one paper bag inside of another and filliped the corners into place. The two quarts of milk were poured into the inner bag. "The grease in the milk prevents its going through the paper as water would," explained the grocer. "I had hard work to get people to believe that they could carry milk in a bag at first, and let it go at my own risk. I've sent it so half a mile by slow transit; still, I'd advise you not to stop to tell long stories on the way home."

Milk as Human Food.

Milk is one of the most valuable and economical articles for human food. Estimated at twelve pounds per cow daily, the United States produce the bewildering amount of one hundred and fifty billions of pounds of milk per year. And as three pounds of milk are equivalent to one pound of beef in food elements, each inhabitant has in milk one and a half beeves annually. Whereas, in beef, each inhabitant has only four-fifths of one beef per capita. That, as a rule, our people not engaged in severe manual labor consume too much meat, there can be no doubt. Milk, then, will here prove an article of healthful nourishment, a lack of which predisposes to the harmful use of spirits, in the form of beer, wine, rum, or whisky.—American Agriculturist.

Indirect Fertilizers.

There are substances that in themselves do not furnish the plant any needed ingredient for growth, but when applied to the soil assist materially in augumenting the crop. One of the best illustrations of this class of fertilizers is common salt. Lime is another substance rarely lacking in the soil, but when added assists in setting free other substances that are much needed by the growing plants, that otherwise would not have become available for the crop. Water is added in irrigation not as a fertilizer but because it is the great solvent in nature and the vehicle of transfer of the various substances that go to build up a plant when entering it from the soil water.

A Few Hints.

When duck eggs are set under a hen it is best to make the nest on the ground.

Ducks grow faster than chickens, are free from vermin and less liable to disease.

Always have the nests so that the hens can walk into them rather than jump down.

Feed for growth or for eggs and not merely for subsistence if poultry is to pay profit.

Buy your dairy stock of honorable breeders and then hold them responsible for their representations.

The heifer calf from a good cow is worth keeping until it can be determined whether or not the dam has transmitted her good qualities.

If the men do the milking it is a good thing to impress upon them the fact that water is better than milk to wash their hands in. Cleanliness is next to godliness.

Many farmers would make their dairies much more profitable if they would give some hard study to the nature of different grasses, with a view to improving their pastures.

During the first year the feeding of the heifer should be such as would tend toward development of frame rather than to the laying on of flesh. Grass and roots and bulky forage will be of more value than grain or other rich concentrated foods.

Animals Afraid of Thunder.

The editor of the Brunswick Telegraph, who makes chums of all his animals and birds, has noticed that they are often afraid during thunder storms. "One of my horses," he says "would be sometimes awfully frightened during such storms, but would calm down a good deal if I got out of the carriage and stood by her head. The canary one week during a heavy shower was allowed to leave his cage. Some time after he could not be found. Closer search was made and it was found that the little fellow had crept into the bed and hidden under the pillow. He was invited out, came, played around for a while, and as the second shower was on—severer than the first—again disappeared in his hiding place under the pillow." This famed canary is a dainty bird and prefers to eat his food from a tiny china plate with which his cage is supplied. The other day, when a strawberry was tied with a string to the wires of the cage the bird went for the string tugging away until it was broken and the strawberry dropped to the bottom. Then he pulled the berry and placed it in the plate when he ate it.—Lewiston Journal.

REMARKABLE MEMORIES.

Good Memories of Some of our Great Men.

"Memory," said old Fuller, the author of the "Worthies," who himself possessed a wonderful power of reminiscence, "is the storehouse of the mind, wherein the treasures thereof are kept and preserved." It is unquestionably true that, as a rule, great writers have had memories of more than ordinary tenacity and range. The faculty of reminiscence feeds the fires of the imagination, and keeps lucid and orderly the sequence of philosophic thought. How much Milton, for example, profited by his prehensile and trustworthy memory is evident. Not only such poems as "Lycidas," but "Paradise Lost" and "Paradise Regained" are studded with translations and paraphrases of exquisite extracts from the classic poets. We are told that Pascal never forgot anything he had seen, heard or thought. Avicenna could repeat by note the entire koran, when he was 10 years old, and Francis Suarez had the whole of St. Augustine in his memory. In three weeks, Scaliger, the famous scholar, committed to memory every line of the "Iliad" and the "Odyssey." Another scholar, Justus Lipsius, offered to repeat the "Histories" of Tacitus without a mistake on forfeit of his life. Charmides the Greek, according to Pliny, could recite the contents of every book in his library, which was by no means a small one.

Walter Savage Landor also carried his library in his head. When he had read a book he always gave it away on principle, having, as he said, observed that with such a purpose in his mind he was sure to retain of a book all that was worth keeping. In his old age Landos was furious if he did not at once remember any passage of a book, or any name or date. It is well known that Macaulay's memory was prodigious. He could pass from the minutest dates of English history or biograpy to a discussion of the comparative merits of different ancient orators, and repeat whole strophes from the Greek dramatists. He could rehearse every word of every article he had written without prompting. Of M. de Lacepede, a well known French writer on natural history, it is recorded that he composed and corrected his works from beginning to end before he wrote them down. A similar practice is ascribed to Prescott, the American historian, who, it is said, used to compose and finish his narratives in his mind before a word of them was committed to paper.

That man should be able thus to store his own writings in his own memory is harder to understand than that he should recall the writings of another because in the one case every word is immutable, whereas, in the other, nothing is absolutely fixed. It is a significant fact that a powerful memory is more generally coveted than is either the imaginative or the ratiocinative faculty. This is apparently because a strong memory can be turned to so many uses, not only in literature but in the conduct of life.

HISTORY OF THE UMBRELLA.

Its Exact Origin Is Unknown, but It Is Very Ancient.

No one knows whether the umbrella was originally used as a defense against rain or as a screen from the sun, but it seems probable that the first umbrellas were sunshades. In countries where very little clothing is worn rain does not make much difference, but the sun is a power. Why shouldn't the palm leaf be the first sunshade, with its ribs and handles? It hints at the umbrella as well as the fan.

Travelers among the Ainos of Japan often make temporary sunshades of gigantic dock leaves, which are sometimes six feet high, large enough for an account of Gulliver. The umbrella has a very great antiquity. The word itself means a "little shadow," showing that it was named for its protection from the sun in this case. Horace says:

"Among the military standards the sun beholds an Egyptian canopy."

On coins and in the rock-carving of the ancients the umbrella often shows its familar form. This goes to prove that Jonas Hanway did not invent the umbrella, but he saw the value of the eastern sunshade, and soon it became the fashion to carry this article of apparel. There must be a great difference between the umbrella of the eighteenth century and the modern steel-ribbed, silk-covered, slender article which it is regarded as a misfortune to get wet.

The desideratum at present is a portable umbrella. There is a fortune for a man who invents a really good umbrella which can be stowed in a valise or trunk. There is an unpatented Corean umbrella that may fill the bill. When it begins to rain the picturesque and stately Corean swell reaches into his sleeve and produces a folded, oiled-paper affair resembliug a fan. This is spread and set over the hat like an extinguisher, and is kept in place by two strings held under the chin. It is not very large, but anything that will cover a Corean hat will keep the rain from a Corean.—Irish Times.

TEA IN AMERICA.

We Are Not a Tea Drinking People—Statistics.

The export of teas from China and Japan to New York for the season of 1889-90 embraced about 81,000,000 pounds. In 1888-89 it was 80,848,-700, and in 1887-88 was 85,930,300 pounds. The special review of the chamber of commerce for 1890 omits any general statement of importation consumption or prices. Teas have steadily declined in price, and that with concomitant regret of importer, jobber and broker. The fall in price is alleged to be chiefly due to the large shipments to this country from England and Canada; and these are said to be occasioned by the removal several years ago of the differential duty of 10 per cent by the federal government. Canada, closely protectionist in this matter, compels payment of 10 per cent differential duty on tea warehoused in the United States and then transported thither, even when they were purchased for transportation to her own limits. England ships her surplus to the United States without payment of additional freight, provided it be reshipped within six months after arrival in London. Commercial American hope is that congress will restore the 10 per cent differential duty of teas coming from any other than the land of production. Oolong from the island of Formosa is reported to be the most popular with consumers, although in quality hardly equal to the fine Foochow tea. India and Ceylon teas are chiefly acceptable to educated palates, which do not comprise many of American origin, for the reason that their education has been neglected. Hence the liking for unwonted flavors is not wide-spread. The truth is that Americans are not a tea drinking people, and that the annual per capita consumption of 5⅜ pounds has been virtually stationary for the past 40 years.

A Fascinating Creature.

Young Barrister: "I have got to pay a visit to the wife of Judge S——; can you tell me what sort of a person she is?"

Attorney: "Ah! A most aimable lady, of such engaging manners, in fact, that, when you have chatted with her for half an hour, you will be so bewitched that you will there and then propose for one of her daughters."—Humoristische Blatter.

If You Wish

To overcome that exteme Tired feeling, or to build up your appetite and purify your blood, take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Possessing the best known vegetable tonic and alterative properties. It builds up in a perfectly natural way all the weakened parts, purifies and promotes healthy circulation of the blood, and makes you feel real hungry.

LOSS OF APPETITE.

"To all whom it may concern. I will say that for some time I have been troubled with dyspepsia and loss of appetite. Professional advice failing to relieve me, I decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, as I saw it advertised as a good blood purifier. Before I had taken the whole of a bottle the dyspepsia left me and my appetite wonderfully improved. I shall keep

Hood's Sarsaparilla

in my house as a family medicine, and I recommend it to my friends." G. STAMMAN, 19 Lafayette Avenue, Detroit, Michigan.

Strange Effect of a Snake Bite.

The scene was the White Sulphur Springs in the height of the season, several years ago. A circus troupe had been playing there for some days, which numbered among its attractions an Arab snake-charmer. While waiting his turn to "go on" during a performance he was occupied in training a rattlesnake, recently procured in the neighboring mountains. He said afterwards that he had an antidote in case of a snake bite, but had left it by accident at the last stopping place; so when this snake bit him he resorted to the Arab superstition of biting off the head of the snake, hoping by this heroic remedy to save his life. But even this horrible experiment was of no avail, and though two or three physicians came almost instantly to his aid and every available means was made to save him, they soon saw that he was beyond human help, for he began to glide about with all the motions of a snake, biting from side to side as if at grass. He only lived a short time, and after his death what was the horror of all present to find that his body was striped in exact imitation of the loathsome reptile which had caused his death, so fully had the poison penetrated his whole system.—Dallas, Tex., News.

Didn't "Queer" the Preacher.

A clergyman well known to Buffalo people says that when the Lord made him He forgot to put any pegs in his mind on which to hang the names of his acquaintances. He can remember faces, but not names. He became pastor of a large church a few months ago, and after discharging his duties long enough to know his sheep by sight, he was visited one evening by a lady whom he knew well, but whose name he could not, for the life of him, recall. Wishing to be reminded of it without exposing his ignorance he said:

"Let me see, ah—how do you spell your name?"

To which she replied with reproachful dignity:

"S-m-i-t-h."

For a moment the clergyman was floored, but he rallied quickly and escaped rebuke by rejoining:

"Oh; then you don't spell it with a y?"—From the Buffalo Courier.

Montenegro's Sudden Spring.

The "Jack-in-the-box bow is practiced by the Prince of Montenegro, who is said to be the laziest monarch in Europe. The Prince is young and active, but he is too lazy to get on his feet to bow to his subject when they cheer him. So he had a carriage made with powerful strings, under the seat which the Prince always occupied. The artisian who made the springs was afraid they wouldn't be powerful enough, and so he made the strongest springs ever seen in Montenegro.

On the first fete day after the carriage was completed the Prince of Montenegro rode through the streets to his capital. The happy people began to cheer him. He touched a button on the carriage seat, so that he might be lifted to his feet and bow. The seat rose so suddenly and rapidly that it threw the Prince of Montenegro out of his carriage. The accident gave rise to the the false report that an attempt had been made to assassinate him.—New York Journal.

How to Serve Two Masters.

Fruit Packer—"James have you made out that check for my pew rent?"

Bookkeeper—"Yes, sir."

[A pause.]

"James, have you written an order for another lot of pink gauze for the peach baskets?"

"Yes, sir."

"Is it ready to mail?"

"Yes, sir."

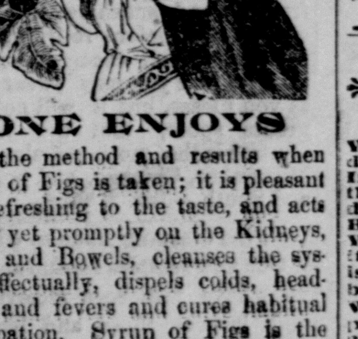
Another pause.

"James, see if you've got each one in its right envelope."—Chicago Tribune.

Telegraphing With Cannons.

When the first vessel completed the passage of the then new Erie canal, in 1825, there being no such thing as telegraph in those days, the news was communicated to New York and to Buffalo by cannons placed within hearing of each other all the way long from Albany to each of the other cities. The signal was, passed along in this way from Albany in fifty eight minutes. The experiment was a costly one but was a success in every particular.—St. Louis Republic.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

AN EYE TO BUSINESS.

Why a Big Man Submitted to Abuse From a Little One.

About midnight one night three men were standing at the corner of Woodward and Jefferson avenues, apparently waiting for a car, says the Detroit Free Press, when a quarrel arose and a little fellow in a gray suit began to berate a much larger man in the most vigorous manner, while the third party acted as a witness:

"You miserable cur," hissed the little fellow, "you—"

"Hold on," expostulated the big one, "you have no——"

"You low-lived scoundrel; you liar; you thief," continued the little man; "you—"

"Say, now, come off," begged the other party.

"You coward," went on the little man, and kept at him in the same style until the big man walked away, followed by the third party, leaving the little man cursing like a trooper.

On the other side of the street the big man stopped and his friend caught up with him.

"What the deuce did you take that sort of talk for?" he exclaimed angrily. "Why didn't you smack him in the mouth?

"I couldn,t do it," replied the big man.

"You must have been afraid of him, I guess," said the other sarcastically.

"No, I wasn't, but I had good reasons not to hit him."

"What in thunder were they?"

"Well, you see, I just got him this morning to take out an accident policy in a new insurange company I've taken charge of, which pays him $50 a week in case he gets hurt and, by George, I didn't want to queer my own company right on the start by thumping the little cuss out of sight and sticking the company for $300 or $400. Of course I didn't like his talk, but my motto is 'business before pleasure,' and I kept my hands off. See?"

The other man saw, because he had an eye for business himself, and the twain walked off up towards the Campus Martius.

A LARGE rubber vulcanizer, weighing 10 tons, exploded in the works of the Globe Rubber Company at Trenton, N. J., Considerable damage was done to the interior and machinery, and Cobb Bennett a workman, was fatally hurt.

The Stubbornest Things on Earth.

Are facts. As Burns says, "They winna gang." Here's a specimen. It is a fact that despite underhand competition, detraction and imitation, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the leading national specific for malaria, dyspepsia, debility, liver complaint, nervousness, rheumatism, neuralgia and kidney inaction, has not only held its own, but long since outsped all rivals in the race for popularity.

Women are not inventive as a rule. They have no eagerness for new wrinkles.

The October Forum will contain an article on the prevalence of gambling in the United States, in which an effort is made to calculate the enormous proportions of the "business." The writer will present much evidence to show that we are a nation of gamblers.

In diving to the bottom of pleasures we bring up more gravel than pearls.

The series of articles on American Industries in the Popular Science Monthly will be continued in the October number with a fully illustrated account of THE MANUFACTURE OF STEEL, by WILLIAM F. DURFEE, giving the history of the industry from colonial times to the introduction of the Bessemer process.

A politician left alone with his conscience sees mighty little company.

Soreness in body or limbs, promptly relieved by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment used external.

Woman's sweet disposition is always shown by her husband's long hair.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Many handkerchiefs are moistened by sorrows that never occur.

The Only One Ever Printed.

CAN YOU FIND THE WORD? There is a 3 inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS or SAMPLES FREE.



INFANTILE SKIN and SCALP DISEASES CURED BY Cuticura

EVERY HUMOR OF THE SKIN AND Scalp of infancy and childhood, whether torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, or blotchy, with loss of hair, and every impurity of the blood, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, is speedily, permanently, and economically cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, consisting of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Parents, save your children years of mental and physical suffering. Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by Potter Drug and Chemical Corporation, Boston. Send for "How to cure Skin Diseases."

Baby's skin and scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

Kidney pains, backache, and muscular rheumatism relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. 25c.

SICK HEADACHE Positively cured by these Little Pills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

The Soap for Hard Water is Lenox.

Advice to the Aged.

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and bladder and torpid liver.

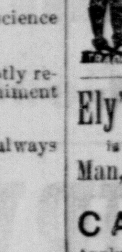
Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, giving natural discharges without straining or griping, and

IMPARTING VIGOR

to the kidneys, bladder and liver. They are adapted to old or young.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.



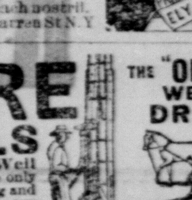
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Powdered and Perfumed. (PATENTED.)

Strongest and purest Lye made. Makes the *best* perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes *without boiling*. It is the *best* for softening water, cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc.

PENNA. SALT MFG. CO., Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

Ely's Cream Balm is worth $500 to any Man, Woman or Child suffering from **CATARRH.** Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St. N.Y.



BORE WELLS with our famous Well Machinery. The only perfect self-cleaning and fast-dropping tools in use. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

THE "OHIO" WELL DRILL



Catalogue FREE.

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS

The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. ALLEN, Druggist & Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

HAY FEVER & ASTHMA CURED TO STAY CURED. We want the name and address of every sufferer in the U. S. and Canada. Address, P. Harold Hayes, M.D., Buffalo, N.Y.

N. W. N. U. 1891 No 39

IN 15 MINUTES.



I suffered severely with face neuralgia, but in 15 minutes after application of ST. JACOBS OIL was asleep; have not been troubled with it since.

No return since 1882. F. B. ADAMS, Perry, Mo.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

25 CTS

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT AND COARSE GRAIN to A. J. SAWYER & CO.

MINNEAPOLIS OR DULUTH.

Highest Prices! Prompt Returns! Liberal Advances!

We also have the very best facilities for placing trades for future delivery in all markets.

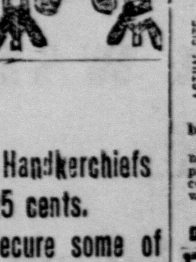
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NIAGARA STOPPED FLOWING.

The Water Froze and the Falls Were Dry for a Short Time.

It seems almost incredible, says the Toronto Globe, that at one time in its history the greatest and most wonderful waterfall in the world actually ran dry. Nevertheless, it is an established fact that occurred on March 29, 1848, and for a few hours scarcely any water passed over Niagara Falls. The winter of that year had been an exceptionally severe one, and ice of unusual thickness had formed on Lake Erie. The warm spring rains loosened this congealed mass, and on the day in question a brisk east wind drove the ice far into the lake. About sunset the wind suddenly veered round, and blew a heavy gale from the west. This naturally turned the ice in its course, and, bringing it down to the mouth of the Niagara River, piled it up in a solid, impenetrable wall.

So closely was it packed and so great was it in force that in a short time the outlet to the lake was completely choked up, and little or no water could possible escape. In a short space of time the water below this frozen barrier passed over the falls, and the next morning the people living in the neighborhood were treated to a most extraordinary spectacle. The roaring tumbling rapids above the falls were almost obliterated, and nothing but the cold, black rocks were visible in all directions. The news quickly spread and crowds of spectators flocked to view the scene, the banks on each side of the river being lined with people during the whole day. At last there was a break in the ice it was released from its restraint, the pent-up wall of water rushed downward, and Niagara was itself again.

The man born in a cabin may some day name a cabinet.

The key to the political situation in many States—whis-key.



Two doctors of an Eastern town,
To learning much inclined,
Were called to see a gentleman,
Whose health was undermined.
The first one used his stethoscope
Upon his patient meek.
"I find," quoth he, "one lung is gone,
You cannot live a week."
To this the other wise M. D.
Vehemently objected.
"I see," quoth he, "as all may see,
Your kidneys are affected."
These wise men argued loud and long,
Yet the patient owes recovery
(Not to those doctors, but to—
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery).

There are some patent medicines that are more marvelous than a dozen doctors' prescriptions, but they're not those that profess to cure *everything*.

Everybody, now and then, feels "run-down," "played out." They've the will, but no power to generate vitality. They're not sick enough to call a doctor, but just too sick to be well. That's where the right kind of a patent medicine comes in, and does for a dollar what the doctor wouldn't do for less than five or ten.

We put in our claim for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

We claim it to be an unequaled remedy to purify the blood and invigorate the whole system.

It's the *cheapest* blood-purifier, sold through druggists, no matter how many doses are offered for a dollar.

Why? Because it's sold on a *peculiar plan*, and you only pay for *the good* you get.

Can you ask more?

EVERY MOTHER

Should Have It in The House.

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love to take JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cramps and Pains. Relieves all Summer Complaints, Cuts and Bruises like magic. Sold everywhere. Price 35c. by mail; 6 bottles Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

"German Syrup"

Croup. We have selected two or three lines from letters freshly received from parents who have given German Syrup to their children in the emergencies of Croup. You will credit these, because they come from good, substantial people, happy in finding what so many families lack—a medicine containing no evil drug, which mother can administer with confidence to the little ones in their most critical hours, safe and sure that it will carry them through.

ED. L. WILLITS, of Alma. Neb. I give it to my children when troubled with Croup and never saw any preparation act like it. It is simply miraculous.

MRS. JAS. W. KIRK, Daughters' College, Harrodsburg, Ky. I have depended upon it in attacks of Croup with my little daughter, and find it an invaluable remedy.

Fully one-half of our customers are mothers who use Boschee's German Syrup among their children. A medicine to be successful with the little folks must be a treatment for the sudden and terrible foes of childhood, whooping cough, croup, diphtheria and the dangerous inflammations of delicate throats and lungs. ®

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PORTLAND, OREGON,

The Great Western Railway Terminus!

The Great Pacific Seaport City!

Real Estate is the Basis of all Wealth.

AN INVESTMENT THAT WILL NET

20% to 30%

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A commercial center is the safest place to invest in real estate, especially when such place is a great railway center; has good river transportation and large foreign and domestic shipping. Portland is that place.

Portland, Oregon, is now pre-eminently the commercial center of the Pacific Northwest. No other city in the United States is so well situated in respect to natural resources as is Portland, and it leads all other cities west of the Mississippi River in its phenomenal growth in population. Located at the confluence of two great rivers, and being the terminus of more transcontinental railways than any other city in the United States. In fact, every advantage which insures the solid growth and prosperity of a city is abundantly enjoyed by Portland.

These Advantages Guarantee Constantly increasing Values in Real Estate.

THE TAWOOD REAL ESTATE COMPANY
PORTLAND, OREGON,

Has the best plan for investors yet devised. You never read anything more explicit and simple. It is absolutely safe, and cannot fail to be profitable to all who invest.

CAPITAL $300,000. 6,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

SHARES FOR SALE AT PAR VALUE, $50.00 PER SHARE, FULL PAID NON-ASSESSABLE.

We will not sell a share of stock at less than par value ($50 per share), as the Company's capital stock is not inflated or watered, but every dollar of its capital is backed by Solid Real Estate investment.

A FAIR OFFER.

If you own stock, and at any time wish to surrender it, this company will take its own stock at $1.40 on the dollar and pay you in Real Estate at the price at which the company is selling lots to other parties.

Write for Prospectus giving full explanation of the company's plan and all information regarding how stock is paid, or &c.

REFERENCES.

Wm. McFall, Secretary Sellwood Real Estate Co.; Joseph L. Meirath, Secretary Portland Real Estate Association; E. T. Hows, Capitalist; H. W. Scott, Editor "Oregonian;" H. L. Pittock, Manager and Treasurer "Oregonian;" S. J. Barber, President West Portland Park Association.

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A SUDDEN SHOWER.

Barefooted boys scud up the street,
Or scurry under sheltering sheds;
And schoolgirl faces pale and sweet.
Gleam from shawls about their heads.
Doors bang; and mother voices call
From alien homes; and rusty gates
Are slammed, and high above it all
The thunder grim reverberates.
And then abrupt, the rain, the rain!
The earth lies gasping; and the eyes
Behind the streaming window panes
Smile at the trouble of the skies.
The highway smokes; sharp echoes ring;
The cattle bawls and cowbells clank;
And into town comes galloping
The farmer's horse with steaming flank.
The swallow dips beneath the eaves,
And flirts his plumes and folds his wings;
And under the cataba leaves
The caterpillar curls and clings.
The bumblebee is pelted down
The wet stem of the hollyhock;
And sullenly in spattered brown
The cricket leaps the garden walk.
Within the baby claps his hands
And crows with rapture strange and vague;
Without, beneath the rosebush stands
A dripping rooster on one leg.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

CHASED BY A LION.

HERBERT Russell, in the last number of Cassell's Family Magazine, tells the Champion lion story. A lion had escaped from a menagerie and was lurking near Aldershot camp. Two officers were out riding when they came upon the lion:

The camp was about two miles away. There was a sort of foreign wildness in the aspect of the little pass into which we were entering. The soil was of fine yellow sand; not smooth or level, but broken up into a succession of billowy ridges, with here and there an abrupt hillock rising tall enough to impede the view. We were riding with our horses neck to neck. I had just lighted a cigar and was following with some interest an account which Captain Angus was giving me of an exploit in the hunting field, which the reader perhaps would scarcely thank me to recount. Suddenly he stopped dead, and at the same moment reined his horse in with such vehemence that the creature reared right up on his hind legs with a loud and long-drawn neigh. Wondering at the reason of this abrupt arrest, I checked my own mare and came to a standstill beside my companion.

"What is the matter, Angus?" I inquired.

For answer he did not speak a word, but slowly raising his arm and extending it from his shoulder, the forefinger pointing nearly straight ahead of us, he brought his eyes to my face, and remained in that posture watching my countenance as I perceived the object he was indicating. And what was it that I saw? Following the direction of his raised arm I discovered upon the summit of one of the little hillocks about 200 yards away, standing motionless as a statue, its form blending with the yellow color of the sand, the figure of a great shaggy lion! The creature stood stock-still, its tail alone whisking slowly from side to side, intently surveying us. For our part we sat equally motionless in our saddles. Angus with his arm extended and his eyes fixed upon my face, as though he had become transfixed in that posture, and I in the posture of astonished regard into which I had fallen on first perceiving the lion.

Suddenly my horse grew restive; it fretted and neighed, and commenced to curvet and paw the ground as though alarmed. My friend's horse likewise evinced the same signs of apprehension. I kept my eyes as steadily upon the line as Angus did his upon me. The creature, with stealthy cat-like bounds, commenced advancing very slowly towards us, pausing at about every three steps it made to rear its head and stand staring at us, then continuing its sneaking advance along the ridge of the hillock upon which we had first discovered it.

I withdrew my fixed stare to turn in my saddle and look around me. My movement seemed to break the kind of spell under which Angus sat; his arm sank slowly to his side, and his eyes rolled from my face to the figure of the lion. To right and left the sides of the valley shut in the view. In front stood the lion; behind the defile in which we were broadened out until it became little more than a mere undulation in the broad wild plain through which it ran. As I slowly swept the sandy track in our rear, I suddenly observed a man on horseback emerge into the open, moving leisurely along at about the distance of a mile or so away, and gazing intently made him out to be a cavalry soldier; probably a mounted orderly sent for the camp on dispatch business.

"We must bolt," said Captain Angus at my elbow; "that lion means mischief by the manner in which it is advancing toward us; and mark you how restive the horses are. Their instinct is keener than ours; they can scent danger in the air. The instant we move to fly, depend upon it the lion will start in chase, and our only chance will lie in out-running him, for unarmed as we are, what could we do to defend ourselves against such a brute?"

"Look you, Angus; yonder is a mounted orderly riding across the country. You have good eyes; see what you make of him."

Captain Angus shaded his sight with his hand and stared toward the retreating figure.

"It is a Lancer trooper," he said presently. "I can see the plumes in his head-dress and I can also see the pennon fluttering from his lance."

"He is armed, then?"

"He is carrying his lance," replied the Captain.

"Good!" I cried. "Now, if we can reach that soldier before the lion catches us, we shall be all right. It will not take him long to touch the heart of the brute with the keen steel head of his spear. Fortunately we have not been working our horses hard, but they must go now if ever they did for their very lives. Are you ready?"

"Yes," said he, drawing his hat on firmly and planting himself square upon the saddle. "Come now!"

We turned our horses about, and with shouts and slaps gave them rein. The intelligent creatures, as though conscious of their danger, started off like frightened deer along the sandy valley. I let the newly lighted cigar drop from my mouth, and setting my knees firm against the sleek sides of the mare, grasped the reins with a grip of steel. A low sullen roar reached my ears, and turning for an instant to glance over my shoulder I caught a glimpse of the lion flying after us in pursuit, its lithe form bounding like a flash of light from ridge to ridge, and its whole shape a meer fleeting vision of flowing mane, flashing eyes and distended jaws.

"Hey-on! Hey-up!" It was like a dead heat with the order of the hunt reversed. The horses' hoofs thundered over the sand, raising a smoke-like column of dust as they swept with the velocity of the wind toward the figure of the soldier, every instant growing more defined. My cap flew off; I tried to catch it, but it whirled away astern like a bit of chaff. Our speed was prodigious. I felt my horse tremble beneath me, and the steam rose from its reeking hide in a warm mist. I lay forward to whisper in her ear, although, breathless as I was, I rather hissed than spoke the syllables of encouragement which came from my lips. My companion and I kept our stations abreast of each other with wonderful precision. We occasionally exchanged a few hurried words, but it was no time for talking; the whirl and tumult, and above all the sense of danger, were too great for coherence and almost for articulation.

Five minutes passed, although so much of sensation was packed into them that the time might well have been an hour. Once I turned again to see whether we still maintained our station ahead of the lion, and perceived that the creature was slowly but visibly gaining on us. Yet the speed of our horses was prodigious. I could feel the heart of my mare beating with a violence that sent a thrill through her whole frame to each throb of it, but she kept bravely on with no sign of flagging. Whether the soldier had perceived us or not as yet it was impossible to say; but even if he had done so, there could be nothing in the sight of two officers galloping through Long Valley to excite his curiosity. Such a spectacle would be as common to him as the sight of his own blue tunic. I could now clearly make him out, even to the glitter of his accoutrements. He was heading traversely away from us, his horse going at a moderate trot. Several times we united our voices in a shout, but he was apparently still too distant for our confused hallos to reach him, for he kept steadily on.

Presently, however, I saw him turn his head in our direction. I raised my arm and flourished it wildly, hoarsely calling to Angus to do the same. He snatched off his hat, which still adhered to his head, and waved it violently. The soldier continued looking our way, growing plainer to the view even as he did so; then apparently noticing our gestures and interpreting them into signals, he drew rein and brought his horse to a standstill. Now that he had stopped we swept down upon him like a whirlwind. As we approached we alternately shouted and pointed behind us, but he apparently made nothing of these signs—as indeed, what suspicion should he have of the real motive of our headlong flight toward him? Suddenly, however, he rose in his saddle, and I saw him hastily release his lance from the sling which confined it to his arm, and lower the long, glittering weapon down to the trail. I then knew that he had caught sight of the lion, and remember amid all the hurry and tumult of my thoughts at that moment admiring the prompt presence of mind of the fellow, staggered as he must have been by the unexpected apparition of our wild and fierce pursuer.

Then what followed took place, as it seemed to me, all in a breath. Ourselves panting like a hare in its final spurt, and our horses reeking and spent, we darted past the figure of the soldier, crouching with his spear pointed low, and came to a standstill, wheeling round to see what would now happen. The trooper's horse reared up on its hind legs till it seemed as though the man must slide from off the saddle. In a flash the lion was upon the creature, leaping upward at its throat at the very moment that the soldier, like St. George slaying the dragon, plunged his lance with all his might into the quivering yellow body of the beast. The creature gave a loud deep roar, and a moment after the trio of man, horse and lion rolled over into the dust with a dull, dead thud. Captain Angus vaulted clean out of his saddle, and in an instant gained the side of the struggling group. The lion was doubtlessly badly wounded, but it was tearing the shoulders of the horse cruelly with its claws, and the soldier, who lay pinned to the ground by the weight of the animal's carcass, was in danger of being mutilated by the ferocious brute. The pole of the lance stuck out from its side, buried high as its pennon in the flesh. With the rapidity of thought my companion seized this, and withdrew it, the lion giving a prodigious howl of pain as he did so. Then stepping back a few paces and gripping the spear with both hands, the captain poised it for an instant, and rushed full tilt at the prostrate creature, plunging the gore-stained head of the lance into the body with such force that I looked to see the barbed point appear on the other side. The lion sprang into the air, doubling itself nearly up in the rigor that ran through its frame, then fell with a flop upon the sand, tumbling over on its side with the lance sticking straight up into the air, as though it pinned it to the earth. A few silent struggles convulsed its form, and then it stiffened out, with its jaws distended, its eyes lolling out, its tail rigid as a spike—dead as a nail!

I dismounted and hastened to assist Angus in raising the fallen soldier. Badly lacerated as the horse was by the terrible claws of the lion, it yet made shift to stagger to its feet when we laid hold of its bridle and encouraged it to rise. The man was confused and stunned by his fall, and made no effort to move when we accosted him. However, after a few moments he sat up, supporting himself on his elbows, and looking with a bewildered air at the dead lion. Then when, by our aid, he got upon his feet, he found that he could stand, though his knees trembled like those of a man in a fit. His helmet had been crushed and his tunic split, while his nose seemed to be bleeding a little, but beyond the confusion of his fall he had sustained no other apparent injury.

"How do you feel?" asked my companion. "Any bones broken?"

The man in a dazed manner said he did not know.

"Here sit down for a while on this mound. You will feel better directly. It is your horse which has suffered most."

The soldier seated himself upon a little sand-bank, while Angus and I proceeded to view the dead lion. He was a huge, massive creature, and scarcely measured less than eight feet from the tip of its snout to the beginning of its tail. Its distended jaws disclosed a double row of great gleaming grinders, while its claws, thrust out between its velvety feet, were as keen and nearly as long as the blade of a dagger.

"A formidable beast," said I, meditatively, walking slowly around it.

"Ay," replied my friend; "we have need to feel grateful to the Lancer. But for him we should have been run to earth by the brute. Yet it must have been very badly put to it to chase a couple of men on horseback. I should never have believed it."

In a little while the soldier rose to his feet again, and then told us that he felt sufficiently recovered to return to camp, which by a short cut across the valley, was about a mile and a half away. His horse, however, was in no fit condition to carry him, but seeing that he now stood tolerably firm on his feet, we made no doubt that he was capable of walking the distance. We withdrew his lance from the body of the lion, and fitting it into the heel-socket upon his boot, slipped the sling of it over his arm; then taking the bridle of the horse in his hand, in this manner he and the animal moved slowly off.

We lingered awhile watching him, till perfectly satisfied that he would do very well, then again mounted our horses and set forward at a brisk trot. The drums and fifes were just shrilling and rattling out the "retreat" tattoo as we entered the camp, so that by the time we had gained our quarters and shifted our attire the mess bugle was ringing its sonorous tones upon the quiet air. And when Captain Angus and I took our seats at table that night we had such a yarn to tell as robbed every other topic of its interest and made our narrow escape the one absorbing subject of conversation.

The lion was stuffed and is still among the most conspicuous objects of furniture in the mess-room of the —— Regiment. A week later the divisional orders contained the announcement that Lance Corporal Watson of the —— Lancers would be promoted to the rank of Corporal "for gallantry in assisting two officers who were pursued by a lion."

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

USEFUL AND INSTRUCTIVE READING FOR THE FARMER.

Wheat Experiments—Cheese and Butter Auctions—Ammonia in Manure—How to Cure and Store Onions.

Wheat Experiments.

Experiments in various methods of feeding wheat have been conducted for a series of years at the Ohio experiment station, with the following results:

In the average of four years' experiment, wheat covered one inch or less has produced at the rate of 34 bushels per acre; that covered two inches has produced 35 bushels, and that covered three inches 34 bushels. Judging from a smaller number of experiments it does not seem advisable to sow deeper than three inches.

In the average of six years, wheat sown with the roller-press drill has yielded about eight per cent more than that sown with the ordinary drill. More or less increase has followed the roller-press in almost every season, but a single trial has given results unfavorable to the use of the common roller after seeding.

Broadcast wheat has this year yielded about the same as that drilled; but in the average of five years the product from broadcast seed is considerably smaller than from the same quantity of seed drilled.

The results of seven years' experiments point clearly to the latter part of September or first of October as the most favorable season for sowing wheat on this farm.

A single experiment, made this year, fails to show any advantage in favor of cross drilling over sewing the same quantity of seed in the ordinary manner.

No larger crop has been produced this year from mixed seed of two varieties sown separately.

The land upon which these experiments were made lies in the valley of the Olentangy, one of the largest branches of the Scioto. The soil is a yellow loam, part first and part second bottom. It is either naturally underdrained with gravel or artificially drained with tiles, and its average yield of wheat for thirteen years has been over twentysix bushels per acre, or an annual acreage of about thirty acres.

Cheese and Butter Auctions.

The latest suggestion for helping dairy farmers to dispose of their produce on good terms and to bring it into prominent competition with foreign goods is to establish auction marts in London and all the great manufacturing towns, for the purpose of holding weekly or daily sales of consignments of cheese and butter from our dairy districts. It is contended that in this way one of the advantages which foreign dairy produce possesses over our town, viz., that retailers always know where to go for a supply in any quantity, will to some extent be removed, and that if farmers only support these places properly, and are willing to make a little sacrifice at the onset in the shape of insufficient returns until the mart gets thoroughly established, and retailers begin regularly to resort to it, an opening would be made for their goods which would be of the greatest service to them. Perhaps the advantage of such auctions to butter makers would be greater than in the case of cheese, for the sale of which there are means already available. At the same time, if the thing answered for the sale of butter, it could not fail to be of some service to the cheesemaker also, who might try it with small lots first, as the same buyers who went there for butter would also, from the nature of their business, be buyers of cheese.—Chester Courant, England.

Ammonia in Manure, a Mistaken Prevalent Opinion.

The prevalent idea that manure contains much ammonia is, according to Bell's Messenger, England, without any foundation. Manure contains the elements of which ammonia is formed during decomposition, viz., nitrogen and hydrogen; but as decomposition is a very slow process, the ammonia is only very slowly evolved. As it is produced, it is in the form of gas, which is dissolved in the water existing in the manure or it combines with the abundant carbonic acid evolved during the decomposition and forms carbonate of ammonia. It is very rare that ammonia can be detected escaping from a manure heap. The fetid odor of a manure pile is not caused by ammonia, but by compounds of sulphur and carbon, the same as those devolved by decaying eggs and rotting cabbages. The ammonia of manure is very slowly disengaged, requiring a year or more before it is all produced and evolved, and as the soil absorbs it freely, there is scarcely any danger of any loss of this valuable part of the manure as it is commonly used. The pungent odor of a horse stable is caused by the escaping ammonia, and farmers loose more of this element of manure in this way in one warm night from an unclean horse stable, than from their manure heaps in a year. A pound of ammonia in manure is worth in England 17 cents, and a tun of manure produces only 12 lbs of it.

How to Cure and Store Onions.

"Joseph," in Farm and Fireside, has the following to say in regard to curing onions and storing them for the winter: Pull the onions just as soon as the majority of the tops have fallen over and begin to waste away. Leave on the ground in windrows until the tops have all dried down, or if rain should threaten, take to an airy loft or barn floor and spread thinly, until fully cured. Then sort, removing all remnants of tops, etc., and try to sell them at an early opportunity, which is much better than to attempt keeping them over winter and running the risk of losing part of the crop by sprouting, rotting, or freezing. But if you are bound to try wintering, you should have a storage room that can be kept at a temperature near the freezing point—say from 35 degrees to 45 degrees Fahrenheit. Put the bulbs in rather open crates, and keep well aired and dry. Onions can also be stored in pits, like potatoes, only guard against heating. It is better to have them freezing than to get too warm. The question of "best" commercial fertilizer for onions can only be answered in a relative manner. When ground is very rich and abundantly supplied with minerals (potash and phosphorus,) nitrate of soda alone may be the best and cheapest fertilizer. In other cases ashes and nitrate of soda may be the best; and a good, high-grade, complete manure, such as our leading fertilizer manufacturers offer under the name of special potato or special onion, or general vegetable manure, is usually safe to apply even in pretty large doses—say a ton or more per acre.

Make Dairying Pay.

If every dairy farmer, whether producing milk for cheese factory, creamery, or city market, would weigh the milk from each cow at every milking, he would learn how few cows he had in his herd that produced a sufficient quantity of milk to pay for the food they consume. And it would enable him to stop one of the greatest losses on his farm. Scarcely a day passes but what we hear it said that the milk producers are losing money, and believe that statements in many cases are true from the fact that where a farmer has a herd of say twenty cows in milk, five of them are producing a quantity of milk which even at a low price would yield the owner a profit, while the other fifteen produce so little milk and of such poor quality that the loss sustained by them more than absorbs the profit of five. This is the same old story which has been told you over and over again; we suggest that you test your cows, find out where the shrinkage is; thus instead of producing milk at a loss, you will soon place yourself in a position where you will be producing milk as a profit, then you will be able to tell your neighbors that dairying pays.—American Dairyman.

A Change for the Better.

Scrub farmer, feeding nothing but hay and straw in a cold barn, what have you to say to the facts given by Mr. J. D. Smith, of Delaware, county, N. Y., who, by changing his system of farming, made the same farm produce 8,304 pounds of butter, when 2,250 pounds was the extent when he lived—as many are living yet—in the "dark ages." As a rule, too, the men who have cows that produce for them 250 pounds of farm butter per annum, don't get more than a "York shilling" per pound for it; when by the time he learns how to make a cow yield 250 or 300 pounds per annum, has also learned to get two "York shillings" per pound for it—largely because he makes the most of it, when butter is scarce and high. The butter income of the same farm on the first basis is $281.25 on the latter basis, $2,076.00. Borrowing money—even of the government, at 2 per cent—to conduct the first kind of farming, would bring a man to bankruptcy at the last.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Milk in a Paper Bag.

A merry-hearted lad, who is often sent on errands of household needs and necessities, discovers a new method of "bringing home groceries and sich." "Here are two pounds of chops, good scant weight," said the grocer to the young man of the family who had brought in an order from his wife; "now for your milk—where's your can?" The young man of the family protested that he hadn't read the order, and had not been equipped with a can. "Never mind," said the grocer; "here, hold on to it," and he dexterously slipped one paper bag inside of another and filliped the corners into place. The two quarts of milk were poured into the inner bag. "The grease in the milk prevents its going through the paper as water would," explained the grocer. "I had hard work to get people to believe that they could carry milk in a bag at first, and let it go at my own risk. I've sent it so half a mile by slow transit; still, I'd advise you not to stop to tell long stories on the way home."

Milk as Human Food.

Milk is one of the most valuable and economical articles for human food. Estimated at twelve pounds per cow daily, the United States produce the bewildering amount of one hundred and fifty billions of pounds of milk per year. And as three pounds of milk are equivalent to one pound of beef in food elements, each inhabitant has in milk one and a half beeves annually. Whereas, in beef, each inhabitant has only four-fifths of one beef per capita. That, as a rule, our people not engaged in severe manual labor consume too much meat, there can be no doubt. Milk, then, will here prove an article of healthful nourishment, a lack of which predisposes to the harmful use of spirits, in the form of beer, wine, rum, or whisky.—American Agriculturist.

Indirect Fertilizers.

There are substances that in themselves do not furnish the plant any needed ingredient for growth, but when applied to the soil assist materially in augumenting the crop. One of the best illustrations of this class of fertilizers is common salt. Lime is another substance rarely lacking in the soil, but when added assists in setting free other substances that are much needed by the growing plants, that otherwise would not have become available for the crop. Water is added in irrigation not as a fertilizer but because it is the great solvent in nature and the vehicle of transfer of the various substances that go to build up a plant when entering it from the soil water.

A Few Hints.

When duck eggs are set under a hen it is best to make the nest on the ground.

Ducks grow faster than chickens, are free from vermin and less liable to disease.

Always have the nests so that the hens can walk into them rather than jump down.

Feed for growth or for eggs and not merely for subsistence if poultry is to pay profit.

Buy your dairy stock of honorable breeders and then hold them responsible for their representations.

The heifer calf from a good cow is worth keeping until it can be determined whether or not the dam has transmitted her good qualities.

If the men do the milking it is a good thing to impress upon them the fact that water is better than milk to wash their hands in. Cleanliness is next to godliness.

Many farmers would make their dairies much more profitable if they would give some hard study to the nature of different grasses, with a view to improving their pastures.

During the first year the feeding of the heifer should be such as would tend toward development of frame rather than to the laying on of flesh. Grass and roots and bulky forage will be of more value than grain or other rich concentrated foods.

Animals Afraid of Thunder.

The editor of the Brunswick Telegraph, who makes chums of all his animals and birds, has noticed that they are often afraid during thunder storms. "One of my horses," he says "would be sometimes awfully frightened during such storms, but would calm down a good deal if I got out of the carriage and stood by her head. The canary one week during a heavy shower was allowed to leave his cage. Some time after he could not be found. Closer search was made and it was found that the little fellow had crept into the bed and hidden under the pillow. He was invited out, came, played around for a while, and as the second shower was on—severer than the first—again disappeared in his hiding place under the pillow." This famed canary is a dainty bird and prefers to eat his food from a tiny china plate with which his cage is supplied. The other day, when a strawberry was tied with a string to the wires of the cage the bird went for the string tugging away until it was broken and the strawberry dropped to the bottom. Then he pulled the berry and placed it in the plate when he ate it.—Lewiston Journal.

REMARKABLE MEMORIES.

Good Memories of Some of our Great Men.

"Memory," said old Fuller, the author of the "Worthies," who himself possessed a wonderful power of reminiscence, "is the storehouse of the mind, wherein the treasures thereof are kept and preserved." It is unquestionably true that, as a rule, great writers have had memories of more than ordinary tenacity and range. The faculty of reminiscence feeds the fires of the imagination, and keeps lucid and orderly the sequence of philosophic thought. How much Milton, for example, profited by his prehensile and trustworthy memory is evident. Not only such poems as "Lycidas," but "Paradise Lost" and "Paradise Regained" are studded with translations and paraphrases of exquisite extracts from the classic poets. We are told that Pascal never forgot anything he had seen, heard or thought. Avicenna could repeat by note the entire koran, when he was 10 years old, and Francis Suarez had the whole of St. Augustine in his memory. In three weeks, Scaliger, the famous scholar, committed to memory every line of the "Iliad" and the "Odyssey." Another scholar, Justus Lipsius, offered to repeat the "Histories" of Tacitus without a mistake on forfeit of his life. Charmides the Greek, according to Pliny, could recite the contents of every book in his library, which was by no means a small one.

Walter Savage Landor also carried his library in his head. When he had read a book he always gave it away on principle, having, as he said, observed that with such a purpose in his mind he was sure to retain of a book all that was worth keeping. In his old age Landos was furious if he did not at once remember any passage of a book, or any name or date. It is well known that Macaulay's memory was prodigious. He could pass from the minutest dates of English history or biograpy to a discussion of the comparative merits of different ancient orators, and repeat whole strophes from the Greek dramatists. He could rehearse every word of every article he had written without prompting. Of M. de Lacepede, a well known French writer on natural history, it is recorded that he composed and corrected his works from beginning to end before he wrote them down. A similar practice is ascribed to Prescott, the American historian, who, it is said, used to compose and finish his narratives in his mind before a word of them was committed to paper.

That man should be able thus to store his own writings in his own memory is harder to understand than that he should recall the writings of another because in the one case every word is immutable, whereas, in the other, nothing is absolutely fixed. It is a significant fact that a powerful memory is more generally coveted than is either the imaginative or the ratiocinative faculty. This is apparently because a strong memory can be turned to so many uses, not only in literature but in the conduct of life.

HISTORY OF THE UMBRELLA.

Its Exact Origin Is Unknown, but It Is Very Ancient.

No one knows whether the umbrella was originally used as a defense against rain or as a screen from the sun, but it seems probable that the first umbrellas were sunshades. In countries where very little clothing is worn rain does not make much difference, but the sun is a power. Why shouldn't the palm leaf be the first sunshade, with its ribs and handles? It hints at the umbrella as well as the fan.

Travelers among the Ainos of Japan often make temporary sunshades of gigantic dock leaves, which are sometimes six feet high, large enough for an account of Gulliver. The umbrella has a very great antiquity. The word itself means a "little shadow," showing that it was named for its protection from the sun in this case. Horace says:

"Among the military standards the sun beholds an Egyptian canopy."

On coins and in the rock-carving of the ancients the umbrella often shows its familar form. This goes to prove that Jonas Hanway did not invent the umbrella, but he saw the value of the eastern sunshade, and soon it became the fashion to carry this article of apparel. There must be a great difference between the umbrella of the eighteenth century and the modern steel-ribbed, silk-covered, slender article which it is regarded as a misfortune to get wet.

The desideratum at present is a portable umbrella. There is a fortune for a man who invents a really good umbrella which can be stowed in a valise or trunk. There is an unpatented Corean umbrella that may fill the bill. When it begins to rain the picturesque and stately Corean swell reaches into his sleeve and produces a folded, oiled-paper affair resembliug a fan. This is spread and set over the hat like an extinguisher, and is kept in place by two strings held under the chin. It is not very large, but anything that will cover a Corean hat will keep the rain from a Corean.—Irish Times.

TEA IN AMERICA.

We Are Not a Tea Drinking People—Statistics.

The export of teas from China and Japan to New York for the season of 1889-90 embraced about 81,000,000 pounds. In 1888-89 it was 80,848,700, and in 1887-88 was 85,930,300 pounds. The special review of the chamber of commerce for 1890 omits any general statement of importation consumption or prices. Teas have steadily declined in price, and that with concomitant regret of importer, jobber and broker. The fall in price is alleged to be chiefly due to the large shipments to this country from England and Canada; and these are said to be occasioned by the removal several years ago of the differential duty of 10 per cent by the federal government. Canada, closely protectionist in this matter, compels payment of 10 per cent differential duty on tea warehoused in the United States and then transported thither, even when they were purchased for transportation to her own limits. England ships her surplus to the United States without payment of additional freight, provided it be reshipped within six months after arrival in London. Commercial American hope is that congress will restore the 10 per cent differential duty of teas coming from any other than the land of production. Oolong from the island of Formosa is reported to be the most popular with consumers, although in quality hardly equal to the fine Foochow tea. India and Ceylon teas are chiefly acceptable to educated palates, which do not comprise many of American origin, for the reason that their education has been neglected. Hence the liking for unwonted flavors is not wide-spread. The truth is that Americans are not a tea drinking people, and that the annual per capita consumption of 5⅞ pounds has been virtually stationary for the past 40 years.

A Fascinating Creature.

Young Barrister: "I have got to pay a visit to the wife of Judge S——; can you tell me what sort of a person she is?"

Attorney: "Ah! A most aimable lady, of such engaging manners, in fact, that, when you have chatted with her for half an hour, you will be so bewitched that you will there and then propose for one of her daughters."—Humoristische Blatter.

If You Wish

To overcome that exteme Tired feeling, or to build up your appetite and purify your blood, take.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Possessing the best known vegetable tonic and alterative properties, it builds up in a perfectly natural way all the weakened parts, purifies and promotes healthy circulation of the blood, and makes you feel real hungry.

LOSS OF APPETITE.

"To all whom it may concern, I will say that for some time I have been troubled with dyspepsia and loss of appetite. Professional advice failing to relieve me, I decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, as I saw it advertised as a good blood purifier. Before I had taken the whole of a bottle the dyspepsia left me and my appetite wonderfully improved. I shall keep

Hood's Sarsaparilla

in my house as a family medicine, and I recommend it to my friends." G. STAMMAN, 19 Lafayette Avenue, Detroit, Michigan.

Strange Effect of a Snake Bite.

The scene was the White Sulphur Springs in the height of the season, several years ago. A circus troupe had been playing there for some days, which numbered among its attractions an Arab snake-charmer. While waiting his turn to "go on" during a performance he was occupied in training a rattlesnake, recently procured in the neighboring mountains. He said afterwards that he had an antidote in case of a snake bite, but had left it by accident at the last stopping place; so when this snake bit him he resorted to the Arab superstition of biting off the head of the snake, hoping by this heroic remedy to save his life. But even this horrible experiment was of no avail, and though two or three physicians came almost instantly to his aid and every available means was made to save him, they soon saw that he was beyond human help, for he began to glide about with all the motions of a snake, biting from side to side as if at grass. He only lived a short time, and after his death what was the horror of all present to find that his body was striped in exact imitation of the loathsome reptile which had caused his death, so fully had the poison penetrated his whole system.—Dallas, Tex., News.

Didn't "Queer" the Preacher.

A clergyman well known to Buffalo people says that when the Lord made him He forgot to put any pegs in his mind on which to hang the names of his acquaintances. He can remember faces, but not names. He became pastor of a large church a few months ago, and after discharging his duties long enough to know his sheep by sight, he was visited one evening by a lady whom he knew well, but whose name he could not, for the life of him, recall. Wishing to be reminded of it without exposing his ignorance he said:

"Let me see, ah—how do you spell your name?"

To which she replied with reproachful dignity:

"S-m-i-t-h."

For a moment the clergyman was floored, but he rallied quickly and escaped rebuke by rejoining:

"Oh; then you don't spell it with a y?"—From the Buffalo Courier.

Montenegro's Sudden Spring.

The "Jack-in-the-box bow is practiced by the Prince of Montenegro, who is said to be the laziest monarch in Europe. The Prince is young and active, but he is too lazy to get on his feet to bow to his subject when they cheer him. So he had a carriage made with powerful strings, under the seat which the Prince always occupied. The artisian who made the springs was afraid they wouldn't be powerful enough, and so he made the strongest springs ever seen in Montenegro.

On the first fete day after the carriage was completed the Prince of Montenegro rode through the streets to his capital. The happy people began to cheer him. He touched a button on the carriage seat, so that he might be lifted to his feet and bow. The seat rose so suddenly and rapidly that it threw the Prince of Montenegro out of his carriage. The accident gave rise to the the false report that an attempt had been made to assassinate him.—New York Journal.

How to Serve Two Masters.

Fruit Packer—"James have you made out that check for my pew rent?"

Bookkeeper—"Yes, sir."

[A pause.]

"James, have you written an order for another lot of pink gauze for the peach baskets?"

"Yes, sir."

"Is it ready to mail?"

"Yes, sir."

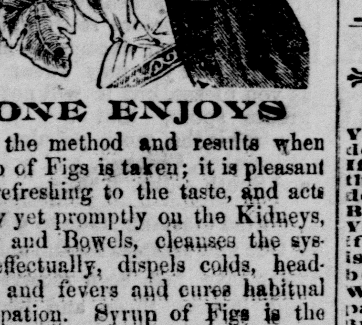
Another pause.

"James, see if you've got each one in its right envelope."—Chicago Tribune.

Telegraphing With Cannons.

When the first vessel completed the passage of the then new Erie canal, in 1825, there being no such thing as telegraph in those days, the news was communicated to New York and to Buffalo by cannons placed within hearing of each other all the way long from Albany to each of the other cities. The signal was, passed along in this way from Albany in fifty eight minutes. The experiment was a costly one but was a success in every particular.—St. Louis Republic.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

AN EYE TO BUSINESS.

Why a Big Man Submitted to Abuse From a Little One.

About midnight one night three men were standing at the corner of Woodward and Jefferson avenues, apparently waiting for a car, says the Detroit Free Press, when a quarrel arose and a little fellow in a gray suit began to berate a much larger man in the most vigorous manner, while the third party acted as a witness:

"You miserable cur," hissed the little fellow, "you——"

"Hold on," expostulated the big one, "you have no——"

"You low-lived scoundrel; you liar; you thief," continued the little man; "you——"

"Say, now, come off," begged the other party.

"You coward," went on the little man, and kept at him in the same style until the big man walked away, followed by the third party, leaving the little man cursing like a trooper.

On the other side of the street the big man stopped and his friend caught up with him.

"What the deuce did you take that sort of talk for?" he exclaimed angrily. "Why didn't you smack him in the mouth?

"I couldn,t do it," replied the big man.

"You must have been afraid of him, I guess," said the other sarcastically.

"No, I wasn't, but I had good reasons not to hit him."

"What in thunder were they?"

"Well, you see, I just got him this morning to take out an accident policy in a new insurance company I've taken charge of, which pays him $50 a week in case he gets hurt and, by George, I didn't want to queer my own company right on the start by thumping the little cuss out of sight and sticking the company for $300 or $400. Of course I didn't like his talk, but my motto is 'business before pleasure,' and I kept my hands off. See?"

The other man saw, because he had an eye for business himself, and the twain walked off up towards the Campus Martius.

A LARGE rubber vulcanizer, weighing 10 tons, exploded in the works of the Globe Rubber Company at Trenton, N. J., Considerable damage was done to the interior and machinery, and Cobb Bennett a workman, was fatally hurt.

The Stubbornest Things on Earth.

Are facts. As Burns says, "They winna gang." Here's a specimen. It is a fact that despite underhand competition, detraction and imitation, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the leading national specific for malaria, dyspepsia, debility, liver complaint, nervousness, rheumatism, neuralgia and kidney inaction, has not only held its own, but long since outsped all rivals in the race for popularity.

Women are not inventive as a rule. They have no eagerness for new wrinkles.

The October Forum will contain an article on the prevalence of gambling in the United States, in which an effort is made to calculate the enormous proportions of the "business." The writer will present much evidence to show that we are a nation of gamblers.

In diving to the bottom of pleasures we bring up more gravel than pearls.

The series of articles on American Industries in the Popular Science Monthly will be continued in the October number with a fully illustrated account of THE MANUFACTURE OF STEEL, by WILLIAM F. DURFEE, giving the history of the industry from colonial times to the introduction of the Bessemer process.

A politician left alone with his conscience sees mighty little company.

Soreness in body or limbs, promptly relieved by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment used external.

Woman's sweet disposition is always shown by her husband's long hair.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Many handkerchiefs are moistened by sorrows that never occur.

The Only One Ever Printed.

CAN YOU FIND THE WORD? There is a 3 inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS or SAMPLES FREE.



INFANTILE SKIN & SCALP DISEASES CURED BY Cuticura

EVERY HUMOR OF THE SKIN AND Scalp of infancy and childhood, whether torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, or blotchy, with loss of hair, and every impurity of the blood, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, is speedily, permanently, and economically cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, consisting of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Parents, save your children years of mental and physical suffering.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by Potter Drug and Chemical Corporation, Boston. Send for "How to cure Skin Diseases."

Baby's skin and scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

Kidney pains, backache, and muscular rheumatism relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. 25c.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

The Soap for Hard Water is Lenox.

Advice to the Aged.

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and bladder and torpid liver.

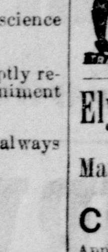
Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, giving natural discharges without straining or griping, and

IMPARTING VIGOR

to the kidneys, bladder and liver. They are adapted to old or young.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.



LEWIS' 98 % LYE

Powdered and Perfumed. (PATENTED.)

Strongest and *purest* Lye made. Makes the *best* perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes *without boiling*. It is the *best* for softening water, cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc.

PENNA. SALT MFG. CO., Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

Ely's Cream Balm

is worth $500 to any Man, Woman or Child suffering from CATARRH.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St. N.Y.

BORE WELLS with our famous Well Machinery. The only perfect self-cleaning and fast-dropping tools in use. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

THE "OHIO" WELL DRILL

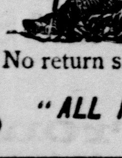
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ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS

The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. ALLEN, Druggist & Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

HAY FEVER & ASTHMA CURED TO STAY CURED. We want the name and address of every sufferer in the U. S. and Canada. Address, P. Harold Hayes, M.D., Buffalo, N.Y.

IN 15 MINUTES.



I suffered severely with face neuralgia, but in 15 minutes after application of ST. JACOBS OIL was asleep; have not been troubled with it since. No return since 1882. F. B. ADAMS, Perry, Mo.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists. 25 CTS

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CARPENTER'S AUTOMATIC LACE BACK. PATENTED AUG 3 88. ENGLAND FRANCE UNITED STATES CANADA

IF You don't want comfort. If you don't wish to look well dressed If you don't want the best, then you don't want the Lace Back Suspender. Your dealer has it if he is alive. If he isn't he shouldn't be your dealer. We will mail a pair on receipt of $1.00. None genuine without the stamp as above. Lace Back Suspender Co., 59 Prince St., N. Y.

For Sale.

One Hundred Dozen.

Printed & Hem Stitch Handkerchiefs

Special Price, 6 for 25 cents.

Write at once and Secure some of these Bargains.

Illustrated sheet of Fall & Winter Cloaks and samples of Superb line of Dress Goods sent post free on application. Mention this paper and address.

R. S. GOODFELLOW & Co. MINNEAPOLIS.

DR. HARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

TRADE MARK. ACTUAL SIZE.

DO NOT GRIPE NOR SICKEN. Sure cure for SICK HEADACHE, impaired digestion, constipation, torpid glands. They arouse vital organs, remove nausea, dizziness. Act like magic on Kidneys and bladder. Conquer bilious nervous disorders. Establish natural DAILY ACTION.

Beautify complexion by purifying blood. PURELY VEGETABLE.

The dose is nicely adjusted to suit case, as one pill can never be too much. Each vial contains 42, carried in vest pocket, like lead pencil. Business man's great convenience. Taken easier than sugar. Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Crescent."

Send 2-cent stamp. You get 32 page book with sample.

DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MEN BE MANLY

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. *Use it and pay if satisfied.* Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT BARLEY AND RYE To WOODWARD & COMPANY, Minneapolis or Duluth.

LADIES

Wishing to Buy Dress Goods in the Latest Styles will do well to examine our New Fall Stock.

HENRY I. COHEN
HAS OPENED UP
HIS
COMPLETE STOCK
All New
OF
FALL AND WINTER
Jackets, Wraps
AND
CLOAKS.
Call and Look at Them.
HENRY I. COHEN,
Dry Goods and Notions.

Wishing to Buy Trimmings for our Finer and Medium Dress Goods Will find it to their advantage to call on us. We have a Large Variety.

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DRUGGIST.
DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!
Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.
Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.
Night Bell. 86 Front St

Sanborns' Restaurant.
CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.
REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.
BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.
Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

LARSON & WALTERS,
—DEALERS IN—
Anthracite & Bituminous Coal,
Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.
Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,
The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market.
Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Brainerd Dispatch.
Official Paper
Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland. } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job-printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

J. J. Kennedy, of Duluth, was in the city yesterday.

John Hughes, of West Duluth, is in the city to-day.

Hon. J. C. Flynn, of Little Falls, was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Girl wanted for general house work. Enquire at McFadden's drug store.

L. D. Beach has gone to Ojata, N. D., to be absent three or four weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Cole returned from their eastern trip last Saturday night.

Prof. Wm. Bartsch and Joe Keibler have gone to Winnipeg for a three weeks' visit.

Mrs. C. J. Husted, nee Genevieve Paine, of Staples, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Paine, in this city.

A. Rosenberg, proprietor of the Brainerd cigar factory, transacted business in Grand Rapids this week. —Eagle.

Rev. W. H. Ware, of LeRoy, Minn., will preach in the Presbyterian church Sunday, Sept. 27th, at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

Some thief helped himself to a pocket-book containing $30, belonging to Mrs. Rogan, of East Brainerd, last night.

Rice's comedians in the "Firemen's Ward" at the opera house to-night and to-morrow night. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

A. F. Ferris, administrator of the estate of F. G. Sundberg, on Saturday last sold the jewelry business to Mrs. Sundberg.

Mrs. W. A. Fleming left Brainerd on this morning for Peoria, Ill., where she will remain several weeks visiting her parents.

Mrs. N. M. Paine left Brainerd on Monday evening for Chicago, where she will spend several weeks visiting friends and relatives.

The Brainerd fire department has been invited to attend the annual parade of the Little Falls department in that city next week.

Rev. J. W. Frizzell goes to Watertown, Wis., to-day, where he will occupy the pulpit of the Congregational church next Sunday.

Eugene Smith, formerly of this city but now traveling salesman for Kuhles & Stock, is laid up with a serious attack of rheumatism.

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A Washington special of Sept. 20th, says star mail service has been established between Vineland and Garrison, Minn., twice a week to begin October 1st.

Services at the M. E. church next Sunday morning at 10:30, subject, "Looking Forward." Evening services at 8 o'clock, subject, "Looking Backward." You are always welcome. Rev. C. H. Treglawney will preach.

A grand ball will be given at the roller rink to-night for the benefit of the newly organized N. P. Fire Brigade. Dresskell's orchestra will furnish music for the occasion. A good time is anticipated. Tickets $1. Let everybody attend.

The Minnesota annual conference will hold its session, beginning Sept. 30th, at Red Wing, Minn., Bishop Merrell will preside. The lay electoral conference will meet on Friday afternoon, Oct. 2nd. Mrs. A. Bardsley is Brainerd's delegate, Wm. Priest reserve.

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Thos. Smith, of Brainerd, cousin of Mr. J. G. Smith, of this city, and formerly clerk in Young & Bradford's store, was in this city to-day, and he and Register of Deeds Emmel, with whom he formerly worked, had a jolly time going over old times. They had not seen each other in fourteen years. —St. Cloud Journal Press.

To one not familiar with the situation, the appearance of "Som" Alderman's countenance on Monday morning was a puzzle. It was wreathed with smiles which would now and then develop into a positive grin as he met some passing acquaintance, but the offer of a fragrant Havana would dispel the mystery, and prove conclusively that only the arrival of a fine healthy son and heir could produce such smiles, or call forth such fragrant Havanas. "Som," old boy, accept our congratulations.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Northern Pacific Trains.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 9 arrives from Duluth at 11:56 p. m., daily. Goes West at 12:01 midnight.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:00 p. m., daily. Goes West at 8:05 p. m.

No. 6 Goes South at 5:30 a. m., except Sunday.

No. 10 arrives from the West at 3:25 a. m. daily Goes East to Duluth at 3:28 a. m.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 3:25 p. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 3:30 p. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 6:45 a. m., and connects at Little Falls with No. 4 for St. Paul.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:15 p. m., except Sunday.

Nos. 9 and 10 run between Duluth & Wahpeton.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:05 p. m.

No. 55 freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 2:45 p. m. Goes West at 3:15 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:15 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

The Big "9,"

Are showing a more complete stock of boots and shoes than ever was shown in Brainerd and better value. Come in and see them. Custom work and repairing as usual.

R. F. Walters,
Sixth Street.

Carpets, oil cloth rugs, mats, window curtains, at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Gents' summer neckwear cheap, at Day's.

Men's and boy's odd pants, new and large line just in at Day's

Things Worth Remembering.

That it is dangerous to stand near a tall tree or spire during a thunder storm; that the southwest corner of the cellar is the "cyclone safety-point;" that there is no medicine so universally applicable to sickness as fresh air and sunshine; that blowing out the gas, before retiring, is funny—to everybody, except the man who tries it; that you may swear as hard as you please, but it will not remove grease spots; that the Wisconsin Central is the most popular route to Milwaukee, Chicago, and points East and South.—Jan. 2, '92.

Fine Clothing Made to Order.

Our new samples for fall and winter wear have just been received. Call and inspect them and leave your order at Geo. N. Day's.

One Boy.

That is willing to work a little for his board and spending money, and wants to go to school. Enquire at Hoffman's, corner Front and 5th Sts.

You will get about five bars more soap for your dollar at The Enterprise than you can get by trading at the old high price grocers.

We have just received a large invoice of baby carriages, at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Paints, oils, varnishes, and every thing in the paint line, D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Call for the "Henrietta," the best ladies' $2 kid shoe in the world, at Day's.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

Gents' summer neckwear, large assortment reduced to 25 cents at Day's

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

A DISASTROUS COLLISION.

An Incoming Freight and a Switch Engine Collide in Front of the N. P. Sanitarium.

Both Engines and Three Cars Demolished, But No Lives Lost.

About three o'clock Saturday afternoon an incoming freight train drawn by engine No. 723, and switch engine No. 76, collided immediately in front of the Sanitarium in this city with terrific force, completely demolishing both engines and one car loaded with wheat, and derailing two other cars, besides tearing up the track for a considerable distance. Just how the accident occurred, and who is at fault, is not yet known, although it is claimed the immediate cause was the failure of the air brakes on the freight.

It seems, from what we could learn, Switch engine No. 76, with Engineer H. R. Stebbie in charge, was switching a long train-load of wheat at the west end of the yards, and had pulled out on the main track nearly across the bridge, when the freight came in sight around the curve just beyond the Sanitarium, moving about 8 or 10 miles an hour. The engineer on the switch engine seeing that he could not stop and back out of the way of the swiftly coming freight, and knowing that a collision was inevitable, pulled right ahead a few rods so that the meeting would not occur on the bridge which probably saved the bridge and all the cars in both trains. The engineer of the freight, on seeing the switch engine, applied the air brakes, but for some reason or other they would not work, so the train sped on with undiminished speed to the horror of the trainmen, who, realizing that a collision could not be averted, jumped off in time to save their lives. The freight engine struck the switch engine with terrific force, completely destroying the front end of the boiler and turning it side ways on the track; and then as the weight of the heavy train of wheat was added to the shock, the forward end of the freight engine was forced up on the debris of the wrecked switch engine, which had been thrown cross-ways of the track, with the tender in the Sanitarium yard. The engineer of the switch engine, on reaching the other end of the bridge, stopped his engine, and with the fireman also jumped off just in time to escape the wreck. The crash of the two engines was distinctly heard all over town, which, with the noise made by the steam escaping from a broken whistle of one of the engines, soon brought a large crowd of people from the city to view the wreck. As the wrecking trains were not available for several hours, a track was laid about the wreck as soon as possible, and by 8 o'clock that evening the running of trains around the wreck was commenced. The wreck was cleared away on Sunday and Monday, considerably over a day being required to do the work. All the men on the two trains are at work as usual, except George Gavin, the engineer of the freight, who has resigned, and who is generally considered at fault. It is reported that the speed recorder of the freight showed a speed of 28 miles an hour just a moment before the accident occurred, but this cannot be verified.

It is exceedidgly fortunate that the switch engineer had sufficient presence of mind to run forward a few feet so that the collision took place on the bank of the river instead of on the bridge, for had it occurred on the bridge, not only both trains, but probably the bridge itself and the men on the switch engine would have gone down about 80 feet to the bottom of the river. As it was, it is the worst wreck that has occurred in this immediate vicinity since the bridge went down in 1877. The loss to the company is estimated to be $15,000.

Asked to Resign.

The special committee appointed by the council to investigate the charges against City Clerk Murphy and Chief of Police Barron reported at the meeting Monday evening. The report was quite exhaustive and discussed each charge, there being seven in each charge. In regard to the chief of police the committee recommended that Mr. Barron hand in his resignation to Mayor Hagberg immediately. The charges against the clerk were sustained by the committee in three or four instances, and the report recommended that the council forthwith ask Mr. Murphy for his resignation, and that a committee be appointed to audit his accounts. The council in each case adopted the reports by a vote of eight to two. The Dispatch would have been glad to publish the committee report in order that the public could understand the matter more fully, but the committee saw fit to have the report kept out of the papers, for the present at least. It is quite probable that Mayor Hagberg will not ask Mr. Barron for his resignation until he is convinced to his own satisfaction that he has overstepped the bounds of his office, and there is liable to be a merry little war before the matter is settled amicably to all parties interested.

Crow Wing County Fair.

Yesterday was the first day of the Crow Wing County Fair, but owing to the drizzling rain yesterday morning no entries to speak of were made and nothing was done. No exhibits by our merchants were taken down to the grounds until this morning. Nearly all of our merchants will have exhibits, among the best we might mention the exhibits of Geo. N. Day, Campbell & Smith, Henry I. Cohen, and others. There will be a very fine exhibit from the Crow Wing county poor farm, and the farmers generally, we understand, are making a determined effort to beat last year's exhibition of farm produce and live stock. To-morrow will be the best day, and there will undoubtedly be a large attendance from the city in the afternoon, as the shops will close down. Let everybody attend and swell the crowd. A full report will appear in our next issue.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Grim Reaper.

John Fitzgerald, a lumberman employed by the Northern Mill Co., died in their camp No. 4, on Sunday, of heart failure. His body was brought to Losey & Dean's undertaking rooms in this city on Monday, where it was embalmed and shipped to Hasson, Minn., the home of the deceased.

Mrs. Guru Peterson, wife of Erick Peterson, who lives on east Norwood street, died on Tuesday of consumption, aged 33 years. The funeral services were conducted at the Norwegian Lutheran church yesterday afternoon, Rev. Rohrwick officiating. Her remains were buried in Evergreen Cemetery.

On Wednesday afternoon Esta M. Hunt, aged 3 years and 11 months, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hunt, of East Brainerd, died from the effects of scarlet fever, with which four children in Mr. Hunt's family were prostrated about a month ago. Two children died at the time, and now the bereaved parents are called upon to suffer the loss of another from this dread disease. Her remains were buried yesterday in Evergreen Cemetery.

Mrs. Delia Grace, nee Mrs. Frank Patterson, died at the Windsor hotel in this city on Tuesday, Sept. 22nd, of typhoid fever, aged 48 years. The lady has resided in this city for several years, and was the wife of Engineer Frank Patterson, who deserted her and is now living in St. Paul. She was divorced from Mr. Patterson only last week. She has no relatives here, but has a sister living in Minneapolis, to whom she willed her residence property opposite the opera house on Eighth street. Her remains were buried in Evergreen Cemetery yesterday afternoon, Rev. Fr. E. J. Lawlor conducting the services.

Miss Lotta Grandelmyer is visiting friends in Minneapolis this week.

Mrs. Henry Robinson spent last week at Hamlin, Minn., visiting with relatives and friends.

Miss Maggie Meekins, who has been visiting friends at Minneapolis for the past two weeks, returned on Sunday last.

Mrs. John Cullen and Miss Josephpauley, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mrs. Jas. Cullen, Sr., in East Brainerd, this week.

Miss Mary Reinstadtler was pleasantly surprised at her home on Second Avenue, in East Brainerd, last Friday evening, by a large party of her young friends, the occasion being her eighteenth birthday. She was the recipient of several very handsome presents. The evening was spent at games, dancing, and other amusements. Refreshments were served.

Teachers' Certificates.

At the examination of teachers, held at the close of the recent Teachers' Institute in this city, certificates were issued as follows:

Second Grade—Mr. S. Van Vliet. Miss Caroline M. Rich, Miss Madora E. Dresser and Miss Hulda Klatte.

Third Grade—Mrs. H. H. Mann, Miss Bertha Curtis, Miss Sarah Nichols. Miss Bethie Prince, Miss Belle Phelps, Miss Nettie Flint, Miss Mattie Rickerson and Mr. Judson Dye.

Fall Term of Court.

District court opened on Monday morning with Judge Holland presiding, and bids fair to continue during the coming week. The grand jury completed its labors on Tuesday night, having found indictments against James McElroy for assault in the second degree, and against Mrs. Geo. Barclay for selling liquor without a license. No indictments were found against the men, Ellis and Provost, who were held for the murder of Paddy Ryan. Three civil cases have been disposed of. In the case of Fred Slipp vs G. G. Hartley, a verdict was given to the plantiff. In the case of R. H. Paine, receiver, vs Joe Slipp, a verdict was found for the defendant. In the case of J. S. Gardner vs F. J. Reid, a verdict was found for the plaintiff, giving him possession of a mare and harness, and giving the defendant possession of a cow or her equivalent, $25.

Rice's Comedians.

The attraction at the Grand last night was Rice's Comedians in the sensational comedy, "The Firemen's Ward." The play is a beautiful story of misfortune, love and heroism, which is arranged to admit laughable comedy features and specialties. Little Nell, the Firemen's ward, is a homeless waif, and grows up under the care of Relief Fire Co. No. 1, of which Jack Herndon is chief. Jack naturally falls in love with the ward. In the meantime the villain, insane from the supposed shame of Nell's mother, sets fire to the house in which Nell resides. The fire scene is extremely realistic, and no better transformation scene could be prepared than when the can of powder placed in the house by the incendiary explodes, and the immense brick walls fall to the ground, leaving but a mass of ruins. In the meantime Jack heroically rescues the Firemen's Ward from her danger. The rescue is so admirably performed as to elicit involuntary and rapturous applause from the audience completely carried away by the heroism of the fireman. The last act—the Firemen's picnic—is replete with fun and catchy songs and dances. The company is strong, and each of them is especially strong in comedy. The audience last night, by their applause and enthusiasm expressed their approval of the play and the company. — Des Moines Daily Register.

At the opera house, Friday and Saturday evenings, Sept. 25th and 26th. Usual prices.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Call at C. H. Paine & Co.'s for any kind of nice fresh cheese.

Lost.

One red and white cow, weighing 900 pounds, right horn growing down under her ear. Last seen near Pegg farm. Information concerning her whereabouts will be liberally rewarded. Address B. C. M. Co.
Brainerd.

Brick, Limberger, Swiss, Full Cream, } CHEESE.

Just received fresh at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market.

Lost! Reward!!

Lost on Tuesday, Sept. 15th, a roan heifer, probably strayed away to calf. A liberal reward will be given for information leading to her return.
J. T. Sanborn,
City Hotel.

Lost.—A gold headed umbrella with the name "F. G. Hall" engraved upon it. Finder please return the same to this office and a suitable reward will be given.

The celebrated "Swedish Knackebread" for sale only at The Enterprise.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

A special bargain in ladies' fine kid button shoes at $1.50, at Day's.

Farm for Sale.

Or will trade for improved city property. Farm located one mile west of Brainerd. Good land, plenty of wood, water, hay, etc. Call on or address,
W. J. Davenport,
Brainerd, Minn.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's.

L. J. Cale has opened a new stock of dry goods next to the post-office.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.
A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Used in Millions of Homes—
40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.
No other baking powder does such work.

FOR 40 YEARS DR. WM.
HALL'S BALSAM!
FOR THE LUNGS.
Has been a never failing family remedy for **Coughs, Colds, Consumption, "La-Grippe," Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pneumonia, Catarrh, Influenza, Acute and Chronic Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side and Breast, Spitting of Blood**, and all diseases of the
Throat Chest and Lungs.
Leading —TO— CONSUMPTION.
DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM contains no opium, morphine, nor any deleterious drug. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by disease, and prevents night sweats and tightness across the chest. It is pleasant to the taste. Be sure and ask for **DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM** and take no other.
For Sale By All Druggists.
PRICE 25c., 50c., $1.00.
Dr WM. HALL CO, NEW YORK.
For sale by Johnson & Bain, Brainerd

(First publication Sept. 25.)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing.

In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert G. Matteson, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Melissa Matteson, of Cayuga County, New York, representing, among other things, that Robert G. Matteson, late of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1882, at Brainerd, Minnesota, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving property within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Charles H. Scott granted.

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on Monday, the 19th day of October, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m., at the office of the Judge of Probate in the Court House, in this county.

Ordered furthe, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated the 24th day of September, A. D. 1891.
[Seal.] By the Court,
MILTON McFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney for Petitioner.

Farm For Sale
I HAVE AN
IMPROVED FARM
Which I offer for sale on terms to suit purchaser.
70 Acres Meadow.
6 Acres Improved.
The land lies in S. 14, T. 45, R. 29.
Apply at this office or S. BUSH.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO. LESSEE
RUN
FAST TRAINS with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleepers Dining Cars and Coaches of latest design, between CHICAGO and MILWAUKEE and ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.
FAST TRAINS with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleepers, Dining Cars and Coaches of latest design, between CHICAGO and MILWAUKEE and ASALAND and DULUTH.
Through Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room and Tourists Sleepers via the Northern Pacific Railroad between CHICAGO and PORTLAND, OREGON, and TACOMA, WASH.
Convenient Trains to and from Eastern, Western, Northern and Central Wisconsin points, affording unequaled service to and from Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Hurley, Wis., and Ironwood and Bessemer Mich.
For tickets, sleeping car reservations, time tables and other information, apply to Agents of the line, or to tickets Agents anywhere in the United States or Canada.
S. R. Ainslie, General Manager, Chicago, Ill.
J. M. Hannaford, Gen. Traffic Manager, St. Paul.
H. C. Barlow, Traffic Manager, Chicago, Ill.
Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Campbell & Smith
We invite your
SPECIAL NOTICE
TO OUR
CLOAK DEPARTMENT
Exclusive Designs,
Exclusive Values,
Perfect Fitting,
Perfect Goods.
FUR CAPES AND MUFFS.
The most complete line of the above EVER SHOWN IN BRAINERD.
Jackets, Reefers, Plush Sacks,
All the new shapes shown in garments. We solicit your inspection of this department. Always pleased to show you, Yours Truly,
CAMPBELL & SMITH.

A. J. DEMEULES,
FIRE INSURANCE
20—OLD LINE COMPANIES—20
Real Estate, Loans, Rents and Collections
—AGENT FOR THE—
United States Accident Association.

New Cash Store!
Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices!
We are now located in our NEW QUARTERS on the east side of Sixth street, and are prepared to astonish the public in the matter of prices. Get prepared for the shock.
We will sell for Cash and defy competition.
H. McGINN.

DRUGS! DRUGS!
JOHNSON & BAIN, DRUGGISTS.
FRONT STREET, CORNER SEVENTH.
Try our SEMPER IDEM CREAM, for chapped hands or any roughness of the skin.
Try our No. 2 Cough Syrup for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Remember we have a complete line of Mixed Paints, Varnishes, Floor Paint, Paint Brushes, Etc., Etc.

Money at 10 per Cent. Straight
TO Loan on Real Estate.
WE CHARGE NO BONUS OR COMMISSION.
Also Loan on Chattel Security on Favorable Terms.
A. L. HOFFMAN.
Cor. Fifth and Front Streets, Brainerd.
City and County Orders Bought.

PENSIONS
THE DISABILITY BILL IS A LAW.
Soldiers Disabled Since the War Are ENTITLED. Dependent widows and parents now dependent whose sons died from effects of army service are included. If you wish your claim speedily and successfully prosecuted, address,
James Tanner.
Late Commissioner of Pensions,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST.
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

McGill College, Montreal, Quebec, March 3, 1888.—This is to certify that I have examined the formula and prescribed Dr. LeDuc's Periodical Pills, of Paris, France. I have concluded that if this combination will not excite the menses, that there is nothing in medicine that will do it, it is a 11½ grain amenogogue, containing all the well known harmless drugs that act upon the generative system. I know them to be positively harmless and safe for all kinds of suppress on from any cause. I have used them in my practice for the last four years, and found that the most stubborn cases yield. Yours, R. L. KYDD, M. D. 82 or 3 for $5. American Pill Co., Royalty Prodrietors, Spencer, Ia. The genuine French Pill only obtained of N. McFADDEN, Brainerd, Minn.

LADIES

Wishing to Buy Dress Coods in the Latest Styles will do well to examine our New Fall Stock.

HENRY I. COHEN
HAS OPENED UP
HIS
COMPLETE STOCK
All New
OF
FALL AND WINTER
Jackets, Wraps
AND
CLOAKS!
Call and Look at Them.
HENRY I. COHEN,
Dry Goods and Notions.

Wishing to Buy Trimmings for our Finer and Medium Dress Coods Will find it to their advantage to call on us. We have a Large Variety.

HENRY I. COHEN.

N. McFADDEN,
DRUGGIST.
DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!
Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.
Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.
Night Bell. 86 Front St

Sanborns' Restaurant.
CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.
REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.
BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.
Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

LARSON & WALTERS,
——DEALERS IN——
Anthracite & Bituminous Coal,
Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.
Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,
The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market.
Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Brainerd Dispatch.
Official Paper
Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job-printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class Matter.

Local News Notes.

J. J. Kennedy, of Duluth, was in the city yesterday.

John Hughes, of West Duluth, is in the city to-day.

Hon. J. C. Flynn, of Little Falls, was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Girl wanted for general house work. Enquire at McFadden's drug store.

L. D. Beach has gone to Ojata, N. D., to be absent three or four weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Cole returned from their eastern trip last Saturday night.

Prof. Wm. Bartsch and Joe Keibler have gone to Winnipeg for a three weeks' visit.

Mrs. C. J. Husted, nee Genevieve Paine, of Staples, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Paine, in this city.

A. Rosenberg, proprietor of the Brainerd cigar factory, transacted business in Grand Rapids this week. —Eagle.

Rev. W. H. Ware, of LeRoy, Minn., will preach in the Presbyterian church Sunday, Sept. 27th, at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

Some thief helped himself to a pocket-book containing $30, belonging to Mrs. Rogan, of East Brainerd, last night.

Rice's comedians in the "Firemen's Ward" at the opera house to-night and to-morrow night. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

A. F. Ferris, administrator of the estate of F. G. Sundberg, on Saturday last sold the jewelry business to Mrs. Sundberg.

Mrs. W. A. Fleming left Brainerd on this morning for Peoria, Ill., where she will remain several weeks visiting her parents.

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Arrival and Departure of Northern Pacific Trains.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 9 arrives from Duluth at 11:56 p. m., daily. Goes West at 12:01 midnight.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:00 p. m., daily. Goes West at 8:05 p. m.

No. 6 Goes South at 5:30 a. m., except Sunday.

No. 10 arrives from the West at 3:25 a. m. daily Goes East to Duluth at 3:25 a. m.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 3:25 p. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 3:30 p. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 6:45 a. m., and connects at Little Falls with No. 4 for St. Paul.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 8:15 p. m., except Sunday.

Nos. 9 and 10 run between Duluth & Wahpeton.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:05 p. m.

No. 55 freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 2:45 p. m. Goes West at 3:15 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:15 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

The Big "9,"

Are showing a more complete stock of boots and shoes than ever was shown in Brainerd and better value. Come in and see them. Custom work and repairing as usual.

R. F. Walters,
Sixth Street.

Carpets, oil cloth rugs, mats, window curtains, at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Gents' summer neckwear cheap, at Day's.

Men's and boy's odd pants, new and large line just in at Day's

Things Worth Remembering.

That it is dangerous to stand near a tall tree or spire during a thunder storm; that the southwest corner of the cellar is the "cyclone safety-point;" that there is no medicine so universally applicable to sickness as fresh air and sunshine; that blowing out the gas, before retiring, is funny —to everybody, except the man who tries it; that you may swear as hard as you please, but it will not remove grease spots; that the Wisconsin Central is the most popular route to Milwaukee, Chicago, and points East and South.—Jan. 2, '92.

Fine Clothing Made to Order.

Our new samples for fall and winter wear have just been received. Call and inspect them and leave your order at Geo. N. Day's.

One Boy.

That is willing to work a little for his board and spending money, and wants to go to school. Enquire at Hoffman's, corner Front and 5th Sts.

You will get about five bars more soap for your dollar at The Enterprise than you can get by trading at the old high price grocers.

We have just received a large invoice of baby carriages, at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Paints, oils, varnishes, and every thing in the paint line, D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Call for the "Henrietta," the best ladies' $2 kid shoe in the world, at Day's.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

Gents' summer neckwear, large assortment reduced to 25 cents at Day's

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

A DISASTROUS COLLISION.

An Incoming Freight and a Switch Engine Collide in Front of the N. P. Sanitarium.

Both Engines and Three Cars Demolished, But No Lives Lost.

About three o'clock Saturday afternoon an incoming freight train drawn by engine No. 723, and switch engine No. 76, collided immediately in front of the Sanitarium in this city with terrific force, completely demolishing both engines and one car loaded with wheat, and derailing two other cars, besides tearing up the track for a considerable distance. Just how the accident occurred, and who is at fault, is not yet known, although it is claimed the immediate cause was the failure of the air brakes on the freight.

It seems, from what we could learn, Switch engine No. 76, with Engineer H. R. Stebbie in charge, was switching a long train-load of wheat at the west end of the yards, and had pulled out on the main track nearly across the bridge, when the freight came in sight around the curve just beyond the Sanitarium, moving about 8 or 10 miles an hour. The engineer on the switch engine seeing that he could not stop and back out of the way of the swiftly coming freight, and knowing that a collision was inevitable, pulled right ahead a few rods so that the meeting would not occur on the bridge which probably saved the bridge and all the cars in both trains. The engineer of the freight, on seeing the switch engine, applied the air brakes, but for some reason or other they would not work, so the train sped on with undiminished speed to the horror of the trainmen, who, realizing that a collision could not be averted, jumped off in time to save their lives. The freight engine struck the switch engine with terrific force, completely destroying the front end of the boiler and turning it side ways on the track; and then as the weight of the heavy train of wheat was added to the shock, the forward end of the freight engine was forced up on the debris of the wrecked switch engine, which had been thrown cross-ways of the track, with the tender in the Sanitarium yard. The engineer of the switch engine, on reaching the other end of the bridge, stopped his engine, and with the fireman also jumped off just in time to escape the wreck. The crash of the two engines was distinctly heard all over town, which, with the noise made by the steam escaping from a broken whistle of one of the engines, soon brought a large crowd of people from the city to view the wreck. As the wrecking trains were not available for several hours, a track was laid about the wreck as soon as possible, and by 8 o'clock that evening the running of trains around the wreck was commenced. The wreck was cleared away on Sunday and Monday, considerably over a day being required to do the work. All the men on the two trains are at work as usual, except George Gavin, the engineer of the freight, who has resigned, and who is generally considered at fault. It is reported that the speed recorder of the freight showed a speed of 28 miles an hour just a moment before the accident occurred, but this cannot be verified.

It is exceedidgly fortunate that the switch engineer had sufficient presence of mind to run forward a few feet so that the collision took place on the bank of the river instead of on the bridge, for had it occurred on the bridge, not only both trains, but probably the bridge itself and the men on the switch engine would have gone down about 80 feet to the bottom of the river. As it was, it is the worst wreck that has occurred in this immediate vicinity since the bridge went down in 1877. The loss to the company is estimated to be $15,000.

Asked to Resign.

The special committee appointed by the council to investigate the charges against City Clerk Murphy and Chief of Police Barron reported at the meeting Monday evening. The report was quite exhaustive and discussed each charge, there being seven in each charge. In regard to the chief of police the committee recommended that Mr. Barron hand in his resignation to Mayor Hagberg immediately. The charges against the clerk were sustained by the committee in three or four instances, and the report recommended that the council forthwith ask Mr. Murphy for his resignation, and that a committee be appointed to audit his accounts. The council in each case adopted the reports by a vote of eight to two. The Dispatch would have been glad to publish the committee report in order that the public could understand the matter more fully, but the committee saw fit to have the report kept out of the papers, for the present at least. It is quite probable that Mayor Hagberg will not ask Mr. Barron for his resignation until he is convinced to his own satisfaction that he has overstepped the bounds of his office, and there is liable to be a merry little war before the matter is settled amicably to all parties interested.

Crow Wing County Fair.

Yesterday was the first day of the Crow Wing County Fair, but owing to the drizzling rain yesterday morning no entries to speak of were made and nothing was done. No exhibits by our merchants were taken down to the grounds until this morning. Nearly all of our merchants will have exhibits, among the best we might mention the exhibits of Geo. N. Day, Campbell & Smith, Henry I. Cohen, and others. There will be a very fine exhibit from the Crow Wing county poor farm, and the farmers generally, we understand, are making a determined effort to beat last year's exhibition of farm produce and live stock. To-morrow will be the best day, and there will undoubtedly be a large attendance from the city in the afternoon, as the shops will close down. Let everybody attend and swell the crowd. A full report will appear in our next issue.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Grim Reaper.

John Fitzgerald, a lumberman employed by the Northern Mill Co., died in their camp No. 4, on Sunday, of heart failure. His body was brought to Losey & Dean's undertaking rooms in this city on Monday, where it was embalmed and shipped to Hasson, Minn., the home of the deceased.

Mrs. Guru Peterson, wife of Erick Peterson, who lives on east Norwood street, died on Tuesday of consumption, aged 33 years. The funeral services were conducted at the Norwegian Lutheran church yesterday afternoon, Rev. Rohrwick officiating. Her remains were buried in Evergreen Cemetery.

On Wednesday afternoon Esta M. Hunt, aged 3 years and 11 months, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hunt, of East Brainerd, died from the effects of scarlet fever, with which four children in Mr. Hunt's family were prostrated about a month ago. Two children died at the time, and now the bereaved parents are called upon to suffer the loss of another from this dread disease. Her remains were buried yesterday in Evergreen Cemetery.

Mrs. Delia Grace, nee Mrs. Frank Patterson, died at the Windsor hotel in this city on Tuesday, Sept. 22nd, of typhoid fever, aged 48 years. The lady has resided in this city for several years, and was the wife of Engineer Frank Patterson, who deserted her and is now living in St. Paul. She was divorced from Mr. Patterson only last week. She has no relatives here, but has a sister living in Minneapolis, to whom she willed her residence property opposite the opera house on Eighth street. Her remains were buried in Evergreen Cemetery yesterday afternoon, Rev. Fr. E. J. Lawlor conducting the services.

Miss Lotta Grandelmyer is visiting friends in Minneapolis this week.

Mrs. Henry Robinson spent last week at Hamlin, Minn., visiting with relatives and friends.

Miss Maggie Meekins, who has been visiting friends at Minneapolis for the past two weeks, returned on Sunday last.

Mrs. John Cullen and Miss Joseph Pauley, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mrs. Jas. Cullen, Sr., in East Brainerd, this week.

Miss Mary Reinstadtler was pleasantly surprised at her home on Second Avenue, in East Brainerd, last Friday evening, by a large party of her young friends, the occasion being her eighteenth birthday. She was the recipient of several very handsome presents. The evening was spent at games, dancing, and other amusements. Refreshments were served.

Teachers' Certificates.

At the examination of teachers, held at the close of the recent Teachers' Institute in this city, certificates were issued as follows:

Second Grade—Mr. S. Van Vliet. Miss Caroline M. Rich, Miss Madora E. Dresser and Miss Hulda Klatte.

Third Grade—Mrs. H. H. Mann, Miss Bertha Curtis, Miss Sarah Nichols. Miss Bethie Prince, Miss Belle Phelps, Miss Nettie Flint, Miss Mattie Rickerson and Mr. Judson Dye.

Fall Term of Court.

District court opened on Monday morning with Judge Holland presiding, and bids fair to continue during the coming week. The grand jury completed its labors on Tuesday night, having found indictments against James McElroy for assault in the second degree, and against Mrs. Geo. Barclay for selling liquor without a license. No indictments were found against the men, Ellis and Provost, who were held for the murder of Paddy Ryan. Three civil cases have been disposed of. In the case of Fred Slipp vs G. G. Hartley, a verdict was given to the plantiff. In the case of R. H. Paine, receiver, vs Joe Slipp, a verdict was found for the defendant. In the case of J. S. Gardner vs F. J. Reid, a verdict was found for the plaintiff, giving him possession of a mare and harness, and giving the defendant possession of a cow or her equivalent, $25.

Rice's Comedians.

The attraction at the Grand last night was Rice's Comedians in the sensational comedy, "The Firemen's Ward." The play is a beautiful story of misfortune, love and heroism, which is arranged to admit laughable comedy features and specialties. Little Nell, the Firemen's ward, is a homeless waif, and grows up under the care of Relief Fire Co. No. 1, of which Jack Herndon is chief. Jack naturally falls in love with the ward. In the meantime the villain, insane from the supposed shame of Nell's mother, sets fire to the house in which Nell resides. The fire scene is extremely realistic, and no better transformation scene could be prepared than when the can of powder placed in the house by the incendiary explodes, and the immense brick walls fall to the ground, leaving but a mass of ruins. In the meantime Jack heroically rescues the Firemen's Ward from her danger. The rescue is so admirably performed as to elicit involuntary and rapturous applause from the audience completely carried away by the heroism of the fireman. The last act—the Firemen's picnic—is replete with fun and catchy songs and dances. The company is strong, and each of them is especially strong in comedy. The audience last night, by their applause and enthusiasm expressed their approval of the play and the company. — Des Moines Daily Register.

At the opera house, Friday and Saturday evenings, Sept. 25th and 26th. Usual prices.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Call at C. H. Paine & Co.'s for any kind of nice fresh cheese.

Lost.

One red and white cow, weighing 900 pounds, right horn growing down under her ear. Last seen near Pegg farm. Information concerning her whereabouts will be liberally rewarded. Address B. C. M. Co.
Brainerd.

Brick, Limberger, Swiss, Full Cream, } CHEESE.

Just received fresh at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market.

Lost! Reward!!

Lost on Tuesday, Sept. 15th, a roan heifer, probably strayed away to calf. A liberal reward will be given for information leading to her return.
J. T. Sanborn,
City Hotel.

Lost.—A gold headed umbrella with the name "F. G. Hall" engraved upon it. Finder please return the same to this office and a suitable reward will be given.

The celebrated "Swedish Knackebread" for sale only at The Enterprise.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

A special bargain in ladies' fine kid button shoes at $1.50, at Day's.

Farm for Sale.

Or will trade for improved city property. Farm located one mile west of Brainerd. Good land, plenty of wood, water, hay, etc. Call on or address,
W. J. Davenport,
Brainerd, Minn.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's.

L. J. Cale has opened a new stock of dry goods next to the post-office.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.
A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Used in Millions of Homes—
40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.
No other baking powder does such work.

FOR 40 YEARS DR. WM.
HALL'S BALSAM!
FOR THE LUNGS.
Has been a never failing family remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, "La-Grippe," Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pneumonia, Catarrh, Influenza, Acute and Chronic Bronchitis, Asthma Whooping Cough, Croup, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side and Breast, Spitting of Blood, and all diseases of the
Throat Chest and Lungs.
Leading CONSUMPTION.
—TO—
DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM contains no opium, morphine, nor any deleterious drug. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by disease, and prevents night sweats and tightness across the chest. It is pleasant to the taste. Be sure and ask for DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM and take no other.
For Sale By All Druggists.
PRICE 25c., 50c., $1.00.
Dr. WM. HALL CO. NEW YORK.
For sale by Johnson & Bain, Brainerd

(First publication Sept. 25.)

Probate Notice.

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing. } ss

In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert G. Matteson, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Melissa Matteson, of Cayuga County, New York, representing, among other things, that Robert G. Matteson, late of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1882, at Brainerd, Minnesota, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving property within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be so Charles H. Scott granted.

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on Monday, the 19th day of October, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m., at the office of the Judge of Probate in the Court House, in this county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated the 24th day of September, A. D. 1891.
[Seal.] By the Court,
MILTON McFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney for Petitioner.

Farm For Sale
I HAVE AN
IMPROVED FARM
Which I offer for sale on terms to suit purchaser.
70 Acres Meadow,
6 Acres Improved.
The land lies in S. 14, T. 45, R. 29.
Apply at this office or S. BUSH.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO. LEASE
RUN

FAST TRAINS with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleepers Dining Cars and Coaches of latest design, between CHICAGO and MILWAUKEE and ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.

FAST TRAINS with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleepers, Dining Cars and Coaches of latest design, between CHICAGO and MILWAUKEE and ASALAND and DULUTH.

Through Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room and Tourists Sleepers via the Northern Pacific Railroad between CHICAGO and PORTLAND, OREGON, and TACOMA, WASH.

Convenient Trains to and from Eastern, Western, Northern and Central Wisconsin points, affording unequaled service to and from Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Hurley, Wis., and Ironwood and Bessemer Mich.

For tickets, sleeping car reservations, time tables and other information, apply to Agents of the line, or to tickets Agents anywhere in the United States or Canada.

S. R. Ainslie, General Manager, Chicago, Ill.
J. M. Hannaford, Gen. Traffic Manager, St. Paul.
H. C. Barlow, Traffic Manager, Chicago, Ill.
Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Campbell & Smith
We invite your
SPECIAL NOTICE
TO OUR
CLOAK DEPARTMENT
Exclusive Designs,
Exclusive Values,
Perfect Fitting,
Perfect Goods.
FUR CAPES AND MUFFS.
The most complete line of the above EVER SHOWN IN BRAINERD.
Jackets, Reefers, Plush Sacks,
All the new shapes shown in garments. We solicit your inspection of this department. Always pleased to show you, Yours Truly,
CAMPBELL & SMITH.

A. J. DEMEULES,
FIRE INSURANCE
20—OLD LINE COMPANIES—20
Real Estate, Loans, Rents and COLLECTIONS
——AGENT FOR THE——
United States Accident Association.

New Cash Store!
Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices!
We are now located in our NEW QUARTERS on the east side of Sixth street, and are prepared to astonish the public in the matter of prices. Get prepared for the shock.
We will sell for Cash and defy competition.
H. McGINN.

DRUGS! DRUGS!
JOHNSON & BAIN, DRUGGISTS.
FRONT STREET, CORNER SEVENTH.
Try our SEMPER IDEM CREAM, for chapped hands or any roughness of the skin.
Try our No. 2 Cough Syrup for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Remember we have a complete line of Mixed Paints, Varnishes, Floor Paint, Paint Brushes, Etc., Etc.

Money at 10 per Cent. Straight
TO Loan on Real Estate.
WE CHARGE NO BONUS OR COMMISSION.
Also Loan on Chattel Security on Favorable Terms.
A. L. HOFFMAN.
Cor. Fifth and Front Streets, Brainerd.
City and County Orders Bought.

PENSIONS
THE DISABILITY BILL IS A LAW.
Soldiers Disabled Since the War Are ENTITLED. Dependent widows and parents now dependent whose sons died from effects of army service are included. If you wish your claim speedily and successfully prosecuted, address,
James Tanner.
Late Commissioner of Pensions,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST.
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

McGILL COLLEGE, Montreal, Quebec, March 8, 1883.—This is to certify that I have examined the formula and prescribed Dr. LeDuc's Periodical Pills, of Paris, France. I have concluded that if this combination will not excite the menses, that there is nothing in medicine that will do it, it is a 1½ grain amenagogue, containing all the well known harmless drugs that act upon the generative system. I know them to be positively harmless and safe for all kinds of suppress on from any cause. I have used them in my practice for the last four years, and found that the most stubborn cases yield. Yours, R. L. KYDD, M. D. $2 or 3 for $5. American Pill Co., Royalty Prodrietors, Spencer, Ia. The genuine French Pill only obtained of N. McFADDEN, Brainerd, Minn.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 10, NUMBER 45. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. SEPT. 25. 1891. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

JUST OPENED,

AT

DAY'S,

400 Pairs Douglas $3.00 Shoes,

In All styles, for MEN.

200 Pairs Douglas Tap Sole,

Extra width Shoes. This Shoe comes in 7 widths, and is the Most Serviceable Shoe on the market.

400 Pairs Douglas $2.00 Shoes

In Lace and Congress, the Best Shoe for the money in the world.

$1.50!

ASK TO SEE OUR $1.50 SHOE FOR MEN.

It will Surprise You. Good Style, Good Wear, and Good Fitting.

Our Stock of Shoes, at Popular Prices, is very Complete, and New Goods are Arriving Every Day.

GEO. N. DAY,

SLEEPER BLOCK.

J. R. SMITH,

GEN'L AGENT

Real Estate, Loans, Rents & COLLECTIONS.

Agent for the Minnesota Savings Fund & Investment Co., and the National Building Loan & Protective Union. Taxes Paid, Interest collected for non-residents' Correspondence solicited.

Office Room 4, Sleeper Block, Brainerd, Minnesota.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

J. C. CONCDON.

WALL PAPER!

AND INTERIOR DECORATIONS.



House and Carriage Painting.

Glass, Wood, and Enamelled Letters. Canvas Signs, Black-Board Slating a Specialty.

One Door East of the Arlington. - Brainerd, Minn.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLTE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HACBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

[First publication Aug. 21.]

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Aug. 18th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on October 7, 1891, viz:

THOMAS THOMPSON,

H. E. No. 15671, for the NE¼ NE¼ and Lots 1 and 2, Sec. 20, Twp. 134, R. 27.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Jens Peterson, Jacob Sorenson, Louis Nelson, of Brainerd, Minn., H. P. Downs, of Gull River, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Sept. 18, 1891.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 15th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given, that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Oct. 24th, 1891, viz:

SAMUEL G. HARRIS,

H. E. No. 12359, for the SE¼, Sec. 34, T. 43, R. 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles P. Ainsworth, Marcellas Hatton, Martin King, of Ft. Ripley, Crow Wing County, Minn., and Morgan F. Driver, of Brainerd, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Aug. 28.)

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in March, A. D. 1890, in the sum of Two and 50-100 Dollars, ($2.50), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Name of mortgagors: Mary J. Shontell and Benjamin Shontell, husband and wife.

Name of mortgagee: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the State of Minnesota.

Date of mortgage: August 1st, A. D. 1888.

Date when and where recorded: August 24th, 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book 1 of mortgages, on page 1.

Amount of taxes paid by mortgagee, $39.59.

Amount of insurance paid by mortgagee, $55.30.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Four hundred and seventy-four and 83-100 Dollars. ($474.83).

Description of mortgaged premises:

The east half (½) of the Southwest quarter (¼), of Section Two (2), Township Forty-four (44), Range Thirty-one (31).

Time of sale: October 10th, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is here by given, That by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated August 24th, A. D. 1891.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY, Successor to National Building Loan and Protective Union, Mortgagee.

GEORGE D. EMERY, Attorney for Mortgagee.

WM. DRESSKELL,

Watchmaker and

JEWELER,

FRONT STREET, BRAINERD.

Watch Repairing a Specialty.

Professional Cards.

R. K. WHITELEY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

Office, Room 11, Bank Block,

BRAINERD..... MINN.

W. A. FLEMING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office next door to post-office.

BRAINERD - - - MINN.

Werner Hemstead, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

Cr. Front and 7th Streets, Brainerd.

A MILLION dollar bank robbery has been reported from England.

THE recent state fair was a success financially, clearing about $8,000 over and above all expenses.

W. L. SCOTT, the several times millionaire congressman of democratic persuasion, from Pennsylvania, died of heart disease on Monday.

THE Scandinavian Mission Christian Church, of Little Falls, has incorporated under the laws of Minnesota, and has filed its articles of incorporation.

A JOINT debate has been arranged between Maj. McKinley and Governor Campbell in Ohio. Campbell will wish he hadn't before the thing is through with.

BLAINE for president, and Knute Nelson for governor, is a ticket that would roll up such a republican majority next fall as Minnesota has not had since the war.

THE Wadena County Pioneer has been sold by Mr. Reynolds to C. C. Eastman, of Anoka, and W. H. Workman has disposed of his Little Falls Herald to Haines, Stone & Pope, of Wabasha.

PRESIDENT BALMACEDA, of Chilli, has committed suicide. He preferred to die in this way rather than by the halter route, which would unboubtedly have been his fate had his enemies captured him.

WE hope the next republican convention in this district will not attempt to straddle the fence on the tariff issue, but will adopt ringing resolutions calling for the protection of American industries.

Sizes Them Up Right.

A very grave charge is brought against Redfield Proctor by a democratic exchange that he writes bad English; but even at that he has a good deal of a "bulge" on the democratic party, a majority of whose members cannot write at all.—Pioneer Press.

The Brake Chain Broke.

Ann Dupuis, administratrix, has sued the Northern Pacific Railway for $25,000 damages for the death of Albert Dupuis. Decedent was a brakeman, and near Gallatin, Mont., was hurled from the top of a freight car and killed, while attempting to set a brake. The brake chain broke under the strain.

Financial Note.

As a result of the McKinley bill:
Balloons are going up.
Elevators are rising.
So is the sun.
Fruit is falling (to the ground.)
Coffee is settling.
Neckties continue to crawl up.
Rain persists in falling.
Opium is as much of a drug as ever.
—Boston Traveler.

The Response of a Great Journalist.

I am a protectionist to the degree that I am. because free trade is an ideal impracticability. We must raise about $1,000,000 a day by duties and should levy them to protect American industries. This means that we shall make foreigners pay for getting into our market.

The McKinley law has been more misrepresented than anything I have known since we fought the slave power for the freedom of the territories.

The policy of the democratic party is colonial. If we pursue it, the Revolutionary war and our achievements of independence were mistakes.

The best expression of democratic doctrine is in the confederate constitution. If it was worth while to conquer the Southern Confederacy, it was so upon the condition that the democratic party should not come into possession of the country.

The McKinley tariff law has three great distinguished merits:

1. The largest free list we have ever known, including free sugar.
2. A square effort to apply duties to protection.
3. The provision for reciprocity.

The corner-stone for the structure, free sugar. The edifice is protection. The crown of it is reciprocity.

The people of Ohio will not work to restore the duties on sugar, to guarantee the tin plate industry to Wales, and to destroy the treaties with Brazil and Spain.

Restore the duties on sugar and the treaties must go. An assault upon the sugar bounties means the same thing.

A vote for the democratic ticket in Ohio this fall will be a vote for hard times—a vote to put the nation on the back track.

MURAT HALSTEAD.

Weather Signals.

It is expected that the new weather signal flags will arrive next week and the service begin. The flags will be displayed from the staff at the hose house. A square white flag means clear or fair weather; the blue flag indicates rain or snow; the white and blue flag (parallel bars of white and blue) indicates that local rains or showers will occur and that the rainfall will not be general; the white flag with black square in center indicates the approach of a sudden and decided fall in the temperature—a cold wave. The black triangular flag always refers to temperature. When displayed above either of the other flags it means warmer weather; when placed below another flag it indicates colder weather; when not displayed at all the indications are that the temperature will remain stationary.

Council Proceedings.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, and the following aldermen answered roll call: Titze, Towers, McMurtie, Johnson, Ferris, Fogelstrom, and Williamson, Barber, Bain and Lagerquist came in later.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved as read, except that part of the proceedings which alluded to a motion made by Ald. Towers, to not use the old lumber taken from the northeast Brainerd bridge in fixing the Southeast Brainerd bridge on 1st avenue, which was ordered stricken from the records of the council proceedings of Sept. 7th, 1891.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

J. J. Howe & Co.	$318 99
The Brainerd Tribune	11 18
Lusk, Bunn & Hadley	408 13
C. L. Spaulding	67 50
C. Millspaugh	69 56
A. J. Demeules	9 55

The pay roll of the street employes for August was laid over until the next meeting of the council. The note and interest due Oct. 15th, on the East Brainerd hose house, was referred to the finance committee. The police committee recommended that the bill of J. R. McDonough for $50, be not allowed. On motion duly made and carried, the fire committee was instructed to have all the old hose in the city repaired. On motion made it was ordered that all work done on streets, sidewalks, etc., be done under the supervision of the street committee. Motion was made that the report of the commissioners appointed to appraise benefits and damages for a road from Willow street to Seventh street to the fair grounds, was accepted and placed on file, and commissioners ordered to go ahead and appraise damages as instructed in resolution made by the council Aug. 17th, 1891.

The report of the special committee on the official conduct of Chief of Police Barron and City Clerk Murphy were read and accepted. On motion the matter of fixing Sleeper's lots was referred to the street committee, to report at the next meeting. The liquor license bonds of Henry Moberg and Chas. Moberg, Robert Nelson, Nels Peterson and G. W. Stratton were approved and license granted. On motion the resignation of the street commissioner was laid over until he makes his report to the council.

Council adjourned.

A fresh line of Full Cream, Brick, Swiss and Limberger Cheese just opened at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market.

QUEER CUSTOMS OF BRAZIL.

Peculiarities of Funerals and Weddings —The Porterage Business.

There are many curious customs observed by the Brazillians. Funerals are notable in that for a young unmarried lady coffin, the hearse, and livery of the driver must be bright scarlet the four white horses drawing the hearse must be covered with scarlet uets, and scarlet plumes must deck the horses' heads. No women go to the cemeteries. The mother, or thewidow, must not exhibit her grief in public.

For the swell funeral of a young girl the coffin, hearse, livery of the driver and nets and plumes for the horses must be royal purple. For elderly persons black and gold are the adornments of mortuary trappings.

At weddings the bride does not wear orange blossoms, but orange flowers are presented by the groom and his bride to their unmarried acquainances. The custom has a hidden meaning dating back to the twilight of man's history. The flower is an emblem of fecundity and the "passing on" of the gift signifies "Go thou and do likewise."

The calling of porters—the business of porterage—is a regular one, and is divided into clases. There are porters whose speciality is handling pianos—delivering. transferring them. You never see a piano on a truck or in a furniture van. Four men bear upright pianos on their heads, and square and grand pianos are carried in slings suspended from two poles, resting on the shoulders of four men.

Iron safes are transported by porters, delivered from the warehouses, moved from one place to another and put in position—all by sheer strength.

If you buy anything—furniture, a piano, a safe—the purchaser must bargain with the porters for the delivery. And if you do not make your bargain to carry and put in position the porters will leave the articles at your door, unless you agree to pay additional for placing them in your house or rooms.

A Cure for Sea-Sickness.

Many people hold the opinion that sea-sickness as well as dizziness on land is caused by the sight first. This idea has evidently obtained favor in Vienna, where a learned German has invented a pair of glasses which he thinks will obviate these troubles.

According to the description recently given of them in a German paper, they resemble opera glasses in appearance, but are to be made of papier mache or some very light substance, and bound about the head of the victim to nausea or dizziness with an elastic strap.

The under side of these glasses is much longer than the upper, and they are darkened in such a way that no disturbing rays can reach the wearer's vision.

The inventor does not claim for these articles that they are beautiful, and indeed it seems doubtful whether the sight of them worn by a number of fellow-passengers would not have a most depressing effect on such unfortunates as did not possess them.

Definitions.

Pupils who learn "by ear," without thought as to the meaning of things, contrive to afford a good deal of amusement to their teachers. Recently a teacher in an Eastern grammar school asked one of her boys:

"What is the meaning of 'topaz'?"

"A topaz," said the boy, "is where the mules walk when they're drawing a canal-boat."

This was not so bad as another blunder, made. not long afterward, in the same school.

"Define 'halo,'" said the teacher, to a girl in the class.

"A halo," answered the pupil, "is a kind of rope that the cowboys use out West to catch cattle with."

Shooting the Rapids.

Arab boys are expert swimmers, and like boys in general, are fond of displaying their skill before strangers, if only they are rewarded by some small coin. Mr. Eden tells how they shoot the rapids of the Nile.

Seating themselves astride a log of wood about six feet long, and buoyant enough to support them waist high out of the water, they ride it with the seat and gestures of a jockey, and with hands and feet keep it straight with the line of the current.

The fall is shot with an ease and grace that does away with the sense of danger one would expect to feel at seeing a man hurried along amid such a boil and turmoil of waters; but once at the bottom they have a hard struggle to induce their horses to turn out of the course.

To do this they avail themselves of the impetus acquired by the log in its shoot, and throwing themselves full length upon it, they seem, with a sudden stroke from the left leg and arm, to drive it and themselves out of the current.

To fall in this would be dangerous even to Arab swimmers. Immediately below lie the ugly rocks, on which the heavy stream breaks with fearful violence.

A Noted Tiger.

A tigress in the Nagpur district has a fondness for the employes of the Bengal-Nagpur railway, frequents a tract of country only about nine square miles in area, and is possessed of extraordinary cunning and sagacity. This year, up to June, she had killed seven people besides wounding others. She lives in a rocky and precipitous spur, in which there is a heavy bamboo and other jungle. Several springs of water rise at the foot of the scarps and there is a cave which shows many signs of being used by her and her family. A big stone just outside of the entrance is scored deep and long by many scratches of their claws. In February last in broad daylight she carried of one off the gang of permanent way men from under the eyes of his companions. She has seen shot many times and her cubs killed but she has got off scratchless. Sometimes the man-eater traverses very long distances.

Clean a Lamp.

To give a brilliant white light, a lamp needs a thorough cleaning every little while. The oil should be poured out of the found leaving no dregs on the bottom. The found should then be washed in strong soapsuds, rinsed in warm water, and dried. It should then be filled with fresh oil. The burner should be boiled in soda and water until the net work that crosses it is freed from dirt and dust. If the wick has become clogged with the sediment, replace it with a new one

IT PAYS

To be cautious in the choice of medicines. Many are injured by trying experiments with compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, the principal recommendation of which would seem to be their "cheapness." Being made up of worthless, though not always harmless, ingredients, they may well be "cheap;" but, in the end, they are dear. The most reliable medicines are costly, and can be retailed at moderate prices, only when the manufacturing chemist handles the raw materials in large quantities. It is economy, therefore,

To Use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the valuable components of which are imported, wholesale, by the J. C. Ayer Co. from the regions where these articles are richest in medicinal properties.

"It is a wonder to me that any other than Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a show in the market. If people consulted their own interest, they would never use any other; for it is not only the best, but, on account of its concentrated strength and purity, it is the most economical."—James F. Duffy, Druggist, Washington st., Providence, R. I.

Dr. A. L. Almond, Druggist, Liberty, Va., writes: "Leading physicians in this city prescribe

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla. I have sold it for eighteen years, and have the highest regard for its healing qualities."

"Although the formula is known to the trade, there can be no successful imitation of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Without having the enormous facilities of the J. C. Ayer Co., it is impossible for other parties to put together such valuable ingredients, at the low cost of Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

It stands at the head of all similar preparations."—Mark A. Jones, 50 years a druggist, 60 Cambridge st., E. Cambridge, Mass.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you

NORTHERN PACIFIC

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Grafton, Grand Forks, Crookston, Fargo, Wahpeton, Fergus Falls, Brainerd,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

The Dining Car Line

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points in the Red River Valley and the Park Region of Minnesota, and

St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Pacific Coast Trains.

Passing through Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, & Washington

Carry Complete Equipment of

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, First and Second-class Coaches, Pullman Tourist and Free Colonist Sleepers,

And Elegant Dining Cars.

THROUGH TICKETS Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to Agent of Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE, General Pass. and Ticket Agent, ST. PAUL, MINN

(Sept. 4th, 1891.)

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Mahan and Mary E. Mahan, his wife, of the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, unto the Minnesota Saving Fund & Investment Company, a corporation, duly organized, and acting under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, which mortgage was dated and delivered on the first day of October, 1889, and was on the 4th day of November, 1889, at 5 o'clock p. m., duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, in said State of Minnesota, and was afterward duly recorded in book K of mortgages, at page 12.

And whereas, there is due and is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, the sum of Six Hundred and Sixty-eight Dollars, ($668.00), no part of which has been paid, and no proceedings have been instituted either at law or in equity to recover the same.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and according to the statute in such case provided, the premises in said mortgage conveyed, and hereafter described, will be sold at auction to the highest bidder, by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, on Saturday, the 12th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the District Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, together with the sum of Fifty (50) Dollars attorney's fees, and the costs and expenses of such sale, as provided in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and allowed by law.

The premises conveyed by said mortgage, and to be sold as aforesaid, are known and described as "Lot Fifteen (15), and the South Eighty (80) feet of Lot Sixteen (16), of Block Fifty-two (52), of the Town (now city) of Brainerd, according to the plat thereof now on file or of record in the office of the said Register of Deeds.

MINNESOTA SAVING FUND & INVESTMENT CO., Mortgagee.

CHAS. W. PURPLE, Attorney for Mortgagee. Dated Minneapolis, Minn., September 4th, 1891.

(First publication Aug. 21.)

SUMMONS,

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

Harry C. Veazie, Plaintiff,

vs.

Magdalena Robinson, formerly Magdalena Schwartz, C. F. Kindred, J. D. Ensign, D. G. Cash, The Central Trust Company of New York, Marietta A. Whiteley, R. K. Whiteley, Samuel Walker, J. N. True, The Lake Superior & Puget Sound Company, H. Spalding, D. E. Sapp, J. J. Howe, S. W. Farnham, The First National Bank of Brainerd, Ambrose Tighe, J. W. Pence, Charles P. Barker, C. McC. Reeve, T. J. Buxton, James N. Richardson, and J. W. Johnson, and The Northern Pacific Railroad Company, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, in the City of Brainerd, in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office in said city, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated August 18th, 1891.

LEON E. LUM, Plaintiff's Att'y, Brainerd, Minn.

The summons in this action is issued upon a complaint for the foreclosure of a mortgage given by Magdalena Schwartz and husband, to Julia C. Veazie, recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County, on November 28th, 1881, in Book A of Mortgages, on Pages 444 and 445, and a mortgage between the same parties recorded in said Registry of Deeds, in Book B of Mortgages, on Pages 60 and 61, both said mortgages being given to secure the same note, and no personal claim is made against any defendant except Magdalena Robinson, formerly Magdalena Schwartz.

Dated August 18th, 1891.

LEON E. LUM, Plaintiff's Att'y.

[September 18th, 1891.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Loan No. 219.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in January, A. D. 1891, in the sum of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars, ($12.50), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part therof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Names of mortgagors: Edward Hazen and Maud S. Hazen, husband and wife.

Name of mortgagee: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the State of Minnesota.

Date of Mortgage: November 1st, A. D. 1888.

Date when and where recorded: December 11th, A. D. 1888, at 2 o'clock 35 minutes p. m., in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book 1 of mortgages, on page 12.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Sixteen Hundred Dollars, ($1600.)

Description of mortgaged premises:

The west fifty (50) feet of Lots numbered Nineteen (19) to Twenty-four (24), inclusive, of Block One Hundred and Seventy (170), Town of Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Time of sale: October 30th, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated September 18th, A. D. 1891.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY, Successor to National Building Loan and Protective Union, Mortgagee.

GEORGE D. EMERY AND S. M. DAVIS, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Minneapolis, Minn.

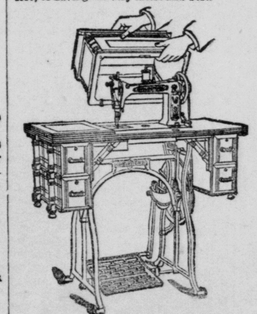
THE FIGURE "9."

The figure 9 in our dates will make a long stay. No man or woman now living will ever date a document without using the figure 9. It stands in the third place in 1890, where it will remain ten years and then move up to second place in 1900, where it will rest for one hundred years.

There is another "9" which has also come to stay. It is unlike the figure 9 in our dates in the respect that it has already moved up to first place, where it will permanently remain. It is called the "No. 9" High Arm Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

The "No. 9" was endorsed for first place by the experts of Europe at the Paris Exposition of 1889, where, after a severe contest with the leading machines of the world, it was awarded the only Grand Prize given to family sewing machines, all others on exhibit having received lower awards of gold medals, etc. The French Government also recognized its superiority by the decoration of Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, President of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

The "No. 9" is not an old machine improved upon, but is an entirely new machine, and the Grand Prize at Paris was awarded it as the grandest advance in sewing machine mechanism of the age. Those who buy it can rest assured, therefore, of having the very latest and best.



WHEELER & WILSON MF'G CO., 185 and 187 Wabash Ave., Chicago

Sold by W. T. CANEFF.

(First publication Aug. 28.)

Notice of Final Proof

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Aug. 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday, October 6th, 1891, viz:

ORRIS CULVER,

H. E. No. 13375 for the Lots 2, 3, 5 and 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 46, R. 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John W. Borden, George H. Robinson, Augustus E. Whiteley, William H. Onstine. P. O. address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

CLOAKS!

We are making a

Special Drive in Cloaks!

this week and invite an inspection.

Our assortment is complete and has just been received. It comprises long and short cloaks, and jackets in the latest styles. We will and can save you money. See our Misses Cloaks from $1.00 up.

Special Sale On Dress Goods.

SCHOOL BOYS' CLOTHING JUST OPENED, and we can please you on style and price. Call and see our stock before buying.

H. ROSENBLATT.

COME AND SEE

What we can do for you

IN TAILORING!

Fall goods just arrived, Largest stock west of Minneapolis to select from,

No selling from samples, Goods all in Stock.

Fine Tailoring a Specialty.

We will maintain our usual

Standard of Excellence

For Workmanship and Trimmings.

Olson & McCallum,

LEADING TAILORS,

Front Street, - Brainerd, Minn.

I. U. WHITE,

Successor to White & White,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

DEALER IN

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Glass, Papers, Nails, and all Kinds of Builder's Hardware.

OIL, LEAD AND MIXED PAINTS. ALSO

Guns, Ammunition and Sporting Goods of all Kinds.

AT THE OLD STAND 2 LAUREL STREET.

BUY **BOSS Watch Cases** WITH Non-pull-out BOWS



CLOCKS

JEWELRY AND

Silverware,

AT

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG'S.

KOCP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

DIVERS in the clear waters of the tropical seas find that fish of diffierent colors when frightened do not all dart in the same direction, but that each diffierent kind takes shelter in that portion of the submarine growth nearest in color to that of the fish.

OHIO claims to have the largest oil well in this country if not in the world. It is located near North Baltimore, in Hancock County, and if permitted to flow its full capacity would more than fill two of the 35,000-barrel tanks every twenty-four hours.

IT is asserted that one glass of beer taken through a straw will make a man drunk. As most beer guzzlers would take it through a hose or a hydrant if convenient the straw experiment is not likely to become popular.

THE biggest doctor's fee of the age is the 2,000,000 marks paid by Herr von Donner, a Hamburg merchant, for his wife. The money wasn't given to the famous Wiesbaden practioner, however, but, at his wish, to found a hospital in Hamburg.

A HOTEL in Hambrug has been built entirely of compressed wood, which by the pressure to which it is subjected is rendered as hard as iron, as well as absolutely proof against the attacks of fire.

THAT'S a great discovery of Dr. Sliech's, in Berlin, that water can be used as anæsthetic; but for the general purposes of voluntary paralysis beer will hold its own in the German capital and elsewhere.

THE largest grapevine in the world is that growing at Oys, Portugal, which has been bearing since 1802. Its maximum yield was in 1884, in which year it produced a sufficient quantity of grapes to make 165 gallons of wine.

THERE is an immense garden in China that embraces an area of 50,000 square miles. It is all meadow land, and is filled with lakes, ponds, and canals. Altogether it is as large as the states of New York and Pennsylvania combined.

While flats are becoming increasingly popular in France among people of moderate means, poeple in a corresponding position in Germany are as anxious to live in houses of their own, and a company has just been formed in Berlin to enable them to do so.

WILD horses are sociable in character and protect themselves against carnivorous beasts by herding together in large numbers. In face of any danger, such as storms and fires, they unite in still larger bodies, probably from a sentiment akin to the human one at similar crises.

IN big trees the new State of Washington is quite rich. A Seattle paper mentions a fir in Sumas which is 8½ feet in diameter. Near Stanwood there is a cedar 17 feet in diameter 33 feet from the roots, and 12 feet in diameter 112 feet from the roots. Nooksack reports a fir 12 feet in diameter.

IT is estimated that the treasure lying idle in India in the shape of hoards or ornaments amount to £350,000,000. A competent authority calculates that "in Amritsar City alone there are jewels to the value of £2,000,000 sterling."

MRS. LUCIAN MAYBERRY, of Little Rock, Ark., is the mother of ten boys, all born within a married life of thirty-nine months. There are two sets of triplets and two pairs of twins. Mrs. Mayberry is a pretty blonde, plump and hearty, of barely twenty-four years of age.

A CHICAGO paper says that on April 22, 1891, Jay Gould's train ran from Elburon to Geneva, Ill., a distance of eight-and-a half miles, in five minutes, the rate being 102 miles an hour. If this is correct it should go on record, as it is probably the best achievement yet made in the way of rapid traveling.

IMITATION gold is a new compound which was recently discovered and which puzzles the best of jewelers to detect. Its weight is that of gold and acid tests are the same, except that the acid boils a trifle when applied to it, although when it is wiped off no spot is left. It is cheap and easily worked. Its chief factor is aluminium composite, from 5 to 8 per cent.

EDISON has turned his attention to mining, and has on exhibition at Montreal devices which will revolutionize that industry. It will no longer be necessary to dig a million dollar hole to find there is no valuable deposit of ore in a given locality. With an Edison drill a small hole can be made to a great depth and samples of the strata pierced be brought to the surface.

THE Dominion of Canada has a beautiful scandal on hand. A Parliamentary Committee is investigating charges of fraud against several government officials and is finding lots of damaging evidence, but whenever a question is asked which threatens to go to the bottom of the corruption the government majority on the committee votes it down. Apparently the investigators will have to be investigated before the matter is finished.

IT is somewhat strange that so few sea captains are good swimmers. Captain Andrew G. Braes, of the steamship State of California, tells a New York reporter: "I'm a poor swimmer myself. I can float for hours, however, and that is the best safety accomplishment for a mariner. I can put my hands under my head in the water and float for an indefinite period without getting tired. In my long service I have twice been in peril of my life and once escaped by keeping afloat."

DIGEST OF THE NEWS

Interesting Digest of the Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Associated Press.

Washington, Criminal, Foreign, Personal, Casualty, and Other Important News.

ROUND WASHINGTON.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MILLER prepares a brief in the lottery cases.

THE heavy drafts upon the treasury balance since the first of the month in redeeming 4½ per cent bonds has reduced the net balance in the treasury, which on Sept. 1 was $60,000,000, to $48,000,000.

HENRY COLEMAN, colored, a messenger at the door of the attorney-general's office for 26 years, died aged 80 years. Prior to 1860 Coleman purchased his freedom and afterwards that of his wife.

THE 4½ per cent bonds received at the treasury department for continuance at 2 per cent amounted to $92,300, making the total thus far continued $24,654,700. The 4½ per cents received for redemption amounted to $372,300. The redemptions at the New York sub-treasury aggregated $76,100, making the total redemptions to date $12,900,700.

PEOPLE IN PRINT.

EX-CONGRESSMAN HYMEN, of North Carolina, and one of the most influential colored men in congress along in 1875, died at Washington from a stroke of paralysis.

CHARLES A. WOODBURY died at the Salem, Mass., hospital of hydrophobia. He was sixty-two years old and was a California 49er.

SIR JOHN STEELE, R. S. A., sculptor to her majesty for Scotland, is dead. He was born in Aberdeen in 1803. In 1872 Sir John executed in bronze a full size copy of his colossal statue of Sir Walter Scott, for the Central park, New York. He also executed the colossal for the Scotch poet, Robert Burns, which is erected in the same place.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Two negroes were killed by lightning near Victoria, Tex.

AT St. Mary's Ohio, a large oil tank burst and took fire. the city being threatened. The loss in oil is enormous.

OF the twelve workmen buried by the falling in of a railway tunnel, near Messina, Italy, ten were taken out alive and two were found dead.

FIRE in the old Commercial Advertiser building, New York, caused a large loss. Two persons are supposed to have been burned to death.

FOUR laborers were drowned in the Delaware river opposite the League island navy yard, Philadelphia, by the upsetting of a small skiff.

THE mill of Capt. J. C. Simpson, located at Layac Creek, Tex., was burned to the ground, together with several thousand feet of lumber. Total loss about $50,000; no insurance.

THE French steamship Nantes, Capt. Coquet, from Harve for New Orleans, went ashore at Corunna, Spain, and will prove a total loss. No loss of life reported.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire is reported at Holl and Chowitz, a village of Bohemia, and two miles from Prague. The state railway machine shops were burned, and three people were killed. The loss was about 2,500,000 of florins.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire occurred in Camargo Ill. The fire was in the business part of the town and the loss reached $30,000. Among the buildings burned was the dry goods house of W. H. Hall, A. F. Jarman's drug store and five other business houses.

Frederick Kammerer a drunken fellow, shot and killed his wife at their home, No. 119 York street Cleveland. They had quarreled. Kammerer was arrested and admitted that he had killed the woman, but to have had no cause for the crime.

Michael Trienen a night watchman in the joint employe of the Wiggins ferry company and the Missouri Pacific Railroad company, and who is a brother-in-law of Prosecuting Attorney Bernard Dierkes, was assassinated in St. Louis. No cause or clue apparent.

THE mystery surrounding the fate of the schooner Pannonia, long overdue at San Francisco from the Marshall Islands, is at last cleared up. The schooner was wrecked on a reef southwest of the Hawaiian islands and every soul on board was drowned.

THE Colcine Window Glass works at Fostoria, Ohio, the largest in the United States with one exception, have burned. The loss is $25,000 with no insurance. The same works burned about seven months ago. Secretary of the Treasury Foster was the principal owner.

HARRY KENNEDY, a bell boy at the Neil house, Columbus, O., aged fifteen years, was killed on an elevator. While ascending he thrust his head out to look upward. It struck against a door sill and was squeezed between the elevator and the walls, breaking his neck. Death was instantaneous.

THE bridge across the Sangamon river, in Illinois, on the Jacksonville Southeastern road, gave way as a local freight was passing over, precipitating three cars and the caboose into the river. Nicholas Quirk, of Columbus, O., was probably fatally injured. Conductor Rutter and the two brakemen escaped with slight injuries.

The hosiery factory of Killen & Sons, at John and Betts streets, Cincinnati, burned recently. The loss is $50,000, with insurance covering the loss. Chief Hughes, of the fire department, was badly cut by falling glass, and was removed to his home. Mrs. Col. William Sellers, who left her home near by, fearing that her house would burn, died suddenly of heart disease, aggravated by the excitement.

FOREIGN.

The queen of Roumania, who has been critically ill, is now improving.

"LOHENGRIN" is produced in Paris and a semi-riot results.

THE Chilian authorities have purchased the Italian Aquila, which has been transformed into a cruiser.

IT is reported that 50 workmen have been killed through the collapse of a tunnel on the line of a new railway near Trieste.

THE Duke of Genoa has been appointed honorary president of the Italian world's fair committee.

THE report that the British had seized the island of Mitylene, on the coast of Asia Minor, was incorrect.

THE Mexican minister of finance has ordered that of all metal or mineral exported from that country two specimens of one-half ounce each must be taken from every bar.

THE dockers of Havre have struck for higher wages. The employers offer slight concessions, which the strikers refuse to accept. The mayor is conducting negotiations for settling the strike.

A DISPATCH from Warsaw to the Political Correspondent confirms the reports of the massing of Russian troops in the western districts in connection with the coming military maneuvers.

THE death rate from cholera among the pilgrims to Mecca has been unprecedented in the annals of Mohammedan pilgrimage. The authorities at that time estimated that 11,000 pilgrims had died during the season.

A SYNDICATE has been formed in Hamburg, Germany, to construct abattoirs in Chicago, in order that Germans may control the imports of American pork into Germany.

THE Mexican government has granted a concession to James M. Powers & Co., of Philadelphia, for the establishment of a line of steamships to ply between Philadelphia and Mexican ports.

SERIOUS floods and storms are reported in various parts of Spain. Railway communication is interrupted at several points. The Amarguillo has overflowed its banks, destroying the town of Consuegra and flooding several villages.

THE foreign ministers at Pekin have urgently protested to the Chinese government against the latest outrages, those at Ichang, on the Yang Tse Kiang, when the British consulate was destroyed, the houses of Europeans were burned, and there is serious talk of a naval demonstration.

THE London committee formed with the purpose of leaving no stone unturned in order to bring about the release of Mrs. Maybrick from prison has retained the services of Sir Charles Russell and Sir Horace Davey in order to test the legality of Mrs. Maybrick's detention in prison.

It is reported that the negotiations of the new French loan have reached a successful conclusion. The loan, it is said, will be issued in October next. The price finally agreed upon is from 78½ to 79½.

OFFICIAL reports on the recent sinking of the steamer Taormina, by the steamship Thessalia, off Cape Colonna, show that only twelve of the sixty-five passengers were saved. An Englishman and a Frenchman, whose families were drowned, have gone mad.

AT the regular half-yearly meeting of the directors of the Bank of England a statement was submitted showing that the net profits for the half year ending Aug. 31 were £763,238, making the amount in rest £3,776,800. A dividend of 5 guineas per cent was declared, leaving in rest £3,012,770.

M. ROUVIER, the French minister of finance, was married to Marguerite Pommereul, the widow of Du Guyel. M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, and M. Fallieres, minister of justice, were best men. Deputy-Mayor Isabey, of the 16th arrondissment of Paris, performed the ceremony.

AN Austrian spy named Krasnicki has been sentenced to be transported to Siberia, and three Russians, who were his accomplices, have each been sentenced to eight years of penal servitude. Krasnicki bribed a man belonging to the staff of the Eleventh army corps of Austria to purloin military documents.

WICKEDNESSES.

THE assistant of a new York church is accused of most heinous crimes.

A SIXTEEN-YEAR-OLD mother murders her new born child near Eau Claire.

EUGENE SHIRE cut the throat of his paramour, Maggie Dolan, at St. Louis, and then cuts his own throat.

A settler named Westerlund, of New Stockholm, Manitoba, chopped the head off his three year old daughter. He was insane.

EX-PRESIDENT F, W. KENNEDY and ex-Cashier H. H. Kenedy, of the looted Spring Garden National bank, Philadelphia are sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

A YOUNG man of Marshalltown, Iowa, kills himself because a girl with whom he was in love refused his attentions owing to his bad habits.

J. SHERWOOD CORNING, of Rochester, N. Y., a wealthy banker, has sued the New York Sun for $15,000 damages. The Sun accused him of assaulting a woman passenger on the Circassia.

IN San Francisco the coroner's jury in the case of Officer Alexander Grant has rendered a verdict finding the deceased came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by Maurice B. Strellinger (M. B. Curtis).

MICHAEL MCARDLE, a young farmer of Mount Pleasant township, near Atchison, Kan., shot and killed Campbell Perry, a young farm hand who had called to collect $50 due him for labor. McArdle was arrested. He pleads self-defense.

AT Liverpool, two boys named Crawford and Shearon, aged 8 years, have been arrested for murdering one of their companions about the same age. The murder was committed in order to steal the dead boy's clothes. They both confessed.

SPORTS.

IN a heavy-weight fight in San Francisco Billy Smith of Australia defeats Tom McCarthy of Boston in eight rounds.

GEORGE HAMMOND, of Middleburg. Vt., owner of the mare Tempest, alias Mollie, has been expelled from the National Association for an alleged crooked entry at Cleveland.

THE directors of the Granite Association of Hoboken held a meeting at which Jere Dunn and Dick Roche, the leading spirits of the association, withdrew. This means practically the disbandment of the organization. Dissatisfaction among the directors over the recent fight held at the association's rooms between McAuliffe and Gibbons led to this result.

RAILROADS.

The Western Traffic association absorbs nearly all the functions of the Western Freight association, and the latter cuts far less of a figure than formerly.

THE proposition to establish a new lake and rail line via the Soo road and a new line of steamers between Gladstone, Mich., and Buffalo, seems to be assuming shape.

ALDACE F. WALKER, chairman of the Western Traffic association, is much annoyed by the efforts of some of his friends to secure his appointment on the interstate commerce commission. He declares that he is not a candidate.

A CHICAGO paper states that the Southwestern Railway and Steamship association has withdrawn from the Western Traffic association. As a matter of fact that association was never, as a body, a member of the Western Traffic association.

AT a meeting of the directors of the Rock Island recently a quarterly dividend of one half of 1 per cent was declared, payable Nov. 2. Another meeting will be held. It is expected that the quarterly dividends will be increased to 1 per cent at the beginning of 1892.

CHAIRMAN FINLEY, of the Western Passenger association, handed down a decision recently, holding that the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern violated its agreement in the sale of tickets at one-third the regular fare to a party of Dunkards returning to Abilene, Kan. The company is required to pay over to the association such amount as should have been charged at full tariff rates for the tickets.

AMONG THE TOILERS.

THE second annual meeting of the National Association of Railroad Clerks has convened in St. Louis.

THE long talked of amalgamation between the Brotherhood of Telegraphers and the Order of Railway Telegraphers was accomplished at the session of the grand lodge of the former organization in St. Louis.

GENERAL.

THE Bank of Lyons, Kan., supposed to be one of the strongest financial institutions in the state, has made an assignment.

Two judgments aggregating $24,820 were entered in New York city against the Saxony Woolen Mills, manufacturers of blankets at Newburg, New York.

PRESIDENT GREENHUT of the whisky trust, says whisky interests will not be seriously affected by any instructions to farmers to hold their corn and wheat.

The Atlanta Steamship company has been formed at Bremen and New York, Paul Wedeking; of Berlin, has been appoined chariman.

Ex-Senator Tabor has won his suit for the Santa Edmige gold mine in New Mexico. The mine has produced already $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 of gold, The ore assays $200 to the ton and is still good for millions.

Suit will soon be begun by Mrs. Jefferson Davis against Robert Belford, the Belford Publishing Company, and Edward Lange, for alleged violation of the contract with Mrs. Davis to publish her memoirs of Jefferson Davis.

THE Attorney general of Pennsylvania. declined to permit the use of the name of the commonwealth in a proceeding to compel the East Harrisburg passenger railway of Philadelphia to show cause why its charter should not be forfeited for running cars on Sunday.

WHAT is perhaps the largest single lumber contract ever let in the world was closed recently with the Reliance Lumber company, of Beaumont, Tex. It is with the company who is building the railroad from Omaha to Galveston. The total amount of the contract is $8,000,000.

WAR has broken out again among the big watchmakers. The Elgin and Waltham companies issued a circular to the jobbers announcing a reduction of 20 per cent on all 18-size movements. The Elgin company will lose $100,000 in rebates to jobbers who now hold in stock the goods on which the reduction is made, and $300,000 on the movements now held by the company. The Waltham Company will lose something over a million. The reduction is made in an effort to wipe out the existence of the Dueber Watch Case Company.

WINGED MONSTERS.

A Remarkable Bird Seen Recently in California.

At the last meeting of the Amalgamated Association of Fish Liars the member from the north side who goes out twice a year with rod and gun but never unpacks the former, asked and received permission to read the following from San Francisco: "A well-authenticated story comes from Selma, Fresno County, of the appearance at that place of two huge-winged monsters that resemble the fabled dragon. They live on ducks and chickens and have been seen by a score of persons. One party watched for them on several nights and at last got a close view. The birds are said to have wings fully twelve feet long. Their bodies are six feet high when they walk about. They are not covered with feathers, and instead of a bill they have a hogs snout, with sharp teeth. Watchers saw two birds descend to a pond and chase mud hens in among the grass, crunching and devouring those they caught. Their eyes are very prominent. As soon as the men could get a shot they fired. One bird was wounded, but escaped by running through the marshes. The track which it left was like an alligator's, with five toes and strong claws on each foot. The track is eleven inches wide and nineteen long. It is thought the birds might be survivors of extinct species like the pterodactyl which lived on the shores of Tulare Lake, which has never been thoroughly explored."

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, North and South Dakota News in a Nutshell,

MINNESOTA

The Monticello factory recently burned, will be rebuilt.

Austin is having a new flax mill 204 feet in length.

Charles A. Ludwig, a saloonkeeper at Stillwater, assigned.

W. Kœnig's elevator at Plainview was burned. Loss $10,000.

Dr. J. D. Wheelock, a physician of Clearwater died, aged 70.

Thomas J. Clement, son of T. B. Clement died at Faribault.

Peter Derwin, of St. Paul died, aged 82. He went to St. Paul in 1858.

Lyman Alexander's residence near Faribault, burned with its contents.

Chris. Anderson's jewelry store at Moorhead was robbed of $150 worth of solid silver.

Bishop Whipple has received $50,000 for an endowment for Seabury Divinity School at Faribault.

Twenty-four stacks of wheat and a separator were burned on Frank daly's farm near Fulda.

Rev. P. K. Mellauy, pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran church at Stillwater died at Hudson, Wis.

The new Norwegian Lutheran College will be located at Madison, the county seat of Lac Qui Parle County.

A spark from a threshing engine set fire to Cleveland Bros.' thresher at Plainview. It was destroyed.

In a quarrel between Tom Allerton and John Anonsmith at Pipestone, the former was dangerously hurt.

The suit of J. Merkle against C. R. Henton for $10,000 for alienation of his wife's affections, is on trial at Luverne.

Holden Nelson committed suicide by hanging at Mabel. Long suffering from disease is supposed to be the cause.

A temporary injunction is asked at Pine City against the Brennan Lumber Company to restrain them from dumping refuse in the Grindstone river.

Thomas Glowp has laid claim to a large part of the city of Mankato, including the stone quarries and the ground upon which the Tourtolette Hospital stands.

Considerable apprehension is felt at Fergus Falls lest Goheen, the murderer, commits suicide before the time set for his execution. He is being carefully watched.

Preston Asborn and Hattie Baker, a St. Cloud couple, cannot marry because the law says the bride must be over 14 years of age.

Charles Lumley, a wine merchant of Minneapolis, died by his own hand, aged 60. His act anticipated death from cancer of the bowels.

Word has been received at Sauk Rapids that Callahan the convict who escaped from the reformatory has been captured at Foley.

The Minnesota Cereal Company at Faribault has made $10,000 worth of improvements on the old Straight River mill, and will employ fifty hands.

Adjutant Edward Thomas, of the Salvation Army, was drowned while fishing in Gilbert's Lake. He was stationed at Minneapolis.

Andrew Spangberg, the man whose incarceration in a dirty room at Duluth caused a sensation, died at the insane asylum at St. Peter.

James S. Everts, a brakeman on the Great Northern road, was crushed to death by the wheels at St. Paul. He was 32 years old and a married man.

An insurance company has offered to erect a $20,000 opera house for Marshall citizens, provided the latter guarantee a certain amount of insurance business.

Peter Gore, one of the earliest settlers in the vicinity of Winona, died suddenly at his home. The deceased was born in Norton county, Pennsylvania, in 1814, and has resided in this city since 1851.

A 6-year-old daughter of Jesse Harmer, a farmer living near Faribault, was so badly burned while playing near an old building that was being burned that her recovery is despaired of.

While Meritt D. Hoff, freight agent of the Great Northern Railroad at Minneapolis, was passing Hale, Thomas & Co.'s store, he was struck by a falling sign and hurt internally. He will recover.

John, a twenty-year-old son of James Welch, of Washington lake near Henderson, was accidentally shot and killed while hunting. He tried to pull the gun through a fence, when it went off, the charge entering his side and killing him almost instantly.

Gustav von Snyder, the normal school student who mysteriously disappeared recently from his home at Minneiska, was discovered and brought to Winona. He was brought before the probate judge and adjudged insane. He was been taken to the Rochester asylum.

E. J. Breed, general manager of the Marion Flint Glass Works, of Marion, Ind., is to establish a plant at Duluth for the manufacture of glass. He looks with favor on Duluth, and will probably erect a plant here, which will employ 200 men.

While George Durlin's threshing machine was in George Carver's yard, at Prairieville, preparing to thresh, fire escaped from the engine and caught in one of the stacks. Despite all efforts four stacks of oats and the separator were consumed. Mr. Carver's loss is estimated at 1,200 bushels of oats; no insurance.

The case of Mrs. Maggie Bentz, charged with threatening to kill Mrs. Annie Rieger, was tried before Justice Horner Potter of Vermillion, on a change of venue from Justice Alex Jeremy of Nininger. The defendant was discharged and the costs taxed up to the complainant.

Two stock trains collided on the Northern Pacific near Big Lake station. Two cars were completely smashed, and one engine was badly damaged. A number of cattle were killed and injured and several car loads turned loose on the prairie. A stock man was seriously injured in the accident.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bad prairie fires destroy hundreds of dollars worth of property.

Juuge Templeton rendered a decision in favor of Nelson county in the Nelson county bond case, saying the county $9,500.

Judge Templeton has issued a mandamus requiring the elevator companies in the storage business to store wheat at statutory rates—two cents a bushel.

John Birkholz has sold the Smith farm of 600 acres south of Grand Forks to Noah Goine for $17,750. Birkholz purchased it about six months ago for $10,000. The increase is due to the splendid crop raised.

At the request of a portion of the East Grand Forks saloonkeepers that gambling places be suppressed, Mayor Rowen announces his intention to enforce all laws, and began by closing the saloons at 11 o'clock.

Michael Gleason entered the office of Doheny & Lyon's mill at Grand Forks, in the bookkeepers absence, forced the cash drawer and decamped with the contents. He was captured in East Grand Forks, tried before Justice Cutts and sentenced to 30 days.

Trouble is brewing at Grand Forks regarding the Great Northern right of way. S. W. McLaughlin claims three feet claimed by the railroad and refuses to vacate. Notice to quit was served on him, a petition being circulated requesting the same. McLaughlin will probably fight.

The State Congregational Association met at Jamestown recently. About 50 delegates were in attendance and the program, to occupy two days, was prepared. The work of the church in the state for the last year was reviewed and much interest manifested. Leading ministers of the denomination were present.

A woman who arrived at Bismarck from Williamspoint, sixty miles south, in Emmons county, gives a meager account of a terrible prairie fire which has burned over that section. The damage cannot be estimated at present, but will be very heavy. Many farmers have lost all their buildings, grain and hay.

Fires in Stutsman and Eddy counties have done some damage. In the latter county a farmer named Egleberg lost four horses by fire while plowing brakes, also 150 acres of wheat. Other losses of seventy and sixty acres are reported in the same locality. In Stutsman county Farmer Lawrence lost thirty-five acres of grain, and only the great efforts of a threshing crew prevented greater loss of stock and buildings. Grass was burned off for several miles north in spite of all efforts to extinguish the fire, which was only stopped at Spirit Wood lake.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

A house, barn, 90 sheep and about 40 tons of hay, belonging to Mrs. Levi Greely of Gary, were burned. No insurance. Fire was started by children playing with matches.

The University of South Dakota opened the other morning. Hon. A. Sheridan Jones of the board will act as president until one can be secured. Not all of the faculty are present.

Hon. D. W. Lawler of St. Paul has accepted the invitation of the state Democratic central committee to deliver a political address on the evening the Democratic state convention meets in Mitchell.

Richard Scholz and Charles Algrin, of Smithwick, Fall River county, quarreled over some stock. A fight ensued and Scholz was kicked in the bowels and died from inflammation of the bowels and perionitis. Algrin was arrested.

Farmer Slocum of Leola lost a separator and 400 bushels of wheat by fire while threshing. Slocum and his firemen were badly burned while trying to save the machine, and the latter, who inhaled the flames, now lies in a serious condition.

News was received at Deadwood of the death at Horsehead, a little settlement in Fall River county, of Richard Scholtz, a blacksmith, from injuries inflicted by a club in the hands of Charles Ahlgrim. The latter has been arrested for murder. The men quarreled over a small bill and a fight followed.

The body of James M. Pratt of Annandale, was found in the woods about two hundred yards from his house. The village council, upon an investigation of the matter and an examination of the surroundings together with the position of the body and his gun, came to the conclusion that it was a case of accidental shooting and ordered the body removed to his late residence.

The disappearance of prisoners from the penitentary at Sioux Falls is in order lately. Myron Bemis, a "trusty" walked off and passed out of the state near Yankton. Three other prisoners took occasion to walk away from the kitchen door without leave. The trio are known as Langdon, safe blower, Kingsbury county, John Flaherty, murder, Huron; James Cambell, burglary, Deadwood.

WISCONSIN.

Merrill has a number of chicken thieves.

Ripon College has 118 scholars this year.

Racine police are busy watching a gang of youthful theives.

Dairy commissioner Harkness is after the Waukesha milkmen.

Independence has organized a Board of Trade with $5,000 capital.

The Saukville cheese factory paid its patrons $3,300 during June and July.

Robert Wood, a pioneer of Shebogan County, died recently at Fort Dodge, Ia.

A Racine officer stopped three little girls in short dresses from smoking cigarettes on the street.

Col. R. S. Gardner was at Merrill looking over the city's advantages as a site for the new Indian Industrial School.

R. R. Shaw, a switchman in the East St. Paul yards whose home is at Black Rock, Wis., had both his legs cut off by the cars.

An aged man named Keller was killed by a North-Western train near Verona, Dane County.

The Ashland pulp-mill is to be rebuilt. About $100,000 is to be invested in the new industry.

The Ripon Fruit Growers' Association this season handled 4,000 less cases than last year.

Officer Lawrence Quinn, of Prairie du Chien, was struck with a pair of brass knuckles by a man who is known, and who will be arrested. Quinn was seriously hurt.

An attempt was made to assault Miss Lottie Baker, a young dressmaker at Appleton. The girl's cries scared her attempted assailant and he took to his heels.

The state veterinarian pronounced the cattle disease near Arcadia to be anthrax, a sort of murrain, a malady not so dangerous as was at first supposed.

George Wells, a Mondovi man, 71 years old, in one day recently pitched upon the wagon twenty-two large loads of oats, and sighed because there was no more to pitch.

The Rev. Father A. P. Rogers, of Florence, narrowly escaped drowning while fording the Brule River. He was swept down the stream several rods, and, luckily, landed in a bit of shallow water.

Low license ($200) was carried in Madison by 458 plurality. The other grades voted for were $350. The high license people were exceptionally lethargic. The vote was very light.

Lieut. Andrus inspected the Appleton national guard, and the newspapers of that city say just what they do in every other town—that the boys showed up better than any company Lieut. Andrus has inspected.

Martha Krueger a domestic in Scott's hotel. Waupaca died under suspicious circumstances. An autopsy was held and a cornoner's jury decided that she came to her death by ether administered by herself or by some one else. It is supposed that the drug was taken to procure abortion. The girl was a German and had been in this country but a year.

IOWA.

Seth Benedict committed suicide at Marshalltown because he was jilted.

Henry Limbeck of Clinton, resisted arrest and was struck by Officer Peter Franzen. Limbeck is not expected to live.

The teamster Henry Limbech, who was clubbed by Officer Franzen, while resisting arrest at Clinton, died. His skull was fractured. Whether Franzen will be held to answer yet remains to be seen.

G. H. Perry, an old and respected citizen of Sibley, dropped dead near his residence recently. He was about sixty-five years old, and leaves a wife and five sons and daughters to mourn his death.

While the agent of the Kansas City road at New Hampton, stepped out of the depot for a few minutes the other afternoon some one broke in the money drawer and departed with over $100. No clue has yet been found.

Two thousand head of cattle were stampeded on one of the principal streets at Emmetsburg while they were passing through the city. After a few hours yelling and punching they were started on their way.

A train on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Road struck a wagon containing John Burbaker and Robert Aylwood, two farm hands, at a crossing near Vinton. Burbaker was killed almost instantly, while Aylwood lived a few hours.

At Clinton, Chris Sears, an old man of that place, was run down and killed by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul switch engine. The engineer saw Sears and supposed he would get off the track, but he is said to have been slightly deaf and did not hear the engine.

An incorporated company has been formed at Dubuque to crush and concentrate the dry bone and black jack taken from the surrounding mines. The shipments of this ore averages 300 tons daily, of which over one-third is refuse. This ore is the basis of zinc. The saving in freight will be very considerable.

In the case of the state vs. John Belgrum, city marshal of Creston, appealed from superior court, the jury disagreed. The case was brought against Belgrum for wilful neglect of duty as a peace officer in not enforcing the prohibition law. There are a number of civil damage suits being prosecuted against liquor sellers and a number of injunction suits are pending.

Several wolves have recently made their home on a little island near the ice harbor near Dubuque. Their depredations on the poultry houses near by became so frequent that a party went out the other morning on a grand wolf hunt. They succeeded in killing only one of the varmints. It is believed there are more of them on the island.

A little child of Ed Steuder, of Cresca, while playing at the barn with matches, set it on fire. The barn, grain, harness, flax and 50 tons of hay were consumed. It was with great difficulty that Mrs. Steuder got the horses out of the barn, and while doing so her clothing caught fire, but as assistance was near she was only slightly burned.

IN THEIR OWN TRAP.

S. V. White & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Forced to Make an Assignment.

An Attempt to Run a Corner in Corn the Cause of the Crash.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The announcement of the assignment and suspension of S. V. White & Co., of New York and Chicago, was made on the stock exchange today. Mr. White says the failure is due to long speculation in corn, and not in stocks. The liabilities of the firm are very large, but only a few hundred shares of stock are outstanding on contract.

The climax of to-day's catastrophe has been approaching culmination for the last two weeks. The news, which has been carefully guarded, leaked out soon after the closing of the stock exchange. An assignment of the assets of the embarrassed firm was then said to have been made, but not recorded.

There were no contracts outstanding on the floor of the stock exchange and no excitement was caused there by the announcement. All the members of the firm were at the office, and when the announcement of the suspension was made E. C. Stedman, as a friend, was authorized to make the following statement:

The cause of the trouble is due wholly to the decline in corn. The house has been heavily long of September and October corn and the immense receipts were too much for it to stand.

The private fortune of S. V. White, so long noted for the success and boldness of his speculative deals, is estimated at $2,000,000.

The failure caused but little excitement at the produce exchange, for the reason that but few of the members were interested in the deal. It is stated that the failure will affect Chicago principally. Price of corn on the produce exchange fell 1¼ cents at the news of the failure.

THE LIABILITIES WILL BE VERY LARGE, but Mr. Stedman says he can give no estimate of the amount as yet. The office of the firm after the announcement of the suspension was crowded with bankers, brokers and reporters, all trying to get some information in regard to the failure. The firm, however, had no formal statement to make to any of them. It was noted that for some days it had been preparing to meet the disaster which was seen to be inevitable when the deliveries of old corn began to pour in, and for some days the firm had declined to take any large deposits. Fears were expressed on many sides that other houses would be involved, but the members of the suspended firm say that no other firm is involved with them.

The members of the New York house are S. V. White and Franklin W. Hopkins. The following illustrates the personal feeling in regard to the failure. It is an expression by one of the firm's friends:

Any one who knows S. V. White knows that he will resume. You can't down him. There is no one in Wall street who does not sympathize with Mr. White. He has helped more men than anybody else on the street. If everybody on the street whom he has helped should give him $500, he would be again a rich man. He has acted in absolute honor, and, I have do doubt, will be all right in the end.

Charles W. Gould is the assignee, and there are no preferences. The assignee was seen in his office this afternoon. When questioned about the affair he said:

All I know is that I was engaged all day in going through the formal acts necessary for me to take charge of the assets of the firm. What these are or what the liabilities are, I have not the faintest idea. I have a force at work already making up the schedules. There is no inclination on my part to conceal the least thing from the public.

This is the third time in his business career in Wall street that Mr. White has been compelled to suspend payments. On the two previous occasions he got on his feet and paid his creditors in full. The grit, the vigor, the fighting qualities of Mr. White, his many friends say, will also bring him out of the present disaster. The failure will not involve any New York or Chicago houses, the concerns which have been executing his orders asserting that they were protected by ample margins against losses.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The simultaneous announcement on the New York stock exchange and the Chicago board of trade of the failure of the long-established, well known and wealthy New York commission firm of S. V. White & Co., with its branch house in Chicago, at the opening of business this morning, overshadowed all other items of news and caused instant demoralization in all of the trading pits, including grains and hog products.

The panic was short-lived, however, and, after a partial recovery, the markets became comparatively steady, though generally at a lower range than that of yesterday, and the pits assumed their normal appearance. Nevertheless the feeling was nervous and the tone weak and traders were a-tiptoe, ready to run at the first sign of danger. Rumor was more or less free with the names of one or two prominent local houses who were known to have executed large commissions for the broken firm; but they proved groundless, for when the clearing house sheet came out at noon it showed no one in default except White & Co.

Corn was the most affected, as it was in an attempt to corner the September and October futures of that cereal that the broken firm was forced to the wall. December what started with sales at a figure between 98⅞c and 99⅛c, against $1.00⅜ at the close yesterday, but, as sales for account of the broken firm were not heavy, the market rallied gradually to 99⅞c, but the feeling was nervous, and, on receipt of a cable saying that the Berlin market was demoralized and 4c lower, broke to 99c; rallied to 99⅞c, broke again to 99c and closed easy at that price.

CORN OPENED TUMULTUOUSLY EXCITED, with sales all the way from 47¼c to 49½c, against 51⅛c at the close yesterday, brokers who had deals with White & Co. making haste to close them out. The offerings were immense, being absorbed chiefly by receivers and shippers; but the market stood well at the reduction under the immense load of offerings, and after a time advanced to 49⅞c. The market fluctuated for some time between 49c and 49½c, then advanced to 49⅞c and closed at 49⅞c. September, in which the main deal was, closed yesterday at 52¼c. It opened to-day at 48½c to 50c, and touched 48⅞c, but closed at 49⅞c.

Physicians and Surgeons.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The second triennial meeting of American physicians and surgeons began here to-day and will continue until Friday evening. The congress is composed of members of the following national medical societies:

American Ophthalmological society, American Otological society, American Neurological association, American Gynecological society, American Dermatological association, American Laryngological association, American Surgical association, American Clymatological society, Association of American Physicians, American Association of Andrology and Syphilology, American Orthopedic association, American Physicological society, Association of American Anatomists, American Pediatric society.

A Jail Breaker's Confession.

CINCINNATI, Special—Prisoner Anderson, who has been confined at the jail on a charge of burglary, to-day made a confession in the presence of the sheriff and prosecutor, implicating all who were concerned in his escape from jail one Sunday morning some weeks ago. The statement says that at the instance of Mrs. Anderson, Hadden, who had been employed as his attorney, planned to liberate Anderson, and was paid $20 to get keys. These failed, and then Watchman Tucker was paid $200 to let Anderson out. The above mentioned are the only persons involved.

Fire Among Printers.

CHICAGO, Special 1:45 a. m.—At about 1:20 this morning an alarm of fire was turned in for a blaze in the rear of the building at 174 Monroe street, occupied by Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, the W. J. Jefferson Printing company and other firms. At 1:30 a 4-11 alarm was sounded and the fire had spread from the basement to the roof. Jameson & Moore, printers; Bloomgren Bros. & Co., electrotype founders, were the other occupants of the building. At 2:05 a. m., the fire is under control, but it is impossible to give an accurate estimate of the loss to-night. They will probably be over $50,000.

Went to Death Together.

WOODLAND, Cal., Special—The lifeless bodies of Miss May Adams and J. W. Montgomery were discovered this morning lying in the rear yard of a small unoccupied residence. A vial labeled "poison" and a revolver were found beside them. Investigation showed that Montgomery shot Miss Adams in the left temple, and then fired a shot through his own brain. The supposition is that the murder and suicide is the result of a refusal on the part of the lady's parents to permit their marriage.

Col. King Must Pay the Penalty.

MEMPHIS, Special—Judge Dubois, in the criminal court, this morning overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Col. H. Clay King for the murder of David H. Posten in this city on March 10, 1891, and sentenced him to be hanged Nov. 6.

RATHER COSTLY.

The Government Will Refund Several Millions of Excess Duties.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The conference between treasury officials and the attorneys representing importers of embroideries used as hat trimmings was concluded today.

It is understood that the government will refund the excess of duty, amounting to about $8,000,000, collected on importations of the character referred to, coming within the purview of the decision of the United States supreme court and which had reference to ribbon chiefly or exclusively used as hat trimmings. The articles embraced in the suit at Philadelphia, in which the government secured a verdict favorable to it, are excluded from this arrangement, as not being hat trimmings within the meaning of the supreme court decision in the cases above mentioned.

Secretary Foster to-day sent a letter to the collector of customs at New York revoking the instructions of Dec. 29, 1890, suspending the reliquidation of protested articles claimed to be hat trimmings.

BECAUSE JILTED.

A Cast-Off Lover Kills the Girl and Then Takes His Own Life.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 23. — Michael Karofa, a Hungarian machinist from Girard, Pa., aged twenty-three years, to-night murdered Katie Robaly, aged twenty, and then committed suicide. The tragedy occurred at 28 Hill street, this city, where the girl lived with her aunt. The couple had been lovers in Hungary, and had been engaged to be married.

Recently the girl gave her heart to another man and was to have been married next Monday. Karofa came to Cleveland Sunday. For two days he tried to induce the girl to marry him. She refused all his overtures, and becoming desperate he procured a bull dog revolver and went to the house. The girl was shot at once, dying instantly. Karofa fired three bullets into his body and lived half an hour.

WORKED A CLEVER GAME.

How a Couple Got Money Out of a Brooklyn Man.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Aug. 27 Samuel W. Thornton, a Brooklyn baker, and Miss Eva Jewell, his sister-in-law, went bathing at Coney Island, and were never seen after entering the surf. Their clothing was found and it was supposed they were washed out to sea and drowned.

Yesterday a couple appeared at Jacksonville, Fla., who claimed to be the missing people, saying that they had been carried out to sea on a log, had been picked up by a Spanish vessel, transferred to another vessel and landed near that place. They telegraphed to Thornton's brother for money, which was sent them. To-day a special from Jacksonville says the couple are frauds and that they came to Jacksonville by train Sunday night. They got the money sent by Thornton's family and have left. Officers are in pursuit.

JEALOUSY AND DRINK.

These Lead a Chicago Man to Commit Murder and Suicide.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Crazed with jealousy and drink Oscar Gundeman, a laborer, today at his home on the North side blew out his wife's brains with a revolver and then ended his own life in the same manner.

The couple had been living together unhappily for some time. Because of the husband's cruelty, Mrs. Gundeman had had him arrested and held in bonds to keep the peace. This, it is thought, was the cause of the tragedy.

BLAINE WILL DECLINE.

Once More This Statement Is Made "On the Best of Authority."

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The Mail and Express prints this special from Washington:

James G. Blaine will soon after the first of the new year notify his friends who are now urging his nomination for the presidency that under no circumstances could he accept such an honor and that he is for the renomination and election of Benjamin Harrison. This information is given the Mail and Express on the authority of a man whose name is national and whose position as a friend of Mr. Harrison and of Mr. Blaine is unquestioned. He is the man who has charge of the Northwest for the president and who has the fullest confidence of both the interested parties.

The situation as here given has been known to the president for some time, and Mr. Blaine postpones his notification for good and sufficient reasons best known to himself. He expects to return to Washington in October, and his health has so much improved that he will get to work at once, as there are a number of important matters which require his personal attention.

There have been rumors galore as to what Mr. Blaine intends to do in response to the clamor for his accepting a nomination, but this is the first positive statement that in January he will announce in no uncertain terms that he can't be a candidate.

Opposition to Star.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Republican convention of Lawrence county assembled here to day, nominated W. H. Harland for county commissioner and recommended the nomination of Sol Star as the Republican nominee of the state convention for congress. Many of the precincts refused to elect delegates, understanding that the convention was fixed for Star. Mr. Star is the old machine candidate, and his defeat, if nominated, is freely predicted. The Independents, in convention here to-day, nominated Dan Tomney, a Democrat, for county commissioner, and chose delegates to the state convention.

An Explanation in Order.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 23.—A sensation was caused here to-day by H. W. Huntington & Co., bankers, taking cognovit judgment for $4,000 against Gov. Campbell. The governor hustled around and settled the matter, and soon afterward telephoned Judge Pugh not to give it to newspapers. But he was too late. In this connection it was developed that the indebtedness was in the form of a note and Warden Dyer was the surety. This securing a business favor from one to whom the governor gave an official political position is a sensational matter.

Found Floating in the River.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—A party of lumbermen to-day found the dead body of a Swede mechanic named Peter Beckman in Dead river. Beckman disappeared from this city three days ago and a large reward was offered for information of his whereabouts. It is believed to be a case of suicide.

Appointment Rumors.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—These are days of appointment rumors, but it is now apparently settled that John M. Butler of Indianapolis will succeed Cooley, and Representative Clements of Georgia will succeed the late Commissioner Bragg on the interstate commerce commission. The same authority places Attorney General Miller on the circuit bench in his district.

Houston County's Fair Opened.

CALEDONIA, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Houston county fair opened to-day, with beautiful weather and a large attendance.

Albertson in Custody.

MARSFIELD, Or., Special— Edward Albertson, the defaulting secretary of the Fidelity Trust company of Tacoma and Fred Chandler, his accomplice, were arrested last night four miles below Gardiner, Or. The men were surprised by officers and ordered to throw up their hands. Chandler slowly complied. Albertson reached for his revolver, but one of the officers shot him before he could draw it. The shot took effect in Albertson's arm, inflicting a flesh wound. The two men then surrendered and were taken to Gardiner. Chandler talks freely, and exonerates all others except himself and Albertson from complicity in the robbery, but will not give the details leading up to the robbery of the bank.

What the Alliance Wants.

WASHINGTON, Special— At the Farmers' Alliance headquarters in this city it is stated that the Alliance will have fifty-five men in the next house who will vote with it on all measures that it may see fit to bring forward. In the senate the party claims four senators—Peffer, Kyle, Irby and Vance. At the next session a subtreasury bill and a land loan bill embodying the same principle as those before the last congress will be introduced into both houses and pushed to a vote. The Alliance will also demand a free coinage bill.

Montana's Population.

WASHINGTON, Special—Hon. Robert B. Porter, superintendent of census, has written a letter to the secretary of the interior officially informing him that the census office to-day completed the adjustment of the population for Montana by minor civil divisions. This completes the census of the United States by minor civil divisions. Most of the state bulletins have already been printed.

Over Two Thousand Lives Lost.

MADRID, Specal—The number of people who perished in the floods in the province of Toledo is now placed at 2,300, and the number of lives lost in other localities at 500. In addition, many were injured. It is estimated that the total less from the floods, including the destruction of crops, damage to property, the railways' loss of traffic, etc., will amount to little short of £1,000,000.

AND SOME GOT LEFT

Thousands of Boomers and Sooners Flock Into the New Addition to Oklahoma.

Too Many People and Not Enough Land Makes It Rough on Some.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Sept. 23.—The settlement of the newly ceded portion of Oklahoma was made to-day in a more peaceful manner than any one anticipated.

Some shooting is reported and two negroes are said to have been killed by cowboys, but no such fighting occurred as was thought, and naturally, that there would be.

Simultaneous with the arrival of noon, the home seekers gathered on the border made a headlong rush over the line into the coveted country and on to the quarter sections upon which their eyes had been feasting, some for days and others for weeks and months.

The rush was a mad one, and was made so by the fact that the number of home seekers greatly exceeded the number of quarter sections available for settlement. "First there, first served," was the motto of every racer. There was room in the lands for about 5,000 settlers, allowing 160 acres for each. There were on the border waiting to claim the available land fully 15,000 people, so that there were three persons for each section.

The craze to become the owner of a part of the new lands caused a strange commingling of various elements of society. There was the cowboy and the more effeminate counter clerk, the gambler and the preacher, the bona fide settler and the speculator, the bootlegger and the frontier missionaries, the business man and the tramp, the man who had left his country for his country's good and the man who was an honor to his locality, the man in his carriage and the man in his prairie schooner, the equestrian and the pedestrian on the border before the hour of noon—and all intent on one object—the securing of a piece of land. To-morrow the various elements will arrange themselves in their classes again. To-day they were all of one class—land seekers.

A half-hour's diligent work would have sufficed to prepore the most elaborately equipped boomer for the race into the new country, but preparations were begun long before the hour of noon. Horses were hitched, wheels were greased, saddlegirths cinched, and everything made snug as early as 10 o'clock, so anxious was every one to be in readiness to move at the time appointed.

NOW THEY'RE OFF.

When the noon hour arrived all the pent up excitement found vent in the firing of revolvers and rifles, shouting and singing and cracking of whips and furious driving and running. The horsemen, of course, had the advantage over every other man in the race and most of the racers were horsemen. The man who had proceeded to the border in a prairie schooner with his family, left his schooner, family, and one horse on the border and became a horseman. After filing his claim he will return and direct his possessions to his new home. Men who came here with nothing but money purchased saddle horses, ponies, mules, or any kind of an animal that would carry a man, while others rented them.

Some of the more desperate cowboys mounted steers, and the latter joining in the stampede carried their riders to the interior, while others were unceremoniously unhorsed, or unsteered, not far from the border. The boomers had gathered for the race mostly at Tohee, on the Iowa border directly east of Guthrie, Langston, at the middle of the northern Iowa border, the inside boundary of the Kickapoo reservation (which was not included in the opened lands), and at a point on the Pottawatomie border, directly east of Purcell. The most desirable of the lands is situated in the Iowa and Sac and Fox reservations and the greater number of boomers naturally congregated around them. The boomers were distributed among the various starting points about as follows: At Tohee, 3,000; Langston, 1,500 negroes and 500 whites; on the Kickapoo border 8,000 and on the Pottawatomie border 2,000. The allotments to the Pottawatomie Indians nearly exhausted the lands in their reservation, so that the homeseekers had little chance of locating a claim there.

NEGROES AND COWBOYS.

At Langston negroes had been gathered by the Negro Colonization society to the number of 1,500, and they were to move en masse into the Cimarron valley, a most fertile region, and locate in a bunch. Five hundred cowboys also had their eyes on that section, and each party had made all sorts of threats of taking the land by force. A force of deputy marshals and deputy sheriffs under the sheriff of this county had been dispatched there to preserve order, and it is believed that they will be able to maintain peace.

The government supervision of the opening of the lands seems to have been sadly deficient. The entire government force was composed of two companies of United States troops, or 200 men, under Captains Hayes and Styles, and the forces of three United States marshals numbering about 250 men. In some places there were ten and fifteen men to a mile, while at others there were stretches of five and ten miles entirely unguarded. Under these conditions it might have been expected that numbers of boomers would enter before the appointed time, and they did.

"SOONERS" PLAY A TRICK.

Two miles north of Tohee about 200 boomers had gathered in a secluded spot, knowing that the government's force would be massed at the border town. They had all set their watches three hours ahead last night so that their testimony would agree as to the time, if ever their claims were contested on the ground of their being "sooners." At 9 o'clock, therefore, their watches all indicated the noon hour, and they rushed over the border and began the race for choice sections of land. The "sooners" at other unguarded portions of the border were also very numerous, and it is estimated from all reports that the number of settlers who entered the land before the legal time was fully 3,000.

THE SCENE AT THE LAND OFFICE was a lively one. About 250 old soldiers armed with declaratory statements have been in line before the office door for four days past. Some have slept in chairs, some on the ground, and some hardly at all. Their meals were brought to them by their wives, children or friends.

The first man in the line was John Diamond. When noon arrived he handed his papers to Receiver Barber to make the necessary examination of them. The papers were then passed up to Mr. Wallace, chief of the land office. Mr. Diamond passed to the next window and handed in his $14 and was handed a receipt for the same. On passing out of the land office he was met by his family and congratulated.

Got Tired of Staying in Jail.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Sept. 23.—Two prisoners, William Johnson of Groton, bound over for assault, and Samuel Smith of Walworth county, serving a term for rape on a fourteen-year-old girl, broke from the jail last night and are now at large, with the sheriff in hot pursuit. They cut a hole in the jail floor.

Held on the Charge of Murder.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 23.—William A. Higgins was held in the criminal court to-day on the charge of murder, for causing the death of "Aunt Tillie" Hunter, an aged negress, by setting her clothes on fire with a lighted match in a saloon on Saturday night, Sept. 12.

A SHORT SESSION.

The Fergus Falls United States Court Fall Term Lasts Half a Day.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The fall term of the United States circuit and district court in this city opened this morning, Judge Alfred D. Thomas of North Dakota presiding. Judge Thomas has been appointed to hold the remaining terms of the United States courts in Minnesota outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis during the remainder of 1891. The following officials were present:

United States District Attorney Eugene Hay; United States Marshal J. C. Donahower; William A. Spencer, clerk of the United States district court, and Oscar B. Hillis, clerk of the United States circuit court.

The following petit jury was paneled:

A.D. Palmer of Lakefield, T. F. Leonard of Austin, E. H. Pickett of Albert Lea, Charles Locke of St. James, William Bandler of Austin, E. G. Miller of Mantorville, A. Coleman of Dodge Center, Daniel Anderson of Cambridge, George L. Rathburn of Burns, W. D. Seeley of Windom, Henry Koehnlein of Parker's Prairie, E. Z. Rasey of St. James, H. Thompson of Grove City, J. J. Ide of Crookston and Joseph Yates of New York Mills.

No grand jury was summoned at this term. The only criminal case brought up was that of Joseph E. Lindberg of Rose Lake, Kittson county, charged with cutting spruce trees owned by the United States. He pleaded guilty and was fined $30, which he paid.

A telegram from A. S. Crossfield announced that the case of Hubbell vs. Becker & Chadbourne of Brown's Valley had been referred by stipulation. There being no further business court adjourned at noon.

Granted Patents.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—Patents granted to Northwestern inventors:

Minnesota—P. F. Baker, Minneapolis, verticle boiler; William N. Bauman, Minneapolis, curling iron heater; Frank M. Farwell, Minneapolis, electric coupling; Henry M. Ernoer, Minneapolis, assignor to Eureka Car Coupler company, Waterloo, Iowa, car coupling; John King, Minneapolis, combined curb and gutter; Rudolph C. Kerueschke, Duluth, electric show case alarm.

South Dakota—Edwin J. Tracey, Sioux Falls, folding rack.

Wisconsin—Andreas Borch, Prairie du Chien, and Frederick Bosch, Merrill, pruning implement; Joseph Fichtner, assignor of one-half to L. R. Lorenz, Milwaukee, game apparatus; William Kootz, assignor to Gem Hammock Fly Net company, horse fly net; John Mager, Milwaukee, device for sulphuring casks; Hannah M. Pierce, Manitowoc, stand for fire irons; John Bratsch, assignor of one-half to F. S. Ideson, Oshkosh, dust collector.

Paid Nature's Reckoning.

MANDAN N. D. Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—To-day John Scott Mann, a cousin of President Harrison's father-in-law, died. Mann was an old settler here and eighty years old. He took up a claim years ago where most of the city of Minneapolis now stands, and the land he once owned is now worth millions. He moved to Fargo and owned land there, but left it before the boom. He died on his farm two miles south of Mandon.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Special, Sept. 22.—John F. Grimm, one of the leading citizens of Rochester, died at his home in this city this morning. For some time he has been suffering from cancer of the stomach and underwent two operations for its removal, but without avail. The funeral will occur to-morrow.

HASTINGS, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—Mrs. David Downing, an early resident of Denmark, died last night after a protracted illness. She leaves a husband. Her age was sixty-four.

Natural Gas at New Ulm.

NEW ULM, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—It is thought that a strong vein of natural gas has been struck on the farm of Joseph Weige, just on the edge of town. Richartz & Faas were engaged in sinking a deep well there yesterday, and at a depth of 170 feet a strong odor escaped from the pipe, and when a light was brought over the top of the pipe the flame blazed up for six or seven feet, and continued burning until smothered. A cap was then placed on the pipe, and an investigation will be made. Twenty feet of water stood in the pipe at the time, but the gas bubbled up through this and exerted a pressure of from twenty-five to thirty pounds to the square inch on the cap. A rivet placed in the cap was thrown thirty feet in the air.

Endorsed by Iowa Methodist.

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The busiest session in the history of the Methodist Episcopal Northwest annual conference closed here to-day. Cherokee was selected as the place of meeting for next year. Resolutions were passed commending the efforts to close the Columbian exposition on Sunday, endorsing the movement looking toward no Sunday work for railway men, endorsing the prohibitory policy of the state, deprecating the use of tobacco and favoring the disciplining of members of the conference who used it, and commending the organization of the Mutual Insurance company among the members of the conference. The conference was extended to the University of the Northwest at Sioux City and Wilmot Whitfield elected chancellor.

Pensions Granted.

Minnesota—Original: Harlow McIntire, Frank Shaw, G. H. Dillaber, Dwight R. Houlton, Robert Ray. Increase: Riley H. Martin, Lansing Woodworth, Cyrus Lovett, Henry Bruer, Ole Paulson, Charles F. Stark, Abram Plumer, Harrison Lamson. Original widows, etc.: Permelia Harvey (mother), Mary Hockenbrey, Agatha Zimmerman, Adaline Hendrikson, Maria A. Postell, Annie Hand, Christian Singla.

North Dakota—Original: Emmons J. Heath, Levi J. Albred, William Dewalt. Increase: Jerome C. Thompson, Edgar Tibbitts, Peter Peterson.

South Dakota—Original: Harvey E. Landers, Franklin J. Burnett, Patrick Casey, Dudley L. Chase. Original widows: Augusta Pleshotka, Mary A. Woodward.

Three More Trains.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Special Telegram, Sept. 23.—The Minneapolis & St. Louis will make an important addition to its train service through Northfield and Southern Minnesota by putting on three more trains per day. One will be a passenger to run south in the forenoon, and the other two will be freights. This will give the road four trains per day, a only one is running at present. The company has long been importuned to add more trains, but up to the present time has ignored the requests, and in consequence nearly all business has gone over to the Milwaukee.

Bound by Matrimony's Chains.

HASTINGS, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—One of the notable events of the week was the marriage this evening of David L. Thompson of this city and Miss Jennie Kingston of Marshan at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Paul Kingston, at 6 o'clock. Rev. Edward Moyses officiated. The pair left on the 8:45 train upon a wedding trip to Chicago.

Pearl Seekers Dredging Lake Pepin.

RED WING, Minn., Special, Sept. 23.—Divers are at work near the shores of Lake Pepin, bringing up clams for pearl seekers, who have become imbued with the idea that pearls are hidden there the same as in other lakes. Large quantities of clams have been brought up and opened, but so far the pearl finds have not been extensive.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A cable from San Salvador says the reports about the assassination of President Bogran of Honduras are utterly false.

The pope is organizing an international congress to be teld at Fribourg in 1892, to arrange an European Catholic democratic union.

The national convention of the cigarmakers' union opened in Indianapolis yesterday. The president reviewed the progress of the union during the past two years.

It is stated that the king of Roumania, upset by the queen's illness and court intrigues, has imparted to the Roumanian premier and others his desire to abdicate the throne.

Dr. Francis A. Schlitz, a wealthy practitioner in Brooklyn, is missing. He is believed to have eloped with a twenty-three-year-old girl servant in his family, who has also disappeared.

In the Canadian house of commons to-day a motion will be made to impeach Postmaster General Haggart in connection with acts in the construction of the Canadian Pacific railway.

F. W. Dunlap, a deputy delinquent mercantile tax appraiser of Philadelphia, pleaded guilty to conspiracy to defraud the city yesterday and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Delicious.

BISCUIT. MUFFINS, WAFFLES. CORN BREAD. GRIDDLE CAKES.

DUMPLINGS, POT PIES. PUDDINGS, CAKES, DOUGHNUTS.

Can always be made with Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. And while cakes and biscuit will retain their moisture, they will be found flaky and extremely light and fine grained, not coarse and full of holes as are the biscuit made from ammonia baking powder. Price's Cream Baking Powder produces work that is beyond comparison and yet costs no more than the adulterated ammonia or alum powders. Dr. Price's stands for pure food and good health.

NIAGARA STOPPED FLOWING.

The Water Froze and the Falls Were Dry for a Short Time.

It seems almost incredible, says the Toronto Globe, that at one time in its history the greatest and most wonderful waterfall in the world actually ran dry. Nevertheless, it is an established fact that occurred on March 29, 1848, and for a few hours scarcely any water passed over Niagara Falls. The winter of that year had been an exceptionally severe one, and ice of unusual thickness had formed on Lake Erie. The warm spring rains loosened this congealed mass, and on the day in question a brisk east wind drove the ice far into the lake. About sunset the wind suddenly veered round, and blew a heavy gale from the west. This naturally turned the ice in its course, and, bringing it down to the mouth of the Niagara River, piled it up in a solid, impenetrable wall.

So closely was it packed and so great was it in force that in a short time the outlet to the lake was completely choked up, and little or no water could possible escape. In a short space of time the water below this frozen barrier passed over the falls, and the next morning the people living in the neighborhood were treated to a most extraordinary spectacle. The roaring tumbling rapids above the falls were almost obliterated, and nothing but the cold, black rocks were visible in all directions. The news quickly spread and crowds of spectators flocked to view the scene, the banks on each side of the river being lined with people during the whole day. At last there was a break in the ice it was released from its restraint, the pent-up wall of water rushed downward, and Niagara was itself again.

The man born in a cabin may some day name a cabinet.

The key to the political situation in many States—whis-key.



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Two doctors of an Eastern town,
To learning much inclined,
Were called to see a gentleman,
Whose health was undermined.
The first one used his stethoscope
Upon his patient meek.
"I find," quoth he, "one lung is gone,
You cannot live a week."
To this the other wise M. D.
Vehemently objected.
"I see," quoth he, "as all may see,
Your kidneys are affected."
These wise men argued loud and long,
Yet the patient owes recovery
(Not to those doctors, but to—
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery).

There are some patent medicines that are more marvelous than a dozen doctors' prescriptions, but they're not those that profess to cure *everything*.

Everybody, now and then, feels "rundown," "played out." They've the will, but no power to generate vitality. They're not sick enough to call a doctor, but just too sick to be well. That's where the right kind of a patent medicine comes in, and does for a dollar what the doctor wouldn't do for less than five or ten.

We put in our claim for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

We claim it to be an unequaled remedy to purify the blood and invigorate the whole system.

It's the *cheapest* blood-purifier, sold through druggists, no matter how many doses are offered for a dollar.

Why? Because it's sold on a *peculiar plan*, and you only pay for *the good* you get.

Can you ask more?

EVERY MOTHER

Should Have It in The House.

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love to take JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cramps and Pains. Relieves all Summer Complaints, Cuts and Bruises like magic. Sold everywhere. Price 35c. by mail; 6 bottles Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

"German Syrup"

Croup. We have selected two or three lines from letters freshly received from parents who have given German Syrup to their children in the emergencies of Croup. You will credit these, because they come from good, substantial people, happy in finding what so many families lack—a medicine containing no evil drug, which mother can administer with confidence to the little ones in their most critical hours, safe and sure that it will carry them through.

ED. L. WILLITS, of Alma. Neb. I give it to my children when troubled with Croup and never saw any preparation act like it. It is simply miraculous.

MRS. JAS. W. KIRK, Daughters' College, Harrodsburg, Ky. I have depended upon it in attacks of Croup with my little daughter, and find it an invaluable remedy.

Fully one-half of our customers are mothers who use Boschee's German Syrup among their children. A medicine to be successful with the little folks must be a treatment for the sudden and terrible foes of childhood, whooping cough, croup, diphtheria and the dangerous inflammations of delicate throats and lungs. ⓔ

"A Land That Flows With Milk and Honey."

PORTLAND, OREGON,

The Great Western Railway Terminus!

The Great Pacific Seaport City!

Real Estate is the Basis of all Wealth.

AN INVESTMENT THAT WILL NET

20% to 30%

99 per cent. of those investing in Real Estate make money. 87 per cent. of those investing in Business lose money.

A commercial center is the safest place to invest in real estate, especially when such place is a great railway center; has good river transportation and large foreign and domestic shipping. Portland is that place.

Portland, Oregon, is now pre-eminently the commercial center of the Pacific Northwest. No other city in the United States is so well situated in respect to natural resources as is Portland, and it leads all other cities west of the Mississippi River in its phenomenal growth in population. Located at the confluence of two great rivers, and being the terminus of more transcontinental railways than any other city in the United States. In fact, every advantage which insures the solid growth and prosperity of a city is abundantly enjoyed by Portland.

These Advantages Guarantee Constantly increasing Values in Real Estate.

THE TAWOOD REAL ESTATE COMPANY
PORTLAND, OREGON,

Has the best plan for investors yet devised. You never read anything more explicit and simple. It is absolutely safe, and cannot fail to be profitable to all who invest.

CAPITAL $300,000. 6,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

SHARES FOR SALE AT PAR VALUE, $50.00 PER SHARE. FULL PAID NON-ASSESSABLE.

We will not sell a share of stock at less than par value ($50 per share), as the Company's capital stock is not inflated or watered, but every dollar of its capital is backed by Solid Real Estate investment.

A FAIR OFFER.

If you own stock, and at any time wish to surrender it, this company will take its own stock at $1.40 on the dollar and pay you in Real Estate at the price at which the company is selling lots to other parties.

Write for Prospectus giving full explanation of the company's plan and all information regarding how stock is paid, or &c.

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A SUDDEN SHOWER.

Barefooted boys scud up the street,
Or scurry under sheltering sheds;
And schoolgirl faces pale and sweet,
Gleam from shawls about their heads.
Doors bang; and mother voices call
From alien homes; and rusty gates
Are slammed, and high above it all
The thunder grim reverberates.
And then abrupt, the rain, the rain!
The earth lies gasping; and the eyes
Behind the streaming window panes
Smile at the trouble of the skies.
The highway smokes; sharp echoes ring;
The cattle bawls and cowbells clank;
And into town comes galloping
The farmer's horse with steaming flank.
The swallow dips beneath the eaves,
And flirts his plumes and folds his wings;
And under the cataba leaves
The caterpillar curls and clings.
The bumblebee is pelted down
The wet stem of the hollyhock;
And sullenly in spattered brown
The cricket leaps the garden walk.
Within the baby claps his hands
And crows with rapture strange and vague;
Without, beneath the rosebush stands
A dripping rooster on one leg.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

CHASED BY A LION.

HERBERT Russell, in the last number of Cassell's Family Magazine, tells the Champion lion story. A lion had escaped from a menagerie and was lurking near Aldershot camp. Two officers were out riding when they came upon the lion:

The camp was about two miles away. There was a sort of foreign wildness in the aspect of the little pass into which we were entering. The soil was of fine yellow sand; not smooth or level, but broken up into a succession of billowy ridges, with here and there an abrupt hillock rising tall enough to impede the view. We were riding with our horses neck to neck. I had just lighted a cigar and was following with some interest an account which Captain Angus was giving me of an exploit in the hunting field, which the reader perhaps would scarcely thank me to recount. Suddenly he stopped dead, and at the same moment reined his horse in with such vehemence that the creature reared right up on his hind legs with a loud and long-drawn neigh. Wondering at the reason of this abrupt arrest, I checked my own mare and came to a standstill beside my companion.

"What is the matter, Angus?" I inquired.

For answer he did not speak a word, but slowly raising his arm and extending it from his shoulder, the forefinger pointing nearly straight ahead of us, he brought his eyes to my face, and remained in that posture watching my countenance as I perceived the object he was indicating. And what was it that I saw? Following the direction of his raised arm I discovered upon the summit of one of the little hillocks about 200 yards away, standing motionless as a statue, its form blending with the yellow color of the sand, the figure of a great shaggy lion! The creature stood stock-still, its tail alone whisking slowly from side to side, intently surveying us. For our part we sat equally motionless in our saddles. Angus with his arm extended and his eyes fixed upon my face, as though he had become transfixed in that posture, and I in the posture of astonished regard into which I had fallen on first perceiving the lion.

Suddenly my horse grew restive; it fretted and neighed, and commenced to curvet and paw the ground as though alarmed. My friend's horse likewise evinced the same signs of apprehension. I kept my eyes as steadily upon the line as Angus did his upon me. The creature, with stealthy catlike bounds, commenced advancing very slowly towards us, pausing at about every three steps it made to rear its head and stand staring at us, then continuing its sneaking advance along the ridge of the hillock upon which we had first discovered it.

I withdrew my fixed stare to turn in my saddle and look around me. My movement seemed to break the kind of spell under which Angus sat; his arm sank slowly to his side, and his eyes rolled from my face to the figure of the lion. To right and left the sides of the valley shut in the view. In front stood the lion; behind the defile in which we were broadened out until it became little more than a mere undulation in the broad wild plain through which it ran. As I slowly swept the sandy track in our rear, I suddenly observed a man on horseback emerge into the open, moving leisurely along at about the distance of a mile or so away, and gazing intently made him out to be a cavalry soldier; probably a mounted orderly sent for the camp on dispatch business.

"We must bolt," said Captain Angus at my elbow; "that lion means mischief by the manner in which it is advancing toward us; and mark you how restive the horses are. Their instinct is keener than ours; they can scent danger in the air. The instant we move to fly, depend upon it the lion will start in chase, and our only chance will lie in out-running him, for unarmed as we are, what could we do to defend ourselves against such a brute?"

"Look you, Angus; yonder is a mounted orderly riding across the country. You have good eyes; see what you make of him."

Captain Angus shaded his sight with his hand and stared toward the retreating figure.

"It is a Lancer trooper," he said presently. "I can see the plumes in his head-dress and I can also see the pennon fluttering from his lance."

"He is armed, then?"

"He is carrying his lance," replied the Captain.

"Good!" I cried. "Now, if we can reach that soldier before the lion catches us, we shall be all right. It will not take him long to touch the heart of the brute with the keen steel head of his spear. Fortunately we have not been working our horses hard, but they must go now if ever they did for their very lives. Are you ready?"

"Yes," said he, drawing his hat on firmly and planting himself square upon the saddle. "Come now!"

We turned our horses about, and with shouts and slaps gave them rein. The intelligent creatures, as though conscious of their danger, started off like frightened deer along the sandy valley. I let the newly lighted cigar drop from my mouth, and setting my knees firm against the sleek sides of the mare, grasped the reins with a grip of steel. A low sullen roar reached my ears, and turning for an instant to glance over my shoulder I caught a glimpse of the lion flying after us in pursuit, its lithe form bounding like a flash of light from ridge to ridge, and its whole shape a meer fleeting vision of flowing mane, flashing eyes and distended jaws.

"Hey-on! Hey-up!" It was like a dead heat with the order of the hunt reversed. The horses' hoofs thundered over the sand, raising a smoke-like column of dust as they swept with the velocity of the wind toward the figure of the soldier, every instant growing more defined. My cap flew off; I tried to catch it, but it whirled away astern like a bit of chaff. Our speed was prodigious. I felt my horse tremble beneath me, and the steam rose from its reeking hide in a warm mist. I lay forward to whisper in her ear, although, breathless as I was, I rather hissed than spoke the syllables of encouragement which came from my lips. My companion and I kept our stations abreast of each other with wonderful precision. We occasionally exchanged a few hurried words, but it was no time for talking; the whirl and tumult, and above all the sense of danger, were too great for coherence and almost for articulation.

Five minutes passed, although so much of sensation was packed into them that the time might well have been an hour. Once I turned again to see whether we still maintained our station ahead of the lion, and perceived that the creature was slowly but visibly gaining on us. Yet the speed of our horses was prodigious. I could feel the heart of my mare beating with a violence that sent a thrill through her whole frame to each throb of it, but she kept bravely on with no sign of flagging. Whether the soldier had perceived us or not as yet it was impossible to say; but even if he had done so, there could be nothing in the sight of two officers galloping through Long Valley to excite his curiosity. Such a spectacle would be as common to him as the sight of his own blue tunic. I could now clearly make him out, even to the glitter of his accoutrements. He was heading traversely away from us, his horse going at a moderate trot. Several times we united our voices in a shout, but he was apparently still too distant for our confused hallos to reach him, for he kept steadily on.

Presently, however, I saw him turn his head in our direction. I raised my arm and flourished it wildly, hoarsely calling to Angus to do the same. He snatched off his hat, which still adhered to his head, and waved it violently. The soldier continued looking our way, growing plainer to the view even as he did so; then apparently noticing our gestures and interpreting them into signals, he drew rein and brought his horse to a standstill. Now that he had stopped we swept down upon him like a whirlwind. As we approached we alternately shouted and pointed behind us, but he apparently made nothing of these signs—as indeed, what suspicion should he have of the real motive of our headlong flight toward him? Suddenly, however, he rose in his saddle, and I saw him hastily release his lance from the sling which confined it to his arm, and lower the long, glittering weapon down to the trail. I then knew that he had caught sight of the lion, and remember amid all the hurry and tumult of my thoughts at that moment admiring the prompt presence of mind of the fellow, staggered as he must have been by the unexpected apparition of our wild and fierce pursuer.

Then what followed took place, as it seemed to me, all in a breath. Ourselves panting like a hare in its final spurt, and our horses reeking and spent, we darted past the figure of the soldier, crouching with his spear pointed low, and came to a standstill, wheeling round to see what would now happen. The trooper's horse reared up on its hind legs till it seemed as though the man must slide from off the saddle. In a flash the lion was upon the creature, leaping upward at its throat at the very moment that the soldier, like St. George slaying the dragon, plunged his lance with all his might into the quivering yellow body of the beast. The creature gave a loud deep roar, and a moment after the trio of man, horse and lion rolled over into the dust with a dull, dead thud. Captain Angus vaulted clean out of his saddle, and in an instant gained the side of the struggling group. The lion was doubtlessly badly wounded, but it was tearing the shoulders of the horse cruelly with its claws, and the soldier, who lay pinned to the ground by the weight of the animal's carcass, was in danger of being mutilated by the ferocious brute. The pole of the lance stuck out from its side, buried high as its pennon in the flesh. With the rapidity of thought my companion seized this, and withdrew it, the lion giving a prodigious howl of pain as he did so. Then stepping back a few paces and gripping the spear with both hands, the captain poised it for an instant, and rushed full tilt at the prostrate creature, plunging the gore-stained head of the lance into the body with such force that I looked to see the barbed point appear on the other side. The lion sprang into the air, doubling itself nearly up in the rigor that ran through its frame, then fell with a flop upon the sand, tumbling over on its side with the lance sticking straight up into the air, as though it pinned it to the earth. A few silent struggles convulsed its form, and then it stiffened out, with its jaws distended, its eyes lolling out, its tail rigid as a spike—dead as a nail!

I dismounted and hastened to assist Angus in raising the fallen soldier. Badly lacerated as the horse was by the terrible claws of the lion, it yet made shift to stagger to its feet when we laid hold of its bridle and encouraged it to rise. The man was confused and stunned by his fall, and made no effort to move when we accosted him. However, after a few moments he sat up, supporting himself on his elbows, and looking with a bewildered air at the dead lion. Then when, by our aid, he got upon his feet, he found that he could stand, though his knees trembled like those of a man in a fit. His helmet had been crushed and his tunic split, while his nose seemed to be bleeding a little, but beyond the confusion of his fall he had sustained no other apparent injury.

"How do you feel?" asked my companion. "Any bones broken?"

The man in a dazed manner said he did not know.

"Here sit down for a while on this mound. You will feel better directly. It is your horse which has suffered most."

The soldier seated himself upon a little sand-bank, while Angus and I proceeded to view the dead lion. He was a huge, massive creature, and scarcely measured less than eight feet from the tip of its snout to the beginning of its tail. Its distended jaws disclosed a double row of great gleaming grinders, while its claws, thrust out between its velvety feet, were as keen and nearly as long as the blade of a dagger.

"A formidable beast," said I, meditatively, walking slowly around it.

"Ay," replied my friend; "we have need to feel grateful to the Lancer. But for him we should have been run to earth by the brute. Yet it must have been very badly put to it to chase a couple of men on horseback. I should never have believed it."

In a little while the soldier rose to his feet again, and then told us that he felt sufficiently recovered to return to camp, which by a short cut across the valley, was about a mile and a half away. His horse, however, was in no fit condition to carry him, but seeing that he now stood tolerably firm on his feet, we made no doubt that he was capable of walking the distance. We withdrew his lance from the body of the lion, and fitting it into the heel-socket upon his boot, slipped the sling of it over his arm; then taking the bridle of the horse in his hand, in this manner he and the animal moved slowly off.

We lingered awhile watching him, till perfectly satisfied that he would do very well, then again mounted our horses and set forward at a brisk trot. The drums and fifes were just shrilling and rattling out the "retreat" tattoo as we entered the camp, so that by the time we had gained our quarters and shifted our attire the mess bugle was ringing its sonorous tones upon the quiet air. And when Captain Angus and I took our seats at table that night we had such a yarn to tell as robbed every other topic of its interest and made our narrow escape the one absorbing subject of conversation.

The lion was stuffed and is still among the most conspicuous objects of furniture in the mess-room of the —— Regiment. A week later the divisional orders contained the announcement that Lance Corporal Watson of the —— Lancers would be promoted to the rank of Corporal "for gallantry in assisting two officers who were pursued by a lion."

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

USEFUL AND INSTRUCTIVE READING FOR THE FARMER.

Wheat Experiments--Cheese and Butter Auctions--Ammonia in Manure--How to Cure and Store Onions.

Wheat Experiments.

Experiments in various methods of feeding wheat have been conducted for a series of years at the Ohio experiment station, with the following results:

In the average of four years' experiment, wheat covered one inch or less has produced at the rate of 34 bushels per acre; that covered two inches has produced 35 bushels, and that covered three inches 34 bushels. Judging from a smaller number of experiments it does not seem advisable to sow deeper than three inches.

In the average of six years, wheat sown with the roller-press drill has yielded about eight per cent more than that sown with the ordinary drill. More or less increase has followed the roller-press in almost every season, but a single trial has given results unfavorable to the use of the common roller after seeding.

Broadcast wheat has this year yielded about the same as that drilled; but in the average of five years the product from broadcast seed is considerably smaller than from the same quantity of seed drilled.

The results of seven years' experiments point clearly to the latter part of September or first of October as the most favorable season for sowing wheat on this farm.

A single experiment, made this year, fails to show any advantage in favor of cross drilling over sewing the same quantity of seed in the ordinary manner.

No larger crop has been produced this year from mixed seed of two varieties sown separately.

The land upon which these experiments were made lies in the valley of the Olentangy, one of the largest branches of the Scioto. The soil is a yellow loam, part first and part second bottom. It is either naturally underdrained with gravel or artificially drained with tiles, and its average yield of wheat for thirteen years has been over twentysix bushels per acre, or an annual acreage of about thirty acres.

Cheese and Butter Auctions.

The latest suggestion for helping dairy farmers to dispose of their produce on good terms and to bring it into prominent competition with foreign goods is to establish auction marts in London and all the great manufacturing towns, for the purpose of holding weekly or daily sales of consignments of cheese and butter from our dairy districts. It is contended that in this way one of the advantages which foreign dairy produce possesses over our town, viz., that retailers always know where to go for a supply in any quantity, will to some extent be removed, and that if farmers only support these places properly, and are willing to make a little sacrifice at the onset in the shape of insufficient returns until the mart gets thoroughly established, and retailers begin regularly to resort to it, an opening would be made for their goods which would be of the greatest service to them. Perhaps the advantage of such auctions to butter makers would be greater than in the case of cheese, for the sale of which there are means already available. At the same time, if the thing answered for the sale of butter, it could not fail to be of some service to the cheesemaker also, who might try it with small lots first, as the same buyers who went there for butter would also, from the nature of their business, be buyers of cheese.—Chester Courant, England.

Ammonia in Manure, a Mistaken Prevalent Opinion.

The prevalent idea that manure contains much ammonia is, according to Bell's Messenger, England, without any foundation. Manure contains the elements of which ammonia is formed during decomposition, viz., nitrogen and hydrogen; but as decomposition is a very slow process, the ammonia is only very slowly evolved. As it is produced, it is in the form of gas, which is dissolved in the water existing in the manure or it combines with the abundant carbonic acid evolved during the decomposition and forms carbonate of ammonia. It is very rare that ammonia can be detected escaping from a manure heap. The fetid odor of a manure pile is not caused by ammonia, but by compounds of sulphur and carbon, the same as those devolved by decaying eggs and rotting cabbages. The ammonia of manure is very slowly disengaged, requiring a year or more before it is all produced and evolved, and as the soil absorbs it freely, there is scarcely any danger of any loss of this valuable part of the manure as it is commonly used. The pungent odor of a horse stable is caused by the escaping ammonia, and farmers loose more of this element of manure in this way in one warm night from an unclean horse stable, than from their manure heaps in a year. A pound of ammonia in manure is worth in England 17 cents, and a tun of manure produces only 12 lbs of it.

How to Cure and Store Onions.

"Joseph," in Farm and Fireside, has the following to say in regard to curing onions and storing them for the winter: Pull the onions just as soon as the majority of the tops have fallen over and begin to waste away. Leave on the ground in windrows until the tops have all dried down, or if rain should threaten, take to an airy loft or barn floor and spread thinly, until fully cured. Then sort, removing all remnants of tops, etc., and try to sell them at an early opportunity, which is much better than to attempt keeping them over winter and running the risk of losing part of the crop by sprouting, rotting, or freezing. But if you are bound to try wintering, you should have a storage room that can be kept at a temperature near the freezing point—say from 35 degrees to 45 degrees Fahrenheit. Put the bulbs in rather open crates, and keep well aired and dry. Onions can also be stored in pits, like potatoes, only guard against heating. It is better to have them freezing than to get too warm. The question of "best" commercial fertilizer for onions can only be answered in a relative manner. When ground is very rich and abundantly supplied with minerals (potash and phosphorus,) nitrate of soda alone may be the best and cheapest fertilizer. In other cases ashes and nitrate of soda may be the best; and a good, high-grade, complete manure, such as our leading fertilizer manufacturers offer under the name of special potato or special onion, or general vegetable manure, is usually safe to apply even in pretty large doses—say a ton or more per acre.

Make Dairying Pay.

If every dairy farmer, whether producing milk for cheese factory, creamery, or city market, would weigh the milk from each cow at every milking, he would learn how few cows he had in his herd that produced a sufficient quantity of milk to pay for the food they consume. And it would enable him to stop one of the greatest losses on his farm. Scarcely a day passes but what we hear it said that the milk producers are losing money, and believe that statements in many cases are true from the fact that where a farmer has a herd of say twenty cows in milk, five of them are producing a quantity of milk which even at a low price would yield the owner a profit, while the other fifteen produce so little milk and of such poor quality that the loss sustained by them more than absorbs the profit of five. This is the same old story which has been told you over and over again; we suggest that you test your cows, find out where the shrinkage is; thus instead of producing milk at a loss, you will soon place yourself in a position where you will be producing milk as a profit, then you will be able to tell your neighbors that dairying pays.—American Dairyman.

A Change for the Better.

Scrub farmer, feeding nothing but hay and straw in a cold barn, what have you to say to the facts given by Mr. J. D. Smith, of Delaware, county, N. Y., who, by changing his system of farming, made the same farm produce 8,304 pounds of butter, when 2,250 pounds was the extent when he lived—as many are living yet—in the "dark ages." As a rule, too, the men who have cows that produce for them 250 pounds of farm butter per annum, don't get more than a "York shilling" per pound for it; when by the time he learns how to make a cow yield 250 or 300 pounds per annum, has also learned to get two "York shillings" per pound for it—largely because he makes the most of it, when butter is scarce and high. The butter income of the same farm on the first basis is $281.25 on the latter basis, $2,076.00. Borrowing money—even of the government, at 2 per cent—to conduct the first kind of farming, would bring a man to bankruptcy at the last.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Milk in a Paper Bag.

A merry-hearted lad, who is often sent on errands of household needs and necessities, discovers a new method of "bringing home groceries and sich." "Here are two pounds of chops, good scant weight," said the grocer to the young man of the family who had brought in an order from his wife; "now for your milk—where's your can?" The young man of the family protested that he hadn't read the order, and had not been equipped with a can. "Never mind," said the grocer; "here, hold on to it," and he dexterously slipped one paper bag inside of another and filliped the corners into place. The two quarts of milk were poured into the inner bag. "The grease in the milk prevents its going through the paper as water would," explained the grocer. "I had hard work to get people to believe that they could carry milk in a bag at first, and let it go at my own risk. I've sent it so half a mile by slow transit; still, I'd advise you not to stop to tell long stories on the way home."

Milk as Human Food.

Milk is one of the most valuable and economical articles for human food. Estimated at twelve pounds per cow daily, the United States produce the bewildering amount of one hundred and fifty billions of pounds of milk per year. And as three pounds of milk are equivalent to one pound of beef in food elements, each inhabitant has in milk one and a half beeves annually. Whereas, in beef, each inhabitant has only four-fifths of one beef per capita. That, as a rule, our people not engaged in severe manual labor consume too much meat, there can be no doubt. Milk, then, will here prove an article of healthful nourishment, a lack of which predisposes to the harmful use of spirits, in the form of beer, wine, rum, or whisky.—American Agriculturist.

Indirect Fertilizers.

There are substances that in themselves do not furnish the plant any needed ingredient for growth, but when applied to the soil assist materially in augmenting the crop. One of the best illustrations of this class of fertilizers is common salt. Lime is another substance rarely lacking in the soil, but when added assists in setting free other substances that are much needed by the growing plants, that otherwise would not have become available for the crop. Water is added in irrigation not as a fertilizer but because it is the great solvent in nature and the vehicle of transfer of the various substances that go to build up a plant when entering it from the soil water.

A Few Hints.

When duck eggs are set under a hen it is best to make the nest on the ground.

Ducks grow faster than chickens, are free from vermin and less liable to disease.

Always have the nests so that the hens can walk into them rather than jump down.

Feed for growth or for eggs and not merely for subsistence if poultry is to pay profit.

Buy your dairy stock of honorable breeders and then hold them responsible for their representations.

The heifer calf from a good cow is worth keeping until it can be determined whether or not the dam has transmitted her good qualities.

If the men do the milking it is a good thing to impress upon them the fact that water is better than milk to wash their hands in. Cleanliness is next to godliness.

Many farmers would make their dairies much more profitable if they would give some hard study to the nature of different grasses, with a view to improving their pastures.

During the first year the feeding of the heifer should be such as would tend toward development of frame rather than to the laying on of flesh. Grass and roots and bulky forage will be of more value than grain or other rich concentrated foods.

Animals Afraid of Thunder.

The editor of the Brunswick Telegraph, who makes chums of all his animals and birds, has noticed that they are often afraid during thunder storms. "One of my horses," he says "would be sometimes awfully frightened during such storms, but would calm down a good deal if I got out of the carriage and stood by her head. The canary one week during a heavy shower was allowed to leave his cage. Some time after he could not be found. Closer search was made and it was found that the little fellow had crept into the bed and hidden under the pillow. He was invited out, came, played around for a while, and as the second shower was on—severer than the first—again disappeared in his hiding place under the pillow." This famed canary is a dainty bird and prefers to eat his food from a tiny china plate with which his cage is supplied. The other day, when a strawberry was tied with a string to the wires of the cage the bird went for the string tugging away until it was broken and the strawberry dropped to the bottom. Then he pulled the berry and placed it in the plate when he ate it.—Lewiston Journal.

REMARKABLE MEMORIES.

Good Memories of Some of our Great Men.

"Memory," said old Fuller, the author of the "Worthies," who himself possessed a wonderful power of reminiscence, "is the storehouse of the mind, wherein the treasures thereof are kept and preserved." It is unquestionably true that, as a rule, great writers have had memories of more than ordinary tenacity and range. The faculty of reminiscence feeds the fires of the imagination, and keeps lucid and orderly the sequence of philosophic thought. How much Milton, for example, profited by his prehensile and trustworthy memory is evident. Not only such poems as "Lycidas," but "Paradise Lost" and "Paradise Regained" are studded with translations and paraphrases of exquisite extracts from the classic poets. We are told that Pascal never forgot anything he had seen, heard or thought. Avicenna could repeat by note the entire koran, when he was 10 years old, and Francis Suarez had the whole of St. Augustine in his memory. In three weeks, Scaliger, the famous scholar, committed to memory every line of the "Iliad" and the "Odyssey." Another scholar, Justus Lipsius, offered to repeat the "Histories" of Tacitus without a mistake on forfeit of his life. Charmides the Greek, according to Pliny, could recite the contents of every book in his library, which was by no means a small one.

Walter Savage Landor also carried his library in his head. When he had read a book he always gave it away on principle, having, as he said, observed that with such a purpose in his mind he was sure to retain of a book all that was worth keeping. In his old age Landos was furious if he did not at once remember any passage of a book, or any name or date. It is well known that Macaulay's memory was prodigious. He could pass from the minutest dates of English history or biograpy to a discussion of the comparative merits of different ancient orators, and repeat whole strophes from the Greek dramatists. He could rehearse every word of every article he had written without prompting. Of M. de Lacepede, a well known French writer on natural history, it is recorded that he composed and corrected his works from beginning to end before he wrote them down. A similar practice is ascribed to Prescott, the American historian, who, it is said, used to compose and finish his narratives in his mind before a word of them was committed to paper.

That man should be able thus to store his own writings in his own memory is harder to understand than that he should recall the writings of another because in the one case every word is immutable, whereas, in the other, nothing is absolutely fixed. It is a significant fact that a powerful memory is more generally coveted than is either the imaginative or the ratiocinative faculty. This is apparently because a strong memory can be turned to so many uses, not only in literature but in the conduct of life.

HISTORY OF THE UMBRELLA.

Its Exact Origin Is Unknown, but It Is Very Ancient.

No one knows whether the umbrella was originally used as a defense against rain or as a screen from the sun, but it seems probable that the first umbrellas were sunshades. In countries where very little clothing is worn rain does not make much difference, but the sun is a power. Why shouldn't the palm leaf be the first sunshade, with its ribs and handles? It hints at the umbrella as well as the fan.

Travelers among the Ainos of Japan often make temporary sunshades of gigantic dock leaves, which are sometimes six feet high, large enough for an account of Gulliver. The umbrella has a very great antiquity. The word itself means a "little shadow," showing that it was named for its protection from the sun in this case. Horace says:

"Among the military standards the sun beholds an Egyptian canopy."

On coins and in the rock-carving of the ancients the umbrella often shows its familar form. This goes to prove that Jonas Hanway did not invent the umbrella, but he saw the value of the eastern sunshade, and soon it became the fashion to carry this article of apparel. There must be a great difference between the umbrella of the eighteenth century and the modern steel-ribbed, silk-covered, slender article which it is regarded as a misfortune to get wet.

The desideratum at present is a portable umbrella. There is a fortune for a man who invents a really good umbrella which can be stowed in a valise or trunk. There is an unpatented Corean umbrella that may fill the bill. When it begins to rain the picturesque and stately Corean swell reaches into his sleeve and produces a folded, oiled-paper affair resembling a fan. This is spread and set over the hat like an extinguisher, and is kept in place by two strings held under the chin. It is not very large, but anything that will cover a Corean hat will keep the rain from a Corean.—Irish Times.

TEA IN AMERICA.

We Are Not a Tea Drinking People--Statistics.

The export of teas from China and Japan to New York for the season of 1889-90 embraced about 81,000,000 pounds. In 1888-89 it was 80,848,700, and in 1887-88 was 85,930,300 pounds. The special review of the chamber of commerce for 1890 omits any general statement of importation consumption or prices. Teas have steadily declined in price, and that with concomitant regret of importer, jobber and broker. The fall in price is alleged to be chiefly due to the large shipments to this country from England and Canada; and these are said to be occasioned by the removal several years ago of the differential duty of 10 per cent by the federal government. Canada, closely protectionist in this matter, compels payment of 10 per cent differential duty on tea warehoused in the United States and then transported thither, even when they were purchased for transportation to her own limits. England ships her surplus to the United States without payment of additional freight, provided it be reshipped within six months after arrival in London. Commercial American hope is that congress will restore the 10 per cent differential duty of teas coming from any other than the land of production. Oolong from the island of Formosa is reported to be the most popular with consumers, although in quality hardly equal to the fine Foochow tea. India and Ceylon teas are chiefly acceptable to educated palates, which do not comprise many of American origin, for the reason that their education has been neglected. Hence the liking for unwonted flavors is not wide-spread. The truth is that Americans are not a tea drinking people, and that the annual per capita consumption of 5½ pounds has been virtually stationary for the past 40 years.

A Fascinating Creature.

Young Barrister: "I have got to pay a visit to the wife of Judge S——; can you tell me what sort of a person she is?"

Attorney: "Ah! A most aimable lady, of such engaging manners, in fact, that, when you have chatted with her for half an hour, you will be so bewitched that you will there and then propose for one of her daughters."—Humoristische Blatter.

If You Wish

To overcome that exteme Tired feeling, or to build up your appetite and purify your blood, take.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Possessing the best known vegetable tonic and alterative properties, it builds up in a perfectly natural way all the weakened parts, purifies and promotes healthy circulation of the blood, and makes you feel real hungry.

LOSS OF APPETITE.

"To all whom it may concern, I will say that for some time I have been troubled with dyspepsia and loss of appetite. Professional advice failing to relieve me, I decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, as I saw it advertised as a good blood purifier. Before I had taken the whole of a bottle the dyspepsia left me and my appetite wonderfully improved. I shall keep

Hood's Sarsaparilla

in my house as a family medicine, and I recommend it to my friends." G. STAMMAN, 19 Lafayette Avenue, Detroit, Michigan.

Strange Effect of a Snake Bite.

The scene was the White Sulphur Springs in the height of the season, several years ago. A circus troupe had been playing there for some days, which numbered among its attractions an Arab snake-charmer. While waiting his turn to "go on" during a performance he was occupied in training a rattlesnake, recently procured in the neighboring mountains. He said afterwards that he had an antidote in case of a snake bite, but had left it by accident at the last stopping place; so when this snake bit him he resorted to the Arab superstition of biting off the head of the snake, hoping by this heroic remedy to save his life. But even this horrible experiment was of no avail, and though two or three physicians came almost instantly to his aid and every available means was made to save him, they soon saw that he was beyond human help, for he began to glide about with all the motions of a snake, biting from side to side as if at grass. He only lived a short time, and after his death what was the horror of all present to find that his body was striped in exact imitation of the loathsome reptile which had caused his death, so fully had the poison penetrated his whole system.—Dallas, Tex., News.

Didn't "Queer" the Preacher.

A clergyman well known to Buffalo people says that when the Lord made him He forgot to put any pegs in his mind on which to hang the names of his acquaintances. He can remember faces, but not names. He became pastor of a large church a few months ago, and after discharging his duties long enough to know his sheep by sight, he was visited one evening by a lady whom he knew well, but whose name he could not, for the life of him, recall. Wishing to be reminded of it without exposing his ignorance he said:

"Let me see, ah—how do you spell your name?"

To which she replied with reproachful dignity:

"S-m-i-t-h."

For a moment the clergyman was floored, but he rallied quickly and escaped rebuke by rejoining:

"Oh; then you don't spell it with a y?"—From the Buffalo Courier.

Montenegro's Sudden Spring.

The "Jack-in-the-box bow is practiced by the Prince of Montenegro, who is said to be the laziest monarch in Europe. The Prince is young and active, but he is too lazy to get on his feet to bow to his subject when they cheer him. So he had a carriage made with powerful strings, under the seat which the Prince always occupied. The artisian who made the springs was afraid they wouldn't be powerful enough, and so he made the strongest springs ever seen in Montenegro.

On the first fete day after the carriage was completed the Prince of Montenegro rode through the streets to his capital. The happy people began to cheer him. He touched a button on the carriage seat, so that he might be lifted to his feet and bow. The seat rose so suddenly and rapidly that it threw the Prince of Montenegro out of his carriage. The accident gave rise to the the false report that an attempt had been made to assassinate him.—New York Journal.

How to Serve Two Masters.

Fruit Packer—"James have you made out that check for my pew rent?"

Bookkeeper—"Yes, sir."

[A pause.]

"James, have you written an order for another lot of pink gauze for the peach baskets?"

"Yes, sir."

"Is it ready to mail?"

"Yes, sir."

Another pause.

"James, see if you've got each one in its right envelope."—Chicago Tribune.

Telegraphing With Cannons.

When the first vessel completed the passage of the then new Erie canal, in 1825, there being no such thing as telegraph in those days, the news was communicated to New York and to Buffalo by cannons placed within hearing of each other all the way long from Albany to each of the other cities. The signal was, passed along in this way from Albany in fifty eight minutes. The experiment was a costly one but was a success in every particular.—St. Louis Republic.



SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE. KY. NEW YORK. N.Y.

AN EYE TO BUSINESS.

Why a Big Man Submitted to Abuse From a Little One.

About midnight one night three men were standing at the corner of Woodward and Jefferson avenues, apparently waiting for a car, says the Detroit Free Press, when a quarrel arose and a little fellow in a gray suit began to berate a much larger man in the most vigorous manner, while the third party acted as a witness:

"You miserable cur," hissed the little fellow, "you—"

"Hold on," expostulated the big one, "you have no——"

"You low-lived scoundrel; you liar; you thief," continued the little man; "you——"

"Say, now, come off," begged the other party.

"You coward," went on the little man, and kept at him in the same style until the big man walked away, followed by the third party, leaving the little man cursing like a trooper.

On the other side of the street the big man stopped and his friend caught up with him.

"What the deuce did you take that sort of talk for?" he exclaimed angrily. "Why didn't you smack him in the mouth?"

"I couldn,t do it," replied the big man.

"You must have been afraid of him, I guess," said the other sarcastically.

"No, I wasn't, but I had good reasons not to hit him."

"What in thunder were they?"

"Well, you see, I just got him this morning to take out an accident policy in a new insurance company I've taken charge of, which pays him $50 a week in case he gets hurt and, by George, I didn't want to queer my own company right on the start by thumping the little cuss out of sight and sticking the company for $300 or $400. Of course I didn't like his talk, but my motto is 'business before pleasure,' and I kept my hands off. See?"

The other man saw, because he had an eye for business himself, and the twain walked off up towards the Campus Martius.

A LARGE rubber vulcanizer, weighing 10 tons, exploded in the works of the Globe Rubber Company at Trenton, N. J., Considerable damage was done to the interior and machinery, and Cobb Bennett a workman, was fatally hurt.

The Stubbornest Things on Earth.

Are facts. As Burns says, "They winna gang." Here's a specimen. It is a fact that despite underhand competition, detraction and imitation, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the leading national specific for malaria, dyspepsia, debility, liver complaint, nervousness, rheumatism, neuralgia and kidney inaction, has not only held its own, but long since outsped all rivals in the race for popularity.

Women are not inventive as a rule. They have no eagerness for new wrinkles.

The October Forum will contain an article on the prevalence of gambling in the United States, in which an effort is made to calculate the enormous proportions of the "business." The writer will present much evidence to show that we are a nation of gamblers.

In diving to the bottom of pleasures we bring up more gravel than pearls.

The series of articles on American Industries in the Popular Science Monthly will be continued in the October number with a fully illustrated account of THE MANUFACTURE OF STEEL, by WILLIAM F. DURFEE, giving the history of the industry from colonial times to the introduction of the Bessemer process.

A politician left alone with his conscience sees mighty little company.

Soreness in body or limbs, promptly relieved by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment used external.

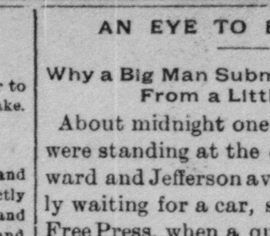
Woman's sweet disposition is always shown by her husband's long hair.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Many handkerchiefs are moistened by sorrows that never occur.

The Only One Ever Printed.

CAN YOU FIND THE WORD? There is a 3 inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS or SAMPLES FREE.



INFANTILE SKIN & SCALP DISEASES CURED BY Cuticura

EVERY HUMOR OF THE SKIN AND Scalp of infancy and childhood, whether torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, or blotchy, with loss of hair, and every impurity of the blood, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, is speedily, permanently, and economically cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, consisting of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Parents, save your children years of mental and physical suffering.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by Potter Drug and Chemical Corporation, Boston.

Send for "How to cure Skin Diseases."

Baby's skin and scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

Kidney pains, backache, and muscular rheumatism relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. 25c.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

The Soap for Hard Water is Lenox.

Advice to the Aged.

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and bladder and torpid liver.

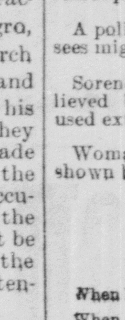
Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, giving natural discharges without straining or griping, and

IMPARTING VIGOR

to the kidneys, bladder and liver. They are adapted to old or young.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.



LEWIS' 98 % LYE

Powdered and Perfumed.

(PATENTED.)

Strongest and *purest* Lye made. Makes the *best* perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes *without boiling*. It is the best for softening water, cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc.

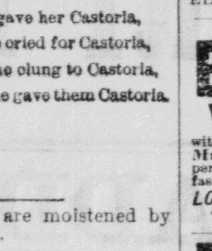
PENNA. SALT MFG. CO.,
Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

Ely's Cream Balm

is worth $500 to any Man, Woman or Child suffering from

CATARRH.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St. N.Y.



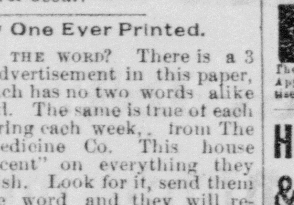
BORE WELLS

with our famous Well Machinery. The only perfect self-cleaning and fast-dropping tools in use.

LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

THE "OHIO" WELL DRILL

Catalogue FREE.



ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS

The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. ALLEN, Druggist & Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

HAY FEVER & ASTHMA CURED TO STAY CURED.

We want the name and address of every sufferer in the U. S. and Canada. Address, P. Harold Hayes, M.D., Buffalo, N.Y.

N. W. N. U. 1891 No 39

IN 15 MINUTES.



I suffered severely with face neuralgia, but in 15 minutes after application of ST. JACOBS OIL was asleep; have not been troubled with it since.

No return since 1882. F. B. ADAMS, Perry, Mo.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

25 CTS

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT to A. J. SAWYER & CO. MINNEAPOLIS OR DULUTH.

AND COARSE GRAIN

Highest Prices! Prompt Returns! Liberal Advances!

We also have the very best facilities for placing trades for future delivery in all markets.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

PIANO VOICE ORGAN

THE NORTHWESTERN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, 608 1-2 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

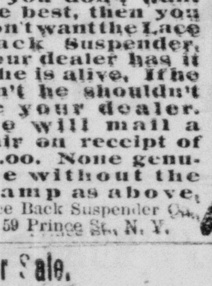
All Orchestral Instruments, Musical Education Elocution, Languages. BEST TEACHERS Tuition Low. Send for Catalogue. Fall Term opens, September 7th.

CLARENCE A. MARSHALL, Director.

CARPENTER'S AUTOMATIC LACE BACK. PATENTED AUG 3 88

IF

You don't want comfort. If you don't wish to look well dressed If you don't want the best, then you don't want the Lace Back Suspender. Your dealer has it if he is alive. If he isn't he shouldn't be your dealer. We will mail a pair on receipt of $1.00. None genuine without the stamp as above, Lace Back Suspender Co., 59 Prince St., N. Y.



For Sale,

One Hundred Dozen,

Printed & Hem Stitch Handkerchiefs

Special Price, 6 for 25 cents.

Write at once and Secure some of these Bargains.

Illustrated sheet of Fall & Winter Cloaks and samples of Superb line of Dress Goods sent post free on application.

Mention this paper and address.

R. S. GOODFELLOW & Co.
MINNEAPOLIS.

DR. HARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

TRADE MARK

DO NOT GRIPE NOR SICKEN.

Sure cure for SICK HEADACHE, impaired digestion, constipation, torpid glands. They arouse vital organs, remove nausea, dizziness. Act like magic on Kidneys and bladder. Conquer bilious nervous disorders. Establish natural DAILY ACTION.

ACTUAL SIZE.

Beautify complexion by purifying blood. PURELY VEGETABLE.

The dose is nicely adjusted to suit case, as one pill can never be too much. Each vial contains 42, carried in vest pocket, like lead pencil. Business man's great convenience. Taken easier than sugar. Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Crescent."

Send 2-cent stamp. You get 32 page book with sample.

DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MEN BE MANLY

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.

Use it and pay if satisfied.

Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT BARLEY AND RYE

To WOODWARD & COMPANY, Minneapolis or Duluth.

LADIES

Wishing to Buy Dress Goods in the Latest Styles will do well to examine our New Fall Stock.

HENRY I. COHEN
HAS OPENED UP
HIS
COMPLETE STOCK
All New
OF
FALL AND WINTER
Jackets, Wraps
AND
CLOAKS.
Call and Look at Them.
HENRY I. COHEN,
Dry Goods and Notions.

Wishing to Buy Trimmings for our Finer and Medium Dress Goods Will find it to their advantage to call on us. We have a Large Variety.

HENRY I. COHEN.

N. McFADDEN,
DRUGGIST.
DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!
Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.
Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.
Night Bell. 86 Front St

Sanborns' Restaurant.
CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.
REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.
BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.
Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

LARSON & WALTERS,
—DEALERS IN—
Anthracite & Bituminous Coal,
Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.
Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,
The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market.
Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Brainerd Dispatch.
Official Paper
Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job-printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

J. J. Kennedy, of Duluth, was in the city yesterday.

John Hughes, of West Duluth, is in the city to-day.

Hon. J. C. Flynn, of Little Falls, was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Girl wanted for general house work. Enquire at McFadden's drug store.

L. D. Beach has gone to Ojata, N. D., to be absent three or four weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Cole returned from their eastern trip last Saturday night.

Prof. Wm. Bartsch and Joe Keibler have gone to Winnipeg for a three weeks' visit.

Mrs. C. J. Husted, nee Genevieve Paine, of Staples, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Paine, in this city.

A. Rosenberg, proprietor of the Brainerd cigar factory, transacted business in Grand Rapids this week. —Eagle.

Rev. W. H. Ware, of LeRoy, Minn., will preach in the Presbyterian church Sunday, Sept. 27th, at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

Some thief helped himself to a pocket-book containing $30, belonging to Mrs. Rogan, of East Brainerd, last night.

Rice's comedians in the "Firemen's Ward" at the opera house to-night and to-morrow night. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

A. F. Ferris, administrator of the estate of F. G. Sundberg, on Saturday last sold the jewelry business to Mrs. Sundberg.

Mrs. W. A. Fleming left Brainerd on this morning for Peoria, Ill., where she will remain several weeks visiting her parents.

Mrs. N. M. Paine left Brainerd on Monday evening for Chicago, where she will spend several weeks visiting friends and relatives.

The Brainerd fire department has been invited to attend the annual parade of the Little Falls department in that city next week.

Rev. J. W. Frizzell goes to Watertown, Wis., to-day, where he will occupy the pulpit of the Congregational church next Sunday.

Eugene Smith, formerly of this city but now traveling salesman for Kuhles & Stock, is laid up with a serious attack of rheumatism.

Miss Ella McGinnis, who has been visiting her brother, J. F. McGinnis, in this city for several weeks, returned to her home at Caledonia, Minn., on Thursday morning.

A Washington special of Sept. 20th, says star mail service has been established between Vineland and Garrison, Minn., twice a week to begin October 1st.

Services at the M. E. church next Sunday morning at 10:30, subject, "Looking Forward." Evening services at 8 o'clock, subject, "Looking Backward." You are always welcome. Rev. C. H. Treglawney will preach.

A grand ball will be given at the roller rink to-night for the benefit of the newly organized N. P. Fire Brigade. Dresskell's orchestra will furnish music for the occasion. A good time is anticipated. Tickets $1. Let everybody attend.

The Minnesota annual conference will hold its session, beginning Sept. 30th, at Red Wing, Minn., Bishop Merrell will preside. The lay electoral conference will meet on Friday afternoon, Oct. 2nd. Mrs. A. Bardsley is Brainerd's delegate, Wm. Priest reserve.

The Wadena Pioneer says: The new M. E. church at Park Rapids will be dedicated on Sept. 20th, Rev. C. H. Treglawney, of Brainerd, will preach the dedicatory sermon. A number of other clergymen will be present and assist in conducting the service.

The literary and musical entertainment at the opera house on Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church, was an unqualified success financially and otherwise. Quite a neat little sum was realized for the benefit of the church.

The sewing society of the Norwegian-Danish Luthern church will hold an auction and festival at the church, corner of Oak and Tenth streets, to-morrow (Saturday) evening. A good supper will be served. A large number of fine and fancy articles will be disposed of. All are invited to attend.

Thos. Smith, of Brainerd, cousin of Mr. J. G. Smith, of this city, and formerly clerk in Young & Bradford's store, was in this city to-day, and he and Register of Deeds Emmel, with whom he formerly worked, had a jolly time going over old times. They had not seen each other in fourteen years. —St. Cloud Journal Press.

To one not familiar with the situation, the appearance of "Som" Alderman's countenance on Monday morning was a puzzle. It was wreathed with smiles which would now and then develop into a positive grin as he met some passing acquaintance, but the offer of a fragrant Havana would dispel the mystery, and prove conclusively that only the arrival of a fine healthy son and heir could produce such smiles, or call forth such fragrant Havanas. "Som," old boy, accept our congratulations.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Northern Pacific Trains.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 9 arrives from Duluth at 11:56 p. m., daily. Goes West at 12:01 midnight.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:00 p. m., daily. Goes West at 8:05 p. m.

No. 6 Goes South at 5:30 a. m., except Sunday.

No. 10 arrives from the West at 3:25 a. m. daily Goes East to Duluth at 3:35 a. m.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 3:25 p. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 3:30 p. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 6:45 a. m., and connects at Little Falls with No. 4 for St. Paul.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:15 p. m., except Sunday.

Nos. 9 and 10 run between Duluth & Wahpeton.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:05 p. m.

No. 55 freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 2:45 p. m. Goes West at 3:15 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:15 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

The Big "9,"

Are showing a more complete stock of boots and shoes than ever was shown in Brainerd and better value. Come in and see them. Custom work and repairing as usual.

R. F. Walters,
Sixth Street.

Carpets, oil cloth rugs, mats, window curtains, at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Gents' summer neckwear cheap, at Day's.

Men's and boy's odd pants, new and large line just in at Day's

Things Worth Remembering.

That it is dangerous to stand near a tall tree or spire during a thunder storm; that the southwest corner of the cellar is the "cyclone safety-point;" that there is no medicine so universally applicable to sickness as fresh air and sunshine; that blowing out the gas, before retiring, is funny —to everybody, except the man who tries it; that you may swear as hard as you please, but it will not remove grease spots; that the Wisconsin Central is the most popular route to Milwaukee, Chicago, and points East and South.—Jan. 2, '92.

Fine Clothing Made to Order.

Our new samples for fall and winter wear have just been received. Call and inspect them and leave your order at Geo. N. Day's.

One Boy.

That is willing to work a little for his board and spending money, and wants to go to school. Enquire at Hoffman's, corner Front and 5th Sts.

You will get about five bars more soap for your dollar at The Enterprise than you can get by trading at the old high price grocers.

We have just received a large invoice of baby carriages, at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Paints, oils, varnishes, and every thing in the paint line, D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Call for the "Henrietta," the best ladies' $2 kid shoe in the world, at Day's.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

Gents' summer neckwear, large assortment reduced to 25 cents at Day's

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

A DISASTROUS COLLISION.

An Incoming Freight and a Switch Engine Collide in Front of the N. P. Sanitarium.

Both Engines and Three Cars Demolished, But No Lives Lost.

About three o'clock Saturday afternoon an incoming freight train drawn by engine No. 723, and switch engine No. 76, collided immediately in front of the Sanitarium in this city with terrific force, completely demolishing both engines and one car loaded with wheat, and derailing two other cars, besides tearing up the track for a considerable distance. Just how the accident occurred, and who is at fault, is not yet known, although it is claimed the immediate cause was the failure of the air brakes on the freight.

It seems, from what we could learn, Switch engine No. 76, with Engineer H. R. Stebbie in charge, was switching a long train-load of wheat at the west end of the yards, and had pulled out on the main track nearly across the bridge, when the freight came in sight around the curve just beyond the Sanitarium, moving about 8 or 10 miles an hour. The engineer on the switch engine seeing that he could not stop and back out of the way of the swiftly coming freight, and knowing that a collision was inevitable, pulled right ahead a few rods so that the meeting would not occur on the bridge which probably saved the bridge and all the cars in both trains. The engineer of the freight, on seeing the switch engine, applied the air brakes, but for some reason or other they would not work, so the train sped on with undiminished speed to the horror of the trainmen, who, realizing that a collision could not be averted, jumped off in time to save their lives. The freight engine struck the switch engine with terrific force, completely destroying the front end of the boiler and turning it side ways on the track; and then as the weight of the heavy train of wheat was added to the shock, the forward end of the freight engine was forced up on the debris of the wrecked switch engine, which had been thrown cross-ways of the track, with the tender in the Sanitarium yard. The engineer of the switch engine, on reaching the other end of the bridge, stopped his engine, and with the fireman also jumped off just in time to escape the wreck. The crash of the two engines was distinctly heard all over town, which, with the noise made by the steam escaping from a broken whistle of one of the engines, soon brought a large crowd of people from the city to view the wreck. As the wrecking trains were not available for several hours, a track was laid about the wreck as soon as possible, and by 8 o'clock that evening the running of trains around the wreck was commenced. The wreck was cleared away on Sunday and Monday, considerably over a day being required to do the work. All the men on the two trains are at work as usual, except George Gavin, the engineer of the freight, who has resigned, and who is generally considered at fault. It is reported that the speed recorder of the freight showed a speed of 28 miles an hour just a moment before the accident occurred, but this cannot be verified.

It is exceedidgly fortunate that the switch engineer had sufficient presence of mind to run forward a few feet so that the collision took place on the bank of the river instead of on the bridge, for had it occurred on the bridge, not only both trains, but probably the bridge itself and the men on the switch engine would have gone down about 80 feet to the bottom of the river. As it was, it is the worst wreck that has occurred in this immediate vicinity since the bridge went down in 1877. The loss to the company is estimated to be $15,000.

Asked to Resign.

The special committee appointed by the council to investigate the charges against City Clerk Murphy and Chief of Police Barron reported at the meeting Monday evening. The report was quite exhaustive and discussed each charge, there being seven in each charge. In regard to the chief of police the committee recommended that Mr. Barron hand in his resignation to Mayor Hagberg immediately. The charges against the clerk were sustained by the committee in three or four instances, and the report recommended that the council forthwith ask Mr. Murphy for his resignation, and that a committee be appointed to audit his accounts. The council in each case adopted the reports by a vote of eight to two. The Dispatch would have been glad to publish the committee report in order that the public could understand the matter more fully, but the committee saw fit to have the report kept out of the papers, for the present at least. It is quite probable that Mayor Hagberg will not ask Mr. Barron for his resignation until he is convinced to his own satisfaction that he has overstepped the bounds of his office, and there is liable to be a merry little war before the matter is settled amicably to all parties interested.

Crow Wing County Fair.

Yesterday was the first day of the Crow Wing County Fair, but owing to the drizzling rain yesterday morning no entries to speak of were made and nothing was done. No exhibits by our merchants were taken down to the grounds until this morning. Nearly all of our merchants will have exhibits, among the best we might mention the exhibits of Geo. N. Day, Campbell & Smith, Henry I. Cohen, and others. There will be a very fine exhibit from the Crow Wing county poor farm, and the farmers generally, we understand, are making a determined effort to beat last year's exhibition of farm produce and live stock. To-morrow will be the best day, and there will undoubtedly be a large attendance from the city in the afternoon, as the shops will close down. Let everybody attend and swell the crowd. A full report will appear in our next issue.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Call at C. H. Paine & Co.'s for any kind of nice fresh cheese.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Grim Reaper.

John Fitzgerald, a lumberman employed by the Northern Mill Co., died in their camp No. 4, on Sunday, of heart failure. His body was brought to Losey & Dean's undertaking rooms in this city on Monday, where it was embalmed and shipped to Hasson, Minn., the home of the deceased.

Mrs. Guru Peterson, wife of Erick Peterson, who lives on east Norwood street, died on Tuesday of consumption, aged 33 years. The funeral services were conducted at the Norwegian Lutheran church yesterday afternoon, Rev. Rohrwick officiating. Her remains were buried in Evergreen Cemetery.

On Wednesday afternoon Esta M. Hunt, aged 3 years and 11 months, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hunt, of East Brainerd, died from the effects of scarlet fever, with which four children in Mr. Hunt's family were prostrated about a month ago. Two children died at the time, and now the bereaved parents are called upon to suffer the loss of another from this dread disease. Her remains were buried yesterday in Evergreen Cemetery.

Mrs. Delia Grace, nee Mrs. Frank Patterson, died at the Windsor hotel in this city on Tuesday, Sept. 22nd, of typhoid fever, aged 48 years. The lady has resided in this city for several years, and was the wife of Engineer Frank Patterson, who deserted her and is now living in St. Paul. She was divorced from Mr. Patterson only last week. She has no relatives here, but has a sister living in Minneapolis, to whom she willed her residence property opposite the opera house on Eighth street. Her remains were buried in Evergreen Cemetery yesterday afternoon, Rev. Fr. E. J. Lawlor conducting the services.

Miss Lotta Grandelmyer is visiting friends in Minneapolis this week.

Mrs. Henry Robinson spent last week at Hamlin, Minn., visiting with relatives and friends.

Miss Maggie Meekins, who has been visiting friends at Minneapolis for the past two weeks, returned on Sunday last.

Mrs. John Cullen and Miss Joseph Pauley, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mrs. Jas. Cullen, Sr., in East Brainerd, this week.

Miss Mary Reinstadtler was pleasantly surprised at her home on Second Avenue, in East Brainerd, last Friday evening, by a large party of her young friends, the occasion being her eighteenth birthday. She was the recipient of several very handsome presents. The evening was spent at games, dancing, and other amusements. Refreshments were served.

Teachers' Certificates.

At the examination of teachers, held at the close of the recent Teachers' Institute in this city, certificates were issued as follows:

Second Grade—Mr. S. Van Vliet. Miss Caroline M. Rich, Miss Madora E. Dresser and Miss Hulda Klatte.

Third Grade—Mrs. H. H. Mann, Miss Bertha Curtis, Miss Sarah Nichols. Miss Bethie Prince, Miss Belle Phelps, Miss Nettie Flint, Miss Mattie Rickerson and Mr. Judson Dye.

Fall Term of Court.

District court opened on Monday morning with Judge Holland presiding, and bids fair to continue during the coming week. The grand jury completed its labors on Tuesday night, having found indictments against James McElroy for assault in the second degree, and against Mrs. Geo. Barclay for selling liquor without a license. No indictments were found against the men, Ellis and Provost, who were held for the murder of Paddy Ryan. Three civil cases have been disposed of. In the case of Fred Slipp vs G. G. Hartley, a verdict was given to the plantiff. In the case of R. H. Paine, receiver, vs Joe Slipp, a verdict was found for the defendant. In the case of J. S. Gardner vs F. J. Reid, a verdict was found for the plaintiff, giving him possession of a mare and harness, and giving the defendant possession of a cow or her equivalent, $25.

Rice's Comedians.

The attraction at the Grand last night was Rice's Comedians in the sensational comedy, "The Firemen's Ward." The play is a beautiful story of misfortune, love and heroism, which is arranged to admit laughable comedy features and specialties. Little Nell, the Firemen's ward, is a homeless waif, and grows up under the care of Relief Fire Co. No. 1, of which Jack Herndon is chief. Jack naturally falls in love with the ward. In the meantime the villain, insane from the supposed shame of Nell's mother, sets fire to the house in which Nell resides. The fire scene is extremely realistic, and no better transformation scene could be prepared than when the can of powder placed in the house by the incendiary explodes, and the immense brick walls fall to the ground, leaving but a mass of ruins. In the meantime Jack heroically rescues the Firemen's Ward from her danger. The rescue is so admirably performed as to elicit involuntary and rapturous applause from the audience completely carried away by the heroism of the fireman. The last act—the Firemen's picnic—is replete with fun and catchy songs and dances. The company is strong, and each of them is especially strong in comedy. The audience last night, by their applause and enthusiasm expressed their approval of the play and the company. — Des Moines Daily Register.

At the opera house, Friday and Saturday evenings, Sept. 25th and 26th. Usual prices.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Lost.

One red and white cow, weighing 900 pounds, right horn growing down under her ear. Last seen near Pegg farm. Information concerning her whereabouts will be liberally rewarded. Address B. C. M. Co.
Brainerd.

Brick, Limberger, Swiss, Full Cream, } CHEESE.

Just received fresh at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market.

Lost! Reward!!

Lost on Tuesday, Sept. 15th, a roan heifer, probably strayed away to calf. A liberal reward will be given for information leading to her return.

J. T. Sanborn,
City Hotel.

Lost.—A gold headed umbrella with the name "F. G. Hall" engraved upon it. Finder please return the same to this office and a suitable reward will be given.

The celebrated "Swedish Knackebread" for sale only at The Enterprise.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

A special bargain in ladies' fine kid button shoes at $1.50, at Day's.

Farm for Sale.

Or will trade for improved city property. Farm located one mile west of Brainerd. Good land, plenty of wood, water, hay, etc. Call on or address,

W. J. Davenport,
Brainerd, Minn.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's.

L. J. Cale has opened a new stock of dry goods next to the post-office.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.
A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Used in Millions of Homes—
40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.
No other baking powder does such work.

FOR 40 YEARS DR. WM.
HALL'S BALSAM!
FOR THE LUNGS.
Has been a never failing family remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, "La-Grippe," Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pneumonia, Catarrh, Influenza, Acute and Chronic Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side and Breast, Spitting of Blood, and all diseases of the
Throat Chest and Lungs.
Leading CONSUMPTION.
—TO—
DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM contains no opium, morphine, nor any deleterious drug. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by disease, and prevents night sweats and tightness across the chest. It is pleasant to the taste. Be sure and ask for DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM and take no other.
For Sale By All Druggists.
PRICE 25c., 50c., $1.00.
Dr. WM. HALL CO., NEW YORK.
For sale by Johnson & Bain, Brainerd

(First publication Sept. 25.)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert G. Matteson, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Melissa Matteson, of Cayuga County, New York, representing, among other things, that Robert G. Matteson, late of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1882, at Brainerd, Minnesota, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving property within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Charles H. Scott granted.

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on Monday, the 12th day of October, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m., at the office of the Judge of Probate in the Court House, in this county.

Ordered furthe , That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated the 24th day of September, A. D. 1891.

[Seal.] By the Court,
MILTON McFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney for Petitioner.

Farm For Sale
I HAVE AN
IMPROVED FARM
Which I offer for sale on terms to suit purchaser.
70 Acres Meadow.
6 Acres Improved.
The land lies in S. 14, T. 45, R. 29. Apply at this office or S. BUSH.

Campbell & Smith
We invite your
SPECIAL NOTICE
—TO OUR—
CLOAK DEPARTMENT
Exclusive Designs,
Exclusive Values,
Perfect Fitting,
Perfect Goods.
FUR CAPES AND MUFFS.
The most complete line of the above EVER SHOWN IN BRAINERD.
Jackets, Reefers, Plush Sacks,
All the new shapes shown in garments. We solicit your inspection of this department. Always pleased to show you, Yours Truly,
CAMPBELL & SMITH.

A. J. DEMEULES,
FIRE INSURANCE
20—OLD LINE COMPANIES—20
Real Estate, Loans, Rents and COLLECTIONS
—AGENT FOR THE—
United States Accident Association.

New Cash Store!
Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices!
We are now located in our NEW QUARTERS on the east side of Sixth street, and are prepared to astonish the public in the matter of prices. Get prepared for the shock,
We will sell for Cash and defy competition.
H. McGINN.

DRUGS! DRUGS!
JOHNSON & BAIN, DRUGGISTS.
FRONT STREET, CORNER SEVENTH.
Try our SEMPER IDEM CREAM, for chapped hands or any roughness of the skin.
Try our No. 2 Cough Syrup for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Remember we have a complete line of Mixed Paints, Varnishes, Floor Paint, Paint Brushes, Etc., Etc.

Money at 10 per Cent. Straight
TO Loan on Real Estate.
WE CHARGE NO BONUS OR COMMISSION.
Also Loan on Chattel Security on Favorable Terms.
A. L. HOFFMAN.
Cor. Fifth and Front Streets, Brainerd.
City and County Orders Bought.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO. LESSEE
RUN
FAST TRAINS with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleepers Dining Cars and Coaches of latest design, between CHICAGO and MILWAUKEE and ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.
FAST TRAINS with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleepers, Dining Cars and Coaches of latest design, between CHICAGO and MILWAUKEE and ASALAND and DULUTH.
Through Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room and Tourists Sleepers via the Northern Pacific Railroad between CHICAGO and PORTLAND, OREGON, and TACOMA, WASH.
Convenient Trains to and from Eastern, Western, Northern and Central Wisconsin points, affording unequaled service to and from Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Hurley, Wis., and Ironwood and Bessemer Mich.
For tickets, sleeping car reservations, time tables and other information, apply to Agents of the line, or to tickets Agents anywhere in the United States or Canada.
S. R. Ainslie, General Manager, Chicago, Ill.
J. M. Hannaford, Gen. Traffic Manager, St. Paul.
H. C. Barlow, Traffic Manager, Chicago, Ill.
Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

PENSIONS
THE DISABILITY BILL IS A LAW.
Soldiers Disabled Since the War Are
ENTITLED. Dependent widows and parents now dependent whose sons died from effects of army service are included. If you wish your claim speedily and successfully prosecuted, address,
James Tanner.
Late Commissioner of Pensions,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST.
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

McGill College, Montreal, Quebec, March 8, 1883.—This is to certify that I have examined the formula and prescribed Dr. LeDuc's Periodical Pills, of Paris, France. I have concluded that if this combination will not excite the menses, that there is nothing in medicine that will do it, it is a 11½ grain amenagogue, containing all the well known harmless drugs that act upon the generative system. I know them to be positively harmless and safe for all kinds of suppress on from any cause. I have used them in my practice for the last four years, and found that the most stubborn cases yield. Yours, R. L. KYDD, M. D. 82 or 3 for $5. American Pill Co., Royalty Prodrietors, Spencer, Ia. The genuine French Pill only obtained of N. McFADDEN, Brainerd, Minn.